THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 14. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

LOCAL CAMPAIGN

Necessity of Registration by Lowell Democrats.

OVER 2000 ELIGIBLE VOTERS TO BE REGISTERED.

Registration Will Open Monday Evening.

A careful examination of the checklists posted throughout the city and of the precinct books together with a careful canvass of four wards, reveals the fact that there are more than 2000 democrats in Lowell whose names are not on the list.

This is the result in part of the careless registration for the past three or four years. The party has not been anywhere near fully registered since 1892. It will be difficult to get all the names on this year, but if it is to be attempted it must be done right away.

Registration commences next Monday evening at 7 o'clock and continues till 9 o'clock.

Let every democrat examine the list, see if his name is on and if not get it put on at once. If any information or assistance is needed call at democratic headquarters, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets, Wentworth block.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

The Millionaire.

Dan Sully opens in Music hall next Monday with his great melodrama "The Millionaire." Dan is one of the best Irish comedians on the stage and his new character, "O'Brien the Contractor," is a type that everyone will want to see, as it is characterized one of the best bits of work Mr. Sully has ever done. His company is a fine one and the play is full of thrilling realism. The building of a railroad track on the stage, the strike in the railroad gang, the explosion in Rocky Gorge and other scenes are splendidly done. The play is full of rich humor and is one that is certain of a great success, as it has played to crowded audiences wherever presented. Dan Sully has been seen here before with "Corner Grocery" and his reputation is well known.

James Reilly will open tonight at Music hall as Unser Max in the "German Soldier," a farce comedy of the rollicking kind, full of song, humor, dance and comedy, interspersed with touches of feeling, all carrying on a pretty love story.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Sherman, J.

In the case of McNabb vs. Rowland yesterday, the jury after three hours deliberation returned a verdict for the defendant.

The case of Matles vs. Cheney took up the entire session yesterday.

Burned His Hands.

A workman employed in repairing telephone wires at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets yesterday spilled some naptha over his hand while attempting to ignite a naptha lamp. It caught fire and his hand was badly burned.

Four coat makers wanted at Cavanaugh & Dissault's, corner Central and Middle street.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
293 Central Street.

TELEPHONE To WILLIAM COGGER, 23 Concord street, for a load of mill kindling or slabs, at $1.00 a load. Telephone No. 153—3.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the
Best Spring Tonic
Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

2 O'CLOCK

IN THE CAMPAIGN

Crane Beats Winslow in the Caucuses.

THE O'SULLIVAN-ATKINSON DEBATE AT BROOKLINE.

Fusion May Carry Illinois for Bryan.

Boston, Sept. 17.—The Republicans held caucuses last night in a large number of the cities and towns of the commonwealth, and while there was no opposition to the nomination of Lieutenant Governor Wolcott for governor, there was a spirited contest for the lieutenant governorship between W. M. Crane of Dalton and S. E. Winslow of Worcester. Returns from a majority of the caucuses held show that Mr. Crane has a long lead over his opponent, and should the cities and towns which hold caucuses tonight give him the same relative support, he will undoubtedly win. Fifteen cities have already returned 215 delegates in Crane's favor, to 79 for Winslow. In Boston, where it was supposed that Winslow was especially strong, Crane has already 100 delegates, while not a ward in those which have been heard from have elected a Winslow supporter. The towns, also have, with few exceptions, elected Crane delegates, and he has made inroads in Winslow's own county, Worcester. There were also a number of warm contests in the congressional districts, but all were overshadowed by the bitter fight in the Tenth district, between Congressman Harrison H. Atwood and Rev. Samuel J. Barrows. This contest for a month past has been of a personal character, and Mr. Atwood's former record, as city architect of Boston, has been severely criticised. The caucuses in the district were the largest ever held, and in a number of wards additional ballot boxes were required. The contest is a very close one and the final result is unsettled. Two to one was the record in the lieutenant governorship fight in favor of W. M. Crane, this morning. There had been received up to 4 o'clock returns from 49 towns, 18 cities and 12 wards of Boston, showing that Mr. Crane had to his credit 557 delegates, while 250 had been chosen favorable to Colonel Samuel E. Winslow. Still later figures show that Congressman Atwood was snowed under. Barrows' delegates were elected in wards 12, 14, 17, 19, 20 and 24. This ensures him the Republican nomination by an overwhelming majority.

Fusion in Illinois.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—The last obstacle to the contemplated fusion on the presidential electors in Illinois between the Silver Democrats and Populists has been removed, and fusion finally effected. At the meeting of the Democratic state central committee yesterday, Chairman Hinrichsen announced that he had received the resignations of three of the Democratic electoral candidates, Thomas Carey, George P. Foster and George M. Lecrone. Lieutenant Governor Gill's resignation for the electoral vote was also received, but this was referred to the executive committee. The resignations of Messrs. Carey, Foster and Lecrone were accepted, and their places on the electoral ticket will be given to Populists—H. S. Taylor, Herman Alschuler and H. E. Taubeneck. On the state ticket, W. F. Beck's resignation, as nominee for auditor, was accepted, and A. L. Maxwell, the Populist nominee, named in his place.

The Atkinson-O'Sullivan Debate.

Brookline, Mass., Sept. 17.—A joint debate took place last night, in the town hall, between Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan of Lawrence and Edward Atkinson of this town, the money question being the subject. There was a large gathering present. Mr. O'Sullivan opened the debate, and consumed 40 minutes in presenting his view on the silver side of the question. Mr. Atkinson's argument occupied the same time, and was not so flowerly or so filled with sarcasm as Mr. Sullivan's. He confined himself closely to statistics and what he called "facts." The last 15 minutes of the debate were spent in replying to one another's questions, much to the delight of the audience.

Everybody Turned Out.

Minneapolis, Sept. 17.—One of the largest political demonstrations ever witnessed in the northwest was that held here last night, upon the occasion of Bourke Cockran's address in this city. The parade which took place before the meeting was three miles long. At Exposition hall, where the meeting took place, not one-third of the people who applied for admission could be seated, although the capacity of the building is about 10,000.

PERSONAL.

Miss Madeline Hoar has returned from Franklin, where she spent her vacation.

Mrs. Edward Crawford and Miss Maud Taylor of Somersworth, N. H., are the guests of their cousins, the Misses Maher of West Third street.

FUSION IN NEW YORK STATE

Democrats and Populists Unite for Bryan and Sewall.

Silver Men in the Nutmet State Declare for the Chicago Ticket—Thacher for Governor of New York—Sargent Named in Connecticut.

Buffalo, Sept. 17.—The completion of the first day's session of the Democratic state convention has not disturbed in any great measure the forecast that had been prepared. The conditions, however, are rather interesting, because of the internal fights which, while good natured upon their surface, are not wanting in internal bitterness. The principal strife is to prevent the adoption of the unit rule, and to prevent thereby the nomination of any candidate without a fair, open fight. Particularly are the friends of Mr. Sulzer striving to this end, and in order to combat the general sentiment in favor of the nomination of Mr. Thacher, they gave out a statement claiming that Mr. Sulzer had secured pledges from 160 of the delegates, and that Mr. Thacher, in view of these facts had decided to withdraw. At the Thacher headquarters this latter statement was branded as a falsehood, and in a defiant sort of attitude the Thacher people dared the Sulzer adherents to publish a list of their claims. It is reasonably certain that the ticket will be:

For governor, John Boyd Thacher of Albany; lieutenant governor, ex-Mayor Ryan of Syracuse; judge of the court of appeals, Robert C. Titus of Buffalo; chairman of state committee, Elliott F. Danforth of Chenango; national committeeman, Frank Campbell of Steuben.

This slate has not been decided upon without hourly opposition, and this opposition is so bitter that while the certainty of the ticket is almost established, complications may arise which will change any na upon the ticket, with the possible exc on of Judge Titus.

The friends of Mr. Sulzer claim that Mr. Thacher is hourly growing more unpopular with the silver element in the convention, and they argue that the support of Mr. Grady, Senator Hill and a few others may lead to a revulsion of feeling that will succeed in defeating him, and carry Mr. Sulzer in upon a popular wave.

The situation regarding the lieutenant governorship is equally interesting. Those who are in control of the convention have very kindly offered to Kings county the nomination. Kings county accepted the trust, but after offering it to half a dozen prominent citizens, discovered that nobody really wanted it, and after a heated controversy in their own delegation decided that they did not have a candidate. Onondaga county, concluding that the nomination of Thacher was inevitable, decided to put their gubernatorial candidate, Mayor Ryan, in the race for lieutenant governor, and now he is the most formidable candidate.

The committee on resolutions meeting was as likely a one as has occurred at any convention during the year. The suggestions for a platform presented were of a most varied and radical nature. The committee itself is about evenly divided upon the financial question, and while a large majority agree that the Chicago ticket and platform should be endorsed, the strength of the endorsement is a matter of the deepest controversy. But even that has not caused as much friction as has the adoption of some other proposed planks. Those of the committee who are favorable to Mr. Hill are working strenuously to prevent the adoption of a plank favoring an income tax. The labor and socialistic suggestions are also creating a great deal of thought.

The greatest excitement of the day at the convention yesterday was caused by the announcement that there had been a practical fusion of the Populists and Democrats, in which Senator Hill's friends had been actively assisting the Populists. The story came directly from the chairman of the Populist committee of five, Colonel A. Fiske of Denver.

A conference was held with Elliott Danforth, and Mr. Fiske said, after it was over: "It was agreed that the Populists should support the nominees and the platform of this convention, no matter who the nominees were. In return for this support, they will be allowed to name five presidential electors. We told Mr. Danforth that we could swing the electoral vote of this state either way, and are sure that the union with the Democratic party will result in Bryan and Sewall carrying New York state by a large majority."

Mr. Danforth said: "Mr. Fiske did see me, but I gave him no decided answer, as one of his conditions was that Mr. McPartlin must be the nominee for the court of appeals. I agreed to see him again."

To this, Mr. McPartlin said: "We certainly understood Mr. Danforth to say that he would favor such a fusion."

At 5 o'clock, another meeting was held at Mr. Danforth's rooms, and the matter talked over. Mr. Danforth said: "I saw the committee again. They asked me if, as chairman of the state committee, I would favor fusion. I told them that I could not answer that until I was chairman, but I assured them that we would like to make some arrangements with them. I thought that to get some of the electors upon the ticket they should work directly with the districts."

SARGENT FOR GOVERNOR.

Connecticut Democrats Run State Convention on Silver Lines.

New Haven, Sept. 17.—The Democrats of Connecticut, in state convention assembled, yesterday, converted the state organization of the party into a Silver organization, wresting from the gold standard men, with the greatest of ease, the party power; adopted a platform, not only endorsing the cause of free silver, but pledging the support of the electors of the state to the nominees of the Chicago convention; and nominated presidential electors and candidates for the entire state ticket who are unanimously in accord with the principles set forth in the Chicago platform, and in favor of the election of Bryan and Sewall.

A more harmonious assemblage was never seen in the Nutmeg state. From start to finish, the deliberations of the 400 delegates were controlled by that wing of the party which favors the cause of silver. They appointed their own officers, named their own presidential electors and the candidates for the entire state ticket. The preliminary business of the convention was soon dispatched. The presidential electors had all been named in the caucuses of Tuesday night. The delegates acquiesced in the desire of their leaders, and the proposition of the leaders to nominate unanimously their candidates, met with no opposition. Joseph E. Sargent of New Haven, a manufacturer, and twice New Haven's mayor, was nominated by acclamation for governor. The fashion was set by this nomination, and the convention took not a single ballot, all of the remaining candidates being nominated by acclamation. Ex-State Senator S. A. Crandall of Norwich received the nomination for the lieutenant governorship. Then followed the only disagreement of the day, when Homer S. Cummings of Stamford was nominated for state secretary. There was some opposition to a position for him on the ticket, but after 20 minutes' wrangling, he was nominated, with a very few dissenting votes. In less than five minutes, the two remaining positions on the state ticket were filled, and the work of the convention was done. Adrian P. Ross of Thompson was nominated for state treasurer, and Edward M. Ripley of Farmington was nominated for comptroller. The two leading candidates were escorted to the hall, and after making speeches of acceptances, the convention adjourned.

Despite the unanimity with which the Democratic convention was conducted, there is a deep current of opposition to the ticket by the defection of the gold sympathizers, whose leaders held a meeting yesterday afternoon, and discussed plans for a campaign of the National Democratic party, and arranged details for a strong fight. It was decided to call a state convention of the National Democratic party in Hartford, Oct. 5. Presidential electors, state officers, a state central committee and all the work usually transacted by a state central committee will be completed.

AFFAIRS OF MEXICO.

Outlined by President Diaz In His Address to Congress.

City of Mexico, Sept. 17.—The address delivered last evening by President Diaz, on the opening of congress, referring to diplomatic relations with the United States, in part, was as follows:

On May 6 last, a convention was concluded at Washington, whereby the international water boundary commission between Mexico and the United States was empowered to study certain questions bearing on the distribution of the waters of the Bravo, or Grande river. The water boundary commission has settled two grave questions of disputed territory, arising from changes in the bed of the Rio Grande, one relating to the Chamisia tract, claimed by both countries' commissions on behalf of their government, and the other regarding the San Elizaro islet, which was awarded by both commissions to Mexico.

Referring to the attack on the Nogales custom house, the president says Mexico's legation at Washington has been instructed to draw the attention of the department of state to the case, and that as soon as the judicial investigation, now in progress at Sonorro is completed the extradition of the guilty parties will be asked of the United States.

The president then refers to the recent attempt to hold a pan-American conference in the City of Mexico, to consider the Monroe doctrine. Though the congress had dissolved after only a few meetings, and without accomplishing anything, he said that it does not follow that its aims will not be some day attained.

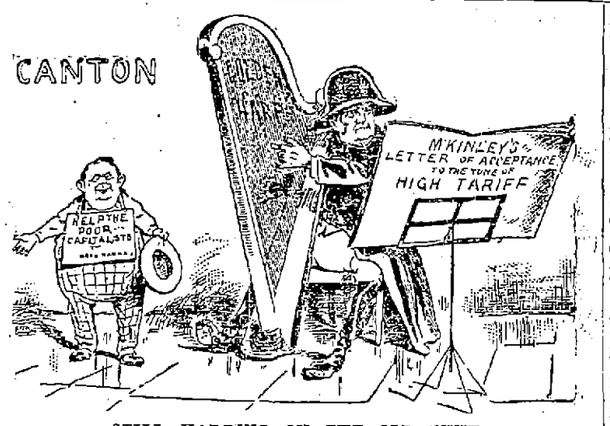
The mining industry in Mexico had made a remarkable progress, as showed not only by the large number of grants, but by the returns of the exports of the precious metals. The most important part of the message relates to the financial situation in Mexico, cash revenue amounting last fiscal year to $50,000,000, the largest annual revenue yet recorded, and the year closed on June 30 with a surplus of $4,500,000. The surplus is now in excess of $6,000,000.

Great Story From Labrador.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 17.—The failure of the Labrador fisheries is complete. The mail steamer arriving yesterday reports no improvement. This is the worst disaster that can befall the colony, the cod fishery being the industry upon which depends most of the population for support.

POLICE NOTES.

Thomas H. Shepard, who was arrested in Lawrence for larceny of two watches and a ring from his former boarding house at 20 West Third street, this city, got eight months in the house of correction. Before coming here, however, he got three months from the Lawrence court for stealing $5 in that city.



STILL HARPING ON THE OLD TUNE.

VARNUM DOWNED

Rep. Putnam Gives Him a Severe Defeat.

CARRYING FIVE WARDS TO VARNUM'S ONE.

Murray Crane Defeats Winslow in All Wards.

George E. Putnam won.

The "Boss" resurrected from the ruins of last year's mayoralty fight, made a final struggle and then went down in defeat.

Varnum is dead politically; and in his own bailiwick there is great jubilation. His defeat is but a repetition of last year's experience. He had shouters in plenty, but he was minus voters. There was a time when the voters favored Varnum with political preferment; that was before he became a "boss." Putnam's victory is a popular one and will be particularly pleasing to the old liners. He carried every ward but two and elected his delegates in Chelmsford.

The congressional delegation is for Knox. To the surprise of many, Murray Crane, the A. P. A. candidate for lieutenant governor, carried the city despite the fact that many of the leading republican "pols" were pronounced Winslow men.

In the representative contests the leaders are Patree of Ward one, Dobbins of Ward three and Rowell of Ward six.

The story of the caucuses follows:

Ward One.

E T Goward was chairman and Edward Barrett secretary. There were several challenged votes which were allowed by vote of the caucus. The polls were closed at 8.30 o'clock, the vote being as follows:

State delegates (Wolcott and Crane), 271; Homer B Nay, George H Tryder, Henry C Dexter, Thomas Collins, Albert Dege, Azro Schoolcraft. There were 42 ballots on the unpledged ticket.

Congressional delegates to fifth district convention, for Congressman William S Knox of Lawrence, 292; Homer B Nay, Clarence W Dana, Thomas Collins, Albert Dege, Azro H. Schoolcraft, George E. Putnam.

Senatorial delegates to seventh Middlesex convention, Putnam delegates, 292; [illegible] Baskell, William Hounsell, Wilkes E Morse, Alfred R Boutilier, Kenneth J. Mackenzie, Arthur Smith.

Varnum delegates, 177; others not given.

Representative delegates, 26th district, unpledged, 239; John Taylor, Moses Wyman, Frank Scott, W H Sanders, Guy O Hunton, A J Bixby, E E Sherwood, Norman Gulline, Walter A Simpson, Robert S Gardner, W H Hall.

County delegates, all for Read; A B Rogers, William Hounsell, H B Nay, L A Derby, W J Burbeck, Moses Wyman, 250.

Ward Two.

This is the democratic stronghold and "Boss" Varnum carried it by two votes.

Wallace E Farris presided and Joshua Swallow was secretary. The result of the election was as follows:

State delegates, Wolcott and Crane, 47; Winslow, 17. Wallace E Farris and Daniel E Bruce chosen.

Congressional delegates, for Knox, 37; W E Farris, D E Bruce.

Representative delegates, unpledged, 51; James A Lombard, W B Coulam, W A Pratt, George E Varney, August Sarre.

Councillor, for S H Howe, of Marlboro', 50; G W Margeson, George T. Bowen.

County, for Reed, for commissioner, 56; Allyn G Bowen, George Varney.

Senator, for Daniel H Varnum, 29; Frank E Butler, Daniel E Bruce. Putnam delegates, 27, Stevens, 11; Roper, 6.

Ward Three.

Putnam made no contest here but allowed Roper a clear field, so far as he was concerned. Roper easily won out from Varnum and Stevens. The delegates are:

State, Wolcott and Crane, 308; James W Bennett, Joseph Miller, Alfred P Bateman, George A Roper, George T Woodward, Henry C Fuller, Richard Dobbins, George E. Thomas, Arthur Staples. Unpledged delegates, 36.

Congressional, unanimous for Knox: Joseph Miller, Martin V B Libby, James W Bennett, Geo. A Roper, Arthur Staples, George F Thomas, Henry C Fuller, William Laddel, Fred A Estes.

Senatorial, Roper delegates, 239; William H Wiggin, Martin V B Libby, Alfred P Bateman, Joseph Miller, James A Pevey, Arthur Staples, Herbert F Barnes, Frank H Hallett, George A McIntosh.

Varnum delegates, 96; Stevens, 30. No Putnam ticket in the ward.

County delegates, unpledged, but considered solid for Read: Joseph Miller, William Lidder, George T Woodward, R W Gates, M V B Libby, J C Johnson, G A Roper, Arthur Studles, B H Wiggin.

Councilor, for Elisha Shaw of Chelmsford, 214.: Gardner W King, George A Roper, Arthur Staples, James A Pevey, James W Bennett, Royal W Gates, Christopher Holmes, Wm. A Eastman, George H Taylor.

Howe delegates, 143.

For representative, Richard Dobbins 201 votes to 160 for David Dickson's delegates.

Ward Four.

There was a rousing time in this ward last night. Unfair tactics were employed and when the ballots were counted it was found that the ballot box had been stuffed. There were 50 more ballots cast than there were names checked on the list. Even Jerome F. Manning could not detect how the extra ballots got into the box. The caucus was a noisy one and many of the voters insisted that they had been cheated and robbed. The "Boss" was beaten and his supporter, Peter Caddell, who pledged the ward to Varnum, lost the representative contest.

The full list of delegates elected was as follows:

State (Wolcott and Crane)—Chas. H Richardson, William H Walker, Harlan P Goodell, 129 votes to 14 for the unpledged.

County (unpledged)—Charles H Richardson, John McCreery, James Bennett, 116 votes, 2 scattering.

Councillor (Shaw)—Fred A Tuttle, Jefferson A Knowles and Byron W. Johnson, 92 votes to 48 for Howe ticket.

Congressional (Knox)—Charles H Richardson, William H Walker and Harlan P Goodell, 133 votes, no opposition.

Senatorial (Putnam) Harry E Murray, John E Howarth and Fred A Tuttle, 112 votes, Varnum 40, Roper 23, Stevens 18.

Representative (unpledged) Charles Rounels, Fred A Tuttle, Albert Bastow, William M. Rodger, Robert W. Mountford, James P. Ramsey and Harry E Murray, 198 votes cast, Peter Caddell, 66.

Ward Five.

George W Poore presided and E J Coote was secretary.

State delegates, unpledged, supposed to be for Winslow for lieutenant governor, 41; George W Poore, T G Waller, A G Walsh.

Crane delegates, 24.

Congressional, solid for Knox, G W Poore, A G Walsh, T G Waller

County, unpledged, 59; G W Poore, James Clark, John Wilkinson.

Councillor, for Elisha Shaw, 35; E T Spaulding, A Leblanc, W H Badley.

Howe delegates, 29.

Senatorial, delegates to Sixth district in favor of A G Walsh, 56; A G Walsh, G W Poore, T G Waller, Henry Gray. No opposition.

Representative delegates to 27th district convention, G W Poore, J L Sergeranee, C W Bowland, A Lawrence, H J Fay, W B Spaulding and C H Walker.

Ward Six.

Putnam defeated Varnum in his own ward, and Major Rowell won from A H Cluer in the representative contest.

During the evening 57 voters were challenged. About 650 votes were cast and Rowell defeated Cluer by only two votes.

These are the delegates for Mr. Putnam who received 329 votes as nominee for state senator of the seventh senatorial district from Ward six.

Frederick T Walsh, James S Thomson, John A Henderson, John S Marion, Joseph Champagne, and John M Kingsbury.

His opponents received the following votes: Varnum 279 and Stevens 32.

The delegates of E T Rowell, are:

Frank H Stearns, Frank Coburn, George E Stanley, William R Myers, Millard F Wood, John B Miller, George C Evans, Hiram E Huse, David W Dewar, Henry Miller, Edwin S Eastman, Joseph A Garmon, Charles H Belanger, Jude C Wadleigh and Harry Swan.

The delegates chosen for the state convention pledged for Wolcott and Crane as governor and lieutenant governor, are:

Frank K Stearns, John W Stewart, Sidney Drewett, Edwin S Eastman, Francis W Qua and Arthur H Cluer.

The delegates to the county convention, are:

John W Stewart, Henry Miller, Arthur H Cluer, Chas G Weilbrenner, Frank K Stearns, G Forrest Martin.

For councillor, Mr. Elisha H Shaw was nominated by 316 votes.

Mr Shaw's opponent, Howe of Marlboro, only carried 105 votes.

Congressional, Daniel H Varnum, Allen T Hudgo, Isaac Tinker, James W Gregg, Frank K Stearns, Edwin S Eastman.

Ward Seven.

Walter Coburn presided and F. S. Butterfield was secretary. The delegates elected were as follows:

State, for Wolcott and Crane, 251; George E Ames, Walter Coburn, Orel K Dexter, Frederick Lawton, John Oliver, Camille Roussin, Samuel E Snow.

Winslow vote, 96.

Congressional, for Knox; Walter Coburn, George F Bills, Camille F Roussin, Elwell C Scott, John Oliver, William H I Hayes, Frederick Lawton.

Councillor, for E H Shaw: Herbert Pilling, Thomas Varnum, Damas Laporte, Robert Sexton, Geo F Morey, Camille Roussin, Andrew Swapp, Charles M. Erskine.

County, unpledged; Henry L Nowhall, Chas A Richardson, Jas P Fowler, Louis P Turcotte, Samuel E Snow, Lincoln R. Welch, J J Colton.

Senatorial, Putnam delegates, 210; Andrew G. Swapp, Samuel E. Snow, Charles E Howe, Paul Vigeant, Clarence G Coburn, James McKinley, Gershom C. Bassett.

Varnum delegates, 86; Stevens, 44; Roper, 25.

Representative delegates to 25th Middlesex convention, for Hayes without opposition.

Ward Eight.

About 600 votes were cast here and Putnam swamped the others. He got 223, Varnum 116, Roper 113, Stevens 68. For councillor, Elisha H Shaw received 362 votes to 61 for S H Howe of Marlborough.

For representative, W A Lang 379, Dr. Sanders 145.

The delegates elected are:

State (Wolcott and Crane)—Abel Wheeler, John C Wilson, George L Hooper, Benjamin Dunklee, Charles E Carter, George L Fowler, Zopher W Startevant, Oliver J. Shute, Anthony D Mitten and Arthur H Slater.

County (For Henry J Read) H J Williams, G L Fowler, Benjamin Dunklee, J P Thompson, Caleb Smith, Edwin W Lachance, Oliver J. Shute, E A Foss, Abel Wheeler and H C Taft.

Councillor (For Elisha H. Shaw)—George L Hooper, J P Thompson, G F Sturtevant, W H Dorr, S T Whittier, H J Williams, Albert Pindar, Caleb L Smith, D E Dudley and O M Pratt.

Congressional (For W S Knox)—Willard Everett, George L Fowler, Chas. E Carter, John C Wilson, Solon W Stevens, Abel Wheeler, Benjamin F Dunklee, Fred Harrison, Anthony D Mitten and George L Hooper.

Senatorial (For George E Putnam)—Orrin B Ranlett, Willard Everett, Herbert C. Taft, Emmett E. Galer, Edwin W Lachance, Zopher W. Sturtevant, Wallace G Parkin, Frank W Chandler, George L Hooper and Abel Wheeler.

Ward Nine.

C H Conant presided and Mark A Adams was secretary.

Delegates to the state convention for Wolcott and Crane: Charles A Scott, Albion F Swanton, Silas W Fletcher, J Tyler Stevens, C G A F W E Pihl, William L Dickey.

County delegates, unpledged: Edw. Ellingwood, A G Pollard, Jesse H Shepard, Frank A Carlson, Gunnar L Linstedt, A G Thompson.

Congressional for Knox: J Tyler Stevens, Frederick P Marble, Carl G A F W E Pihl, William L Dickey, Albert G Thompson, Geo. Emsley.

Councillor for E H Shaw: Larkin T Trull, Thalis P Hall, Fred J Flemmings, Albert W David, George R Richardson, Samuel Burbank.

Senatorial to sixth district convention, in favor of A G Walsh: A G Pollard, Larkin T Trull, John A Faulkner, Chas. H Conant, E L Dickey, Fred J Flemming.

Representative to 21st district: A M Chadwick, C A Eveleth, G H Stevens, T P Hall, James Murkland, H K Gates, T W Howe, H. Kirk White, William English, George Campbell, L T Trull, J C Pihl, N H Mitchell, E J N Teale, Jesse Shepard.

WHEELS ON THE BRIDGE.

Can They Be Carried Over by Pedestrians?

A man waited on City Messenger Cahill this morning and asked if the Moody street bridge is open to foot travel. When the City Messenger told him that he thought it is, he asked if bicycles can be taken over the bridge. "I notice that some are allowed to take their "wheels" over the bridge, while others are stopped by the police officer," said the man.

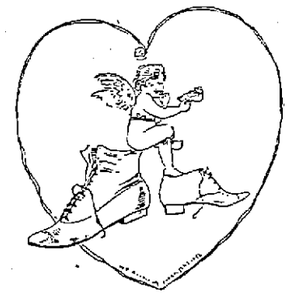
"I think if any one is allowed to go over, all should."

The Messenger told him that the officer had no right to discriminate.

That Boiler Investigation.

The committee appointed to investigate the matter of exorbitant charges in making repairs on the boilers at city hall, will meet Saturday night at 7.30. Mr. Qua has summoned the witnesses.

Miss Abbie M. Smith with her milliners, Miss Bennett, Mrs. M. E. Dudley and Miss Kittie McCarthy, are in New York selecting fall styles.



BOX CALF SCHOOL SHOES

Our first consideration, whether you buy a high or low priced shoe of us—the Shoe will be good—be fully worth the money.

We have School Shoes for boys and girls made of Box Calf, Tilan Calf, and crackproof Calf, and the prices range from $1.50 upward4.

The Wear-Well School Shoes

We have made expressly for our trade. They are the best Shoes we know how to produce, and after our long experience we ought to know what would stand the wear and tear of scholars. We want you to try them, they don't cost any more than others.

MEDIUM PRICED SHOES.

Youth's 11 to 2 at $1.50. Boys' 2½ to 5½ at $2. Child's 5 to 8, $1.25. 8½ to 10½ at $1.50. Misses' 11 to 2 at $2, Girls 2½ to 6 at $2.50. New pairs for any that don't wear well.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
FEET FITTERS, OPP. CITY HALL.

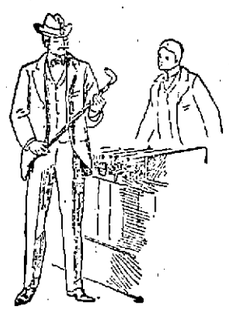
That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



Don't let prejudice against "ready-made" prevent your seeing at least, what painstaking care can accomplish.

The new suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. will reveal possibilities in clothing ready-to-wear, that you've never even imagined.

There's character in the cut, and fashion in the fabric that can be had only in the best tailor shops.

These stunning new cheviots, with those of our own make cost less than ever, $8.00 to $25 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

LOCAL NOTES.

Beginners' class in dancing at Lester's in Swan building, 28 Central st., tonight.

The Paige street church society last night, by a unanimous vote concurred in the action of the church in calling Rev. A. E. Wilson of Oneonta, N. Y. to the pastorate.

Our line of watches, wedding and stone rings are just what we represent them to be, no less. A full line of silver ware just received for the fall trade. J. D. Grant, practical watchmaker and jeweler, 64 Merrimack street.

The Boston Steam Dye house, established in 1885, has opened an agency in the Runels' building, Merrimack square, under the management of F. B. Leeds. All orders left here for dyeing and cleaning will receive careful attention.

FRIENDS REMEMBERED HIM.

Frederick J. Delaney Presented With a Gold Watch on His Departure for Paris.

The residence of Mr. Thomas Delaney of 791 Broadway was the scene of a brilliant affair last evening, the event being a farewell reception to his son, Mr. Frederick J. Delaney, who is soon to leave for Paris, where he will pursue his studies. About 35 of the friends of the young man were present and the time was pleasantly passed in games and other forms of amusements.

During the evening Mr. Delaney was presented, in behalf of his friends, a beautiful gold watch, the presentation speech being made by Mr. Charles E. Delaney, and there were also remarks by Messrs. Stephen Bergen of Boston and John Meehan of this city. Refreshments were served throughout the evening.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Rev. Fr. Delaney of Portsmouth, Mr. Wm. Morrissey and Messrs. Bergen and Hassam of Boston.

Mr. Delaney, in whose honor the affair was given, is a member of the Boston college class of '96, and will be in Paris about five years, during which time he will study for the priesthood at St. Sulpice seminary.

Mr. Wm. Morrissey, a graduate of the Lowell high school class of 1895, and Mr. John Quinn, a graduate of St. Patrick's Boys' school, have entered Nicolet college, Canada.

Walter Ramsdell, democratic candidate for mayor of Lynn, and James Sullivan, proprietor of the Hotel Wentworth in Lynn, were in town yesterday. They were the guests of Mayor Courtney, John J. Dawson and Dan Pickering of the Citizen.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, corner Middlesex St. and Post Office ave. before 9 p. m., Saturday, October 3d, will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Oct. 1st. Interest added to the deposit or may be withdrawn Jan. 1st and July 1st.

Savings Department open 8 a. m., to 4 p. m., Saturday evenings 7 to 9.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

QUERY:

Did you ever wear a Corset that did not fit you?

SUCCESTION:

Go to Butterick's Pattern and Corset Parlors and be fitted to a Corset that will be Comfortable, Durable and give you an up to date appearance.

Large Assortment. Lowest Prices.

50c. to $5.00.

204 and 206 MERRIMACK S

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter; experienced; mercantile or legal work; can give good recommendation; also good references. Address R, sun office, Lowell, Mass.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

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JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

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Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR CONGRESSMAN,

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

Marry Crane has won and the A. P. A. claims a victory.

Putnam beat Varnum as the Sun predicted. The best man won.

Is the silver tongue in favor of the Chicago platform? Being non-partisan it is to be presumed it favors neither party. How many of the members will vote for Bryan?

The public is satisfied that the remonstrants against the proposed purchase of the M. M. A. pictures have the best side of the case. It is no time now to propose such a scheme.

The New York democracy is now in line with the Chicago ticket, but David B. Hill sulks in his tent. The man who considers himself bigger than his party deserves political interment.

The democratic stay-at-homes are this year more dangerous than the republicans who turned out en masse to vote on election day, but the democrats of Maine and Vermont are exceptions to the general rule.

The Morning Citizen wisely advises the republicans not to be too confident over the result in Vermont and Maine. The Citizen shows good judgment in seeing nothing significant in these two elections.

The democrats of Connecticut have endorsed the Chicago platform and ticket, and will undoubtedly make a hard battle in the cause of democracy and free silver. They will probably be assisted by the populists.

The report circulated by a certain Boston paper that Hon. George Fred Williams took a hand in the congressional contest of this district, is without foundation. As well might it be said that the Czar of Russia had a finger in the pie.

It is well to celebrate the centennial of Washington' farewell address, and in no way can it be better observed than by having the address read in the schools. Next to that the use of the address as a campaign document is highly commendable.

Tonight the people of Lowell are to hear Mr. Lodge explain what a calamity free silver will bring upon the country. We advise the democrats who may go to hear Mr. Lodge to look over The Sun's cartoon of yesterday and study the meaning of that "republican scarecrow."

The scribe who wrote up the account of the congressional convention for the Boston Journal is a most ingenious and accomplished liar. In a campaign such as the republican press is now running a man of his capacity for prevarication should draw a high salary. But that is a feature of metropolitan journalism, the very feature which a member of the defunct Boston Standard staff has set out to introduce in this city.

WHAT OF FREE SILVER?

"What are the people likely to gain from free silver?" is a question commonly asked at the present time. There is a great deal to be gained by free silver. All the property in this country has been reduced in value by about 50 per cent. since 1873, and that shrinkage is a total loss to the people. This decline in prices is going steadily on, and with it comes the closing of factories, the depression of business, idleness and distress in every form. It has produced the army of tramps that is abroad in this country from year to year, and it gives the money kings the power to corner the circulating medium and hold it locked up instead of invested in business. Free silver would stop the shrinkage, it would bring higher prices, steadier work, higher wages, more general employment of labor, better business, prosperity and happiness. The republicans say that free silver will bring a 50 cent dollar but there is no reason why the United States cannot maintain the parity between gold and silver as it did from 1816 to 1873 without England's aid. All this time England was on a gold basis and now the republicans say we cannot adopt free coinage unless England consents. England, the nation that is the chief gainer from the gold standard will never be a party to restoring silver. One of the chief objects to be gained by free silver is to redeem the United States from financial subjection to England. That accomplished, the American people will believed of an incubus as detrimental to their progress as was the curse of slavery before it was wiped out and they will then be able to march steadily on in the paths of progress.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

VERY SIMPLE QUESTION

FINANCE NOT TOO DEEP FOR THE COMMON PEOPLE.

Candidate Bryan Tells Them They Must Think For Themselves—History Records Not a Single Instance Where the People Have Indorsed the Gold Standard.

The people are thinking as they have seldom thought before upon a great economic question. Some consider the money question too deep for the people, but no question which concerns 70,000,000 of people is too deep for those people to consider.

No class can settle the question for any other class. We have none in this country who either by birth or by law are intrusted with the privilege of thinking for others. Each one must determine where his interests lie and what is best to be done.

I want to assure you that the money question is sufficiently simple to be understood by all. Our opponents declared in favor of international bimetallism. They do not say the gold standard is good. If you find a person opposed to free coinage ask him what he believes in. If he believes in a gold standard, tell him he cannot stand upon the Republican platform because it pledges the Republican party to get rid of it. If it is good, why try to get rid of it?

When will other nations help us? I have asked the question time and again and expect to continue to ask it. If the gold standard is a good thing, why not keep it? I wish our opponents would come out and say they are for the gold standard, because they would have to say that they loved the money owners better than they loved the toiling masses. The man in favor of a gold standard cannot point to a single instance in the history of the world where the people had indorsed the gold standard. It is the money changers' standard, and you take from the gold standard the support of the money owning and changing class and the gold standard will not survive a day in any nation of the world.

The Republican party knows it, and that is why it did not declare for the gold standard, but it made as bad a mistake as that, because it said that while it desired bimetallism, and the American people would be better off under it, the American people were too feeble to have what was good for them, and they must wait until foreign nations took pity on us. But the Republican party refuses to take pity on the American people. They say we must maintain the gold standard until the commercial nations will join in international agreement.

Why wait if we are strong enough to do it ourselves? I assert 70,000,000 of people not only have a right to have a financial system of their own, but are able to have it. I wish our opponents would print upon a card and wear it upon their breast, "I am an American, but I think America has to appeal to foreign nations for legislation for the American people." Some may think this country cannot legislate for itself, but that idea originates among people who know more of Lombard street than of the industrial masses of the United States.

When you discover some way of stopping hunger except by feeding a person, you will find a way of stopping financial depression other than by increasing the volume of money.

[A Voice—What's the matter with the tariff?]

We are going to regulate that by international agreement as we will bimetallism. Then we will call an international conference and adopt a foreign policy, and at last we will annex ourselves to some nation that is big enough to take care of us and relieve us of the trouble.

Why will you let men who are interested pecuniarily in having bonds issued by this government, because the bonds are sold to them at enormous profits—why will you let these men decide whether bond issues are a good thing for the American people? Why will you allow the presidents of the trusts and the attorneys for syndicates to decide whether trusts and syndicates are good things for the American people?—William J. Bryan.

Bryan Would Not Vote For Gold.

More than a year ago, when we were engaged in a struggle to bring the Democratic party to an indorsement of free coinage, the question was put to me whether, in case of failure, I would support the Democratic nominee if he was a gold standard man running on a gold standard platform. I never believed that such a condition was probable in the Democratic party, but when those who questioned me were not content with probability, but asked again whether, in the case of that event, I would support the nominee, I said, as you will remember, that under no circumstances would I vote for the man who would in the executive office use his influence to fasten the gold standard upon the people.

During the past 20 years great corporations have been willing to provoke strikes and riots and to invite revolution by reducing the rate of wages to their employees. Now they say that free silver means a reduction of wages of nearly 50 per cent, and yet they are willing to pour millions into the Republican campaign fund to prevent it.

Bryan on the People's Rights.

When men array themselves against society, society has a right to array itself against them. When syndicates try to run this government, the people who are opposed to syndicates have a right to array themselves against them, and no abuse that their agents can heap upon us, no names that they can call us, can drive us from what we conceive to be not only our right, but our duty, to defend our homes and our firesides against their invasion.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla has over and over again proved by its cures, when all other preparations failed, that it is the One True BLOOD Purifier.

HEAVY ROBBERY.

What One Year of the Gold Standard Did For Thirty-one States.

The history of one year of the gold standard is enough to drive the people of the south and west into revolution. The robbery of the people has been most astounding. Let us refer to the facts and figures. The following figures are from the official reports of the auditors and comptrollers of the states and territories named. They show the robbery of the people for one year in 31 states to amount to $900,000,000. Nearly all of this loss falls upon the people of the south and west. The tax returns show an increase of wealth during 1894 in only 12 states, nearly all eastern states, including New York, while the 31 here given had decreased in tax valuation the figures set opposite the states. The states and territories are as follows:

Alabama	$37,000,913
Arizona	1,402,290
Arkansas	1,795,008
California	10,782,600
Colorado	29,817,138
Georgia	29,931,734
Idaho	5,040,540
Illinois	29,529,888
Indiana	25,503,205
Iowa	9,445,027
Kansas	10,129,000
Kentucky	10,578,794
Mississippi	1,891,091
Montana	5,035,023
Nebraska	10,015,625
Nevada	2,511,360
New Hampshire	5,133,593
New Mexico	2,501,020
Oklahoma	190,422
Ohio	10,528,815
Oregon	17,090,522
South Dakota	7,936,075
Tennessee	13,926,520
Texas	15,951,000
Utah	17,[illegible],000
Vermont	983,453
Virginia	2,046,905
Washington	57,277,074
West Virginia	2,210,747
Wisconsin	51,030,100
Wyoming	3,153,759

If an army with banners and a large camp following had marched through these states, the destruction of property could not have been greater. Texas shows a loss in one year of $18,361,090, and one far western state, Washington, whose record was such as to make every American proud of her up to the advent of the gold standard, has lost the enormous sum of $57,277,074, nearly $58,000,000, in one year. Wisconsin sustains a loss of $54,000,000. The south suffers a slump of over $90,000,000 in one year.—New Roads.

The New Yellow Fever.

My friends, our opponents tell us that the silver sentiment is a disease. If so, it will run its course like whooping cough or the measles. No, my friends, it is not a disease. The silver sentiment is the outgrowth of a condition, and you cannot destroy the sentiment until you have remedied the condition out of which the sentiment arose. I can retaliate upon our opponents and tell them that this gold standard idea is a disease. It is the new yellow fever. But there is a difference between the new yellow fever and the old. The old killed the people who had the fever; the new is death to the people who do not have the fever.—William Jennings Bryan.

REGARDLESS OF COST.

The Residence Which Wealthy Mr. Barbour Is to Build In Washington.

Mr. A. L. Barbour, the asphalt king, intends to erect a private residence in Washington which shall rival any mansion ever built in New York and on which there shall be absolutely no limit of cost of construction. He intends to erect the most artistic and beautiful private residence in the national capital. And all because he does not care to look into the back yard of some prospective neighbors.

Visitors to Washington are invariably taken out to Fourteenth street and are shown Barbour castle. It is an imposing stone structure, situated on the top of a gentle eminence, surrounded by costly parks and commanding a beautiful view of the city, which seems to lie at its feet. Here Mr. Barbour and his family live when in Washington, which is only rarely, for Mrs. Barbour and her daughters usually spend the winter at their Fifth avenue residence in New York and their summers at their country place on the Hudson or sailing the seas in their yacht. A few years ago Chief Justice Fuller rented the house, paying $30,000 a year.

Barbour castle was the site proposed as the private residence of the president of the United States when a bill was introduced in the last session of congress providing for a domestic residence of the chief executive, where he could live with his family, while the White House was to be turned practically into the president's business office. The bill was introduced in the senate, and when it became known that Barbour castle was to be bought for the purpose opposition arose in the senate, and the bill died in committee.

Senator John Sherman of Ohio owns some property which adjoins the handsome park surrounding Mr. Barbour's home. Mr. Barbour has never been willing to sell any of the land. Recently Mr. Sherman decided to erect a row of houses on the land belonging to him. Most unfortunately the houses which Senator Sherman proposes to erect will front away from Mr. Barbour's property. Consequently the present beautiful view which Barbour castle commands from almost every window will soon be shut out by a row of tall houses, and instead of the pretty prospect which now delights the eye there will be nothing to be seen from the windows but the flat roofs of Mr. Sherman's houses and the very prosaic details of domestic life in the back yards of the Sherman row. Mr. Barbour, it is understood, sought to purchase Mr. Sherman's property, and Mr. Sherman offered to purchase Mr. Barbour's property. Neither gentleman would sell.

Mrs. Barbour intends spending her winters hereafter in Washington almost entirely, and as the Barbours are fabulously wealthy Mr. Barbour has instructed a leading firm of architects to prepare plans for a new residence. He owns a large tract of property in the close vicinity of Red Top, President Cleveland's former home. This ground commands, if possible, even a better view of Washington than did Barbour castle, and here a new castle will be built, free from all threats of coming back yards.—Indianapolis Journal.

Broke.

Nodd—Your wife says you didn't reply to all her letters while she was away.

Todd—I couldn't. Business wasn't good enough.—Truth.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

THE MAKING OF A HERO.

How a Private Won Promotion With a Very Hot Ham.

A Polish officer, now dead, who came to the United States soon after the Russians suppressed the Polish insurrection under General Chlepicki, in 1831, used to tell with much zest the story of his promotion from the ranks. He was a private of cavalry when Chlopicki's retreat began. The troops had made a weary night march and were in bivouac for breakfast when scouts brought word that they were almost surrounded by a Russian force. Instantly the Poles hurried to their saddles, mounted and sought a way of escape.

The young cavalryman had been boiling some pieces of ham for himself in a camp kettle. Anxious to "save his bacon," he dumped the half boiled meat into his saddlebags and joined his companions. Two minutes later his horse became restive at a most inopportune moment, for on surmounting a ridge the Poles had found themselves confronted by a Russian force of infantry.

There was but one thing to be done—the Russian line must be broken through at once. It was being rapidly re-enforced. If the Poles should fail to cut their way out at the first charge they must all be captured. On they rushed at the order to charge, and now our young trooper's horse had become fairly frantic and quite uncontrollable. He sprang away far in advance of the charging line. The rider, determining to make the best fight he could, swung his sabre, took a stronger grip with his knees, and gazed hard at the face of the Russian he expected to be launched against.

Just then a volley hurtled into the charging line, but the foremost horse and rider escaped unharmed. A few moments and they were upon the enemy. Usually a horse refuses to leap at bayonets, but this one jumped furiously at the kneeling front rank, and such was the momentum and fury of the beast that the Russians just in his front lost nerve, broke and gave him an entrance.

Through the gap thus made other Poles sprang a moment later. Striking right and left, they widened the breach, and in ten seconds the Russian infantry was demoralized. The Poles escaped with slight loss, and it was not long before the young leader quieted his steed, dismounted and found a chance to examine his half cooled ham.

A few hours later the Polish general of cavalry rode up to the captain of the troop that had so distinguished itself, complimented him and said, "By the way, captain, who was that splendid young officer that led you all in?"

"He wasn't an officer. That was only one of my boys."

"Not an officer! May the bullets strike me if I don't make him one! Call him out here at once."

The general shook hands with the youth, promoted him to a lieutenancy then and there and gave him a place on his staff.

Some days later, when the captain called at headquarters, he sought out the new lieutenant, whom he found dolefully contemplating his unsaddled horse, which had a huge, raw sore on each side.

"What on earth is the matter with your horse?" asked the captain.

"Oh, nothing much!"

"But what made those terrible sores?"

"The same thing that made me a lieutenant," said the hero. "A big chunk of hot ham in each saddlebag. But, for the love of the saints, don't tell the general or the boys."—Youth's Companion.

Not a Case of Sympathy.

"Do you know that your confounded dog barks all night?"

"Yes, I suppose he does. But don't worry about him. He makes up for it by sleeping all day."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Defined.

"Uncle Simon, what is living it down?"

"Well, it is doing something mean and then hanging round until everybody who knows about it is dead."—Chicago Record.

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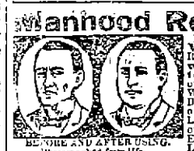

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HELP TO THE BLIND

It is all very well, but the help should have come at an earlier stage. When your eyes trouble you, you have difficulty in reading—the letters all run together and the like—then is the time to seek help—have your eyes examined—a pair of glasses may save your sight if you buy them from

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SUNBEAMS.

Course of a Genius.

"FOLLOWING OUT HIS OWN IDEAS."
—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Perfectly Safe.

A rural Georgia preacher, finding the weather too warm, pulled off his coat and preached in his shirt sleeves. After the sermon a good brother, thinking an editor who was present would make a sensation of the incident, said to the parson:

"I don't suppose you knew when you pulled off your coat today that one of them newspaper fellers was in meetin?"

"Yes, I did," replied the preacher. "But I had my eye on it all the time!"—Atlanta Constitution.

It Didn't Work.

The beautiful young woman was floundering about in six inches of water.

"Save me!" she cried.

"Alas, I cannot!" shouted back the handsome young man on the shore. "I am already married."

Shuddering, he averted his face that he might not see her as she crawled out of the water and looked around for another victim.—New York Press.

One For the Landlady.

"Madam," sneered the irate boarder, "the food at this house would insult a hog."

"So," complacently replied the mistress, "then I suppose you intend to leave us."—Adams Freeman.

The Last Resort.

She—Alfred, there is nothing in the house to eat.

He—Oh, well, let us have a bread pudding.—Detroit Free Press.

A Zoological Aversion.

It makes me sad ter think about the labor I hev lost.
I'm waitin fur November an wishin fur the frost.
I've got so tired an flurried thet my life is void of charm
Weth a-readin of the papers an a runnin of the farm.
Fust some one yelled "Grasshoppers!" an they came along an lit
An kep' me guessin as ter when their appetites 'ud quit,
An then I put a mortgage on the house an farm ter pay
The damage when the army worms came foragin that way.
The bees they went a-swarmin off an settled in the wood.
We pounded on the dishpan, but it didn't do no good.
A gadfly stung the ole white mare an filled her with dismay,
An now there ain't no tellin when she's goin ter run away.
An so they've kep' me dodgin, an I don't git no relief
From the speeches thet I used ter read ter chase away my grief.
But I'm trustin to the winter months an hopin fur the best,
Fur perhaps these gold an silver bugs will freeze up with the rest.
—Washington Star.

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Kindhearted Old Gent: "There, there, don't cry! What's your name and where do you live?"

Chorus: "Boohoo! We'se Doolie's twins!"

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Of our Dandelion Nerve Tonic—a delicious invigorating home drink easily made—simply adding water and sugar and is low enough in price so that any one can afford it.

It is a good stomach tonic as well and should be tried by every one—much different and heathier than the majority of oil and soap bark concoctions usually sold 15c. a bottle only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?
DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?
ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?
DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

Have You Ever Tried a Sample of Our
CALIFORNIA WHITE WINES
Hochheimer, Reising, Haut Sauterne, Deidesheimer, Sauterne.

JOHN M. PEVEY'S
55-57 MIDDLE ST.

LAKEVIEW PARK
Return Engagement
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 14.
The most astonishing and fascinating exhibition of scientifically trained horses in America,
GORMAN'S EQUINE MARVELS
Moving in Majestic March, Manœuvre, Dance and Tableaux. Building pictures of entrancing splendor in simultaneous accord. A marvelous exhibition of high-class animal training, presented with beautiful trappings and complete equine paraphernalia.
Exhibited by the Celebrated Equestrian Director and King of Animal Trainers, PROF. H. S. MAGUIRE.
2---EXHIBITIONS DAILY---2
Afternoon and Evening

MUSIC HALL
Sept. 21, 22, 23.
The Popular Irish Comedian,
Dan Sully,
In His Famous Character Role,
O'BRIEN the Contractor
In the Millionaire.
A Melodrama Replete With Comedy, Original Effects, Thrilling Scenes. A First Class Company.
September 17, 18, 19.
MR. JAMES A. REILLY,
In the Amusing German Comedy,
UNSER (our) MAX
Song, Comedy, Dancing.

BICYCLES TO LET.
Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels going cheap to close.
Geo. H. Bacheldor,
21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

PURE SPICES
You use small quantities and it pays to buy the best.
PURE CIDER
and WHITE WINE VINEGAR for Pickling, Preserving, etc. All kinds of Ripe and Green Fruits and Vegetables in their season for preserving or the table.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET.
Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.
Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.
Factory and Office, So. Lowell
Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 352-4.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

16 TO 1
You will be pleased if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN Arithmetic
It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.
Entrance entitles one to any or all branches. Now is the time to enter. School now in session. Call and see us.
GLICK & YOUNG, Prins.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

HERE IS THE WAY SHRINKAGE IS PRODUCED.

Wool Fibre Dissolved By Hot Water and Acid—How to Preserve Oilcloth—How Rocking Puts a Child to Sleep—A Cure For Insomnia.

The explanation commonly given of this, which is as follows, is quite inadequate: Wool has a surface covered with sawlike teeth, all pointing, in each hair, in one direction. This is what gives it the important quality of felting—i. e., of being formed into a compact substance by interlocking of thousands and thousands of the teeth. In the best wools these teeth are numbered by thousands to the inch in each hair. They cannot be seen except by the aid of the microscope, but may be felt by drawing a lock of wool through the fingers from tip to root. The resistance is then much greater than when the wool is drawn from root to tip. The shrinking of wool in washing is generally attributed to the interlocking of these teeth. But shrinking is found to take place when wool is wetted, even when there is no pressure which would cause the teeth to catch against each other.

"A woolen fabric exposed to warmth and moisture shrinks in every direction in a manner which interlocking does not explain." A better explanation is suggested by the fact that "the introduction of acid into the water in which the fabric is dipped greatly quickens the process and increases its extent." This fact and the increase of shrinkage caused by the addition of heat makes it appear probable that the wool fiber is partially dissolved, especially that part which contains the original cells still retaining their contents. The walls of these cells bursting through the heat, etc., and their contents being discharged, shrinkage naturally take place.

How to Preserve Oilcloths.

Cut into pieces half an ounce of beeswax, put in a saucer, cover entirely with turpentine and place in the oven until melted. After washing the oilcloth thoroughly with a flannel rub the whole surface lightly with a bit of flannel dipped in the melted wax and turpentine. Then rub with a dry cloth. A polish is produced, and the surface is lightly coated with the wax. When the floor requires to be cleaned, the wax is washed off, together with the dust or dirt that may have gathered, while the oilcloth is preserved.

How Rocking Puts a Child to Sleep.

Rocking, in common with other monotonous movements, such as patting and the movement of walking, seems to cause sleep by the same process as hypnotism. Mesmeric sleep is induced by fixing the subject's attention on a single object, such as the "passes" of the operator, some bright object held near the eyes or a distant light, and some mesmerists produce sleep by stroking the subject's face, the "passes" being frequently repeated so as to cause a similarly monotonous effect, and it is supposed that the concentration and consequent exhaustion of the mind is the cause of the phenomenon. The sleep induced by a lullaby, the sound of running water and even the monotonous tones of a preacher is also probably often hypnotic in character. Only certain so called neurotics are subject to hypnotic influence, but the majority of young children may be included in this class, and there are some children who are not soothed to sleep by rocking.

How to Cure Insomnia.

The utility of heat as a remedy for sleeplessness can scarcely be overestimated, particularly in the form of hot water. Insomnia is frequently overcome by the persistent use of hot footbaths and simple hot water as a drink at bedtime. Sleeplessness is commonly caused by overfulness of the blood vessels of the head. The bathing of the feet draws the blood from the head; the hot drink distributes the gases of the stomach and gives one a sense of general comfort.

How Eyeglasses Are Made.

The pieces of glass which are to be made into lenses for spectacles, for microscopes, small telescopes and the like are first ground into shape roughly by being held against a cast iron tool like a grindstone. This, of course, is curved to give the lens the concavity or convexity desired. From this tool the glass passes to a fine tool, so called, of similar construction, but made of brass and covered with a fine powder of sulphate of iron, calcined and ground. Jewelers call it rouge. Then a third tool, like the second, but covered with cloth which is thoroughly powdered with rouge, is used for polishing. After both sides have been treated thus the lens is cut to the required shape, oval or round, with a diamond glass cutter and steel pinchers, and the edges are ground smooth on metal wheels.

How to Make Pistache Cream.

Pound 2 ounces of blanched pistachio kernels in a mortar and run them through a sieve. Work into them half a pint of double cream; add a few drops of vanilla and an ounce of castor sugar. Melt half an ounce of amber gelatin in a little milk and add. Pour the cream into a wetted mold. Turn out when set.

How to Polish Linen.

Melt together an ounce of white wax and 2 ounces of spermaceti with a large spoonful of salt. Dissolve these ingredients over a slow fire and pour into a wet cup to cool. Make boiled starch in the usual way, cooking it slowly for 20 minutes, and for every tablespoonful of dry starch used add a lump of the above preparation about as large as a cherry. Use no cold starch and do not sprinkle. When the starched pieces are dry, lay them in a wet towel for two hours and bring up the gloss by rubbing evenly with the heel of a polishing iron. The great secret in glazing starched goods is to use the polishing iron properly.

Organization and Wages.

"Organization," says the Indianapolis Sentinel, "is the chief factor in securing high wages. There is not a member of a trades union who would be willing to dissolve the union and trust to the effects of tariff or money systems or anything else to maintain wages."

WILL HUNT BIG GAME

W. K. VANDERBILT AND W. SEWARD WEBB AS NIMRODS.

An Elaborate Hunting Trip In the Wild West—General Miles and Captains Baldwin and Maus to Be In the Party—Each Hunter Heavily Armed.

In a few days the most elaborately equipped hunting party that ever was known in the United States will leave New York for a long tour of the Yellowstone park and the haunts of big game in Montana and Idaho. In the party when it leaves that city will be W. K. Vanderbilt and Dr. W. Seward Webb, who will be the hosts on the trip. With them will be four of their close personal friends. Later on at Omaha, unless the present itinerary is changed, the party will be increased by the presence of General Miles of the regular army and Captains Baldwin and Maus, formerly of his staff and his companions in several western campaigns and outings. Colonel Benton, a relative of Dr. Webb, was also to have joined the party in the west, but his death will cause a vacancy which probably will not be filled by the selection of any one else.

The trip, which will extend over at least one month and is likely to keep the party in the northwest until after snow has fallen, has been most elaborately planned, and every arrangement has been made for the comfort of those who are to take part in it. The resources of the Wagner Palace Car company, of which Dr. Webb is president, have been used to make the trip to the Yellowstone park an enjoyable one. From there on detachments of the regular army will look out for the safety of the distinguished hunters and try to protect them from danger either in the field or from desperadoes. So far as possible the party will make its home in the private car of Dr. Webb. This is at present in Shelburne, Vt., where its owner is stopping.

Already George Barre, who has had charge of the car for years and accompanied it wherever it goes, has been making extensive preparations for stocking the larder. Additional supplies have been ordered to be on hand at Chicago, Omaha, Denver and Cheyenne, at all of which points it is expected the party will stop. With the car side tracked at the nearest available railroad point, the party, under the leadership of trained guides and accompanied by detachments of United States cavalry, will make expeditions into the mountains and the haunts of the big game, the slaughter of which is the avowed object of the trip. Though it is hoped the car will always be available as a base of supplies, Dr. Webb is not at all sure but his guests will have to fall back at times upon game or army rations for their diet.

The route planned will lead in some cases far from railroads or settlements in which supplies other than the coarsest can be secured, and the guests have been warned that they must start prepared to rough it for days at a time.

From Omaha, where Dr. Webb and Mr. Vanderbilt will be joined by the military members of the party, the expedition will go at once to the Yellowstone park, where horses will be secured and the reservation traversed from south to north. It is hoped that in the regions just outside the park some game may be found which is not yet under the protection of the government. Returning to the car, the party will go to either Fort Halleck or Fetterman. Retracing some of the distance, the car will be taken still further north, and Fort Pembina, on the Red River of the North, will be made a center of operations, Idaho and Montana being visited. Beyond that point the itinerary has not been completed and will depend largely upon the success achieved in the territory visited. Should the members of the party have become surfeited with hunting they will return to this city by easy stages. On the other hand, if their appetite for game has only been whetted, the trip will be indefinitely extended. It is now the opinion of the leaders of the expedition that winter will be here before they return.

In the way of weapons the hunters will be splendidly supplied. Dr. Webb, who has always been an enthusiastic sportsman, has one of the most complete hunting outfits in America, ranging from heavy martini and winchester single fire rifles to light repeaters. His collection of shotguns is as complete. Nearly all his weapons are of special make and are finished in silver, handsomely chased. Mr. Vanderbilt's arsenal is not so large, though it is sufficiently varied to answer almost every purpose. General Miles has a collection of hunting weapons even greater than that of Dr. Webb, and Captains Maus and Baldwin are well supplied. Captain Baldwin, who has recently been stationed in the Indian Territory, is one of the best shots in the army and has a wide reputation at the army posts where he has served as a thorough sportsman.—New York Journal.

NO WOODEN PEGS IN THE MAINE.

Inspection Proves the Cruiser to Have Been Well Constructed.

The second class battleship Maine, which recently underwent repairs at the Norfolk navy yard, has since then been the subject of sensational rumors, which, although they could not be traced to an authoritative source, caused some trouble to the battleship's officers.

The reports were to the effect that at many points in the upper skin of her double bottom wooden pegs had been used in the place of the fine steel bolts which should have held her together. However, not only did a thorough inspection of the ship's double bottom refute the report, but the very theory is scouted by naval officers, because the Maine being a government built vessel it is highly improbable that defective or fraudulent material would be employed in her construction, as it would be to the interest of all concerned to delay rather than hasten her completion.—Washington Post.

She Repairs Bicycles.

The new woman in London has gone into the bicycle repairing business. She has a long list of customers, each of whom she calls upon once a week. With every part of the bicycle she is familiar, having studied it very carefully at a bicycle school. She can tighten up a pedal, repair a broken chain and readjust the saddle with marvelous ease and great rapidity. She can also instruct beginners.

Colored Recruits For Cuba.

Truman Stewart, known the country over as a colonizer, has organized a company of 100 colored men at Muncie, Ind., to go to Cuba and aid the revolutionists in their fight for freedom. He has them clothed and furnished with arms, but he lacks the necessary funds to pay their transportation to Florida, from where the company will be transported to Cuba secretly.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

RUSH FOR 1896 SILVER DOLLARS.

Treasury Department May Have to Stop Giving Them Out.

The Washington treasury officials are in daily receipt of a large number of requests asking for silver dollars of this year's coinage in exchange for silver certificates or other lawful money. Many of these requests come from persons who seem to doubt the truth of the monthly coinage statement, while others ask for shipments of 1896 dollars with a view to refuting statements that no silver dollars are now being coined.

These requests have been complied with as fast as received, and the treasury officials desire to call public attention to the fact that when silver dollars are ordered in sums of or multiples of $500 they are shipped at the expense of the government, but when smaller sums are ordered the shipments are made at the expense of the person ordering.

There is now in the treasury $10,500,596 in free silver, that is silver which may be obtained in exchange for any lawful money, but the demand is so keen for 1896 dollars that it seems probable that by the beginning of October the department will be compelled to decline to pay out silver dollars except in exchange for silver certificates or treasury notes of 1890. The law requires certain amounts of silver to be held in the treasury to cover outstanding silver certificates and treasury notes, and when the minimum is reached silver payments will be refused even in exchange for gold or in payment of warrants on the treasury.

The number of standard silver dollars coined during last August is shown by the official statement to have been 2,050,000; since Feb. 1 last, 11,212,412, and since November, 1893, 15,169,191.

The coinage value of the stock of bullion now on hand and on which the mints are now at work is $106,745,200, and it is said to be altogether probable that coinage will be continued at least until the stock on hand of standard dollars of 1890 has been increased to about $80,000,000, where it stood when the present administration came into office.

TINY NATION TO VOTE.

Smallest Republic In the World to Hold a Presidential Election.

By a strange coincidence at the very moment when the rulership of the United States for the next four years is being battled for another presidential contest is starting. The smallest republic in the world is looking around for a new chief magistrate, and, though no questions of "standards" or "financial planks" are raised, the fight promises to be just as exciting. Tavolara, the little republic, is outnumbered a million and a half to one by the American commonwealth, its population being but 55 souls, yet its enthusiasm, long bottled up for this occasion, is rising quite as near fever heat. The mightiest and the least of the free governments of the world are passing through the same throes.

In one way the presidential election of Tavolara has even more of interest about it. All of the people within its boundaries are taking part. Woman suffrage is one of the foundation stones of its government, and every petticoated being there has a vote to cast. It would not be out of the question, in fact, for a woman to be elected president, though altogether unlikely. Yet the miniature constitution does not prohibit it, and by the time our next president is determined upon there may be a sister chief executive already settled at Tavolara.

It lies on the northeast coast of Sardinia, an island a dozen miles or so from the mainland, lapped by the blue waters of the classic Tyrrhenian sea. On the Italian maps it is shown as Isola di Tavolara, and the only time the outside world ever regards it is when the lookout on some little trading vessel sees at night the gleam of the lighthouse on its eastern end. And this is but seldom, for this corner of the Mediterranean is at all times deserted. Sardinia's days of glory and active commerce are long since past, and whatever trade comes to her now collects at Cagliari and Alghero, on the other side of the island.—New York Journal.

A FLAG OF MAIDENS.

It Took Two Hundred of Them to Form It.

Fifty years ago the American flag was raised over the Port of Monterey, Cal., and it thus became a United States seaport instead of a Mexican town. The town's semicentennial was fittingly celebrated a few days ago, and the place was crowded with visitors.

One of the most beautiful of the ceremonies was the formation of Old Glory by arranging 200 girls in appropriate costumes. The red and white stripes of the living flag were made of gowns of those colors. The blue field was similarly secured, and the white stars were placed on top of immense flat topped hats which the girls wore.

When the 200 girls lifted their voices to sing "The Star Spangled Banner," the applause awoke the echoes of the hills surrounding Monterey and drowned the music for several minutes.

Women In Spain Taking Up Bicycling.

Consular Agent Mertens, at the port of Valencia, Spain, reports to the department of state that the ladies of Spain are taking up bicycling, and he thinks this will help toward removing that barrier which prevents them from going out unless attended by some responsible duenna. American wheels are unknown in Spain, though an inferior French machine called "L'Americaine" and bearing a spread eagle, with the United States coat of arms, is extensively advertised. There is said to be a good chance for our wheels in Spain, as Germany is barred out by tariff discriminations and the French and English wheels are unsatisfactory.

Greatest Steamship Afloat.

The Hamburg-American Steamship company's new twin screw steamer Pennsylvania has been successfully launched from the Harland & Wolff shipyards at Belfast.

The new vessel is the largest merchant steamer afloat, being of 30,000 tons displacement and 20,000 tons carrying capacity. She is 585 feet long, 62 feet beam and 42 feet deep.

The Pennsylvania is designed to make an average speed of 14 knots an hour and to have a passenger capacity of 200 first cabin, 150 second cabin and 1,000 steerage.

General Harrison Declined.

It came to light at a meeting of the board of trustees of the New university of Indianapolis, held the other afternoon, that the presidency of the university has been offered to ex-President Harrison, but he refused to be prevailed upon to accept.

Her Way.

Lochinvar (from out of the west)—Will you be my wife?

Elaine (just from Vassar college)—Homo, hominis, homini, hominem—

Lochinvar—Er—excuse me, but I don't quite understand.

Elaine (freezingly, as she turns her back upon him)—Indeed, I am sorry for you. I was just declining man. That is all.—Town Topics.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

N. Y. CONVENTION

Democratic Hosts Will Prove Their Loyalty.

POPULISTS UNITE WITH THEM ON TICKET.

Senator Hill Will Not Attend Convention.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 16.—The People's party will support the nominee of today's democratic convention with the understanding that it gets five presidential electors.

The fusion of the democrats and populists after a conference this morning, was the most startling news of the day. Heretofore the chances of John Boyd Thatcher were good, but as the time drew near charges were made that an attempt would be made to keep the endorsement of the national ticket in the back ground and there is talk of a riot if this is attempted. The convention was called to order at 12.30, T. S. Beady being elected temporary chairman.

It is not expected that Senator Hill will attend the convention.

SILVER FORCES SUCCESSFUL.

Silver Men Control the Connecticut State Convention.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 16.—The fourth important convention was held this morning when the democratic state convention came in at the Hyperian theatre, for the purpose of nominating presidential electors, a candidate for governor and minor state offices. The silver and gold men fought hard last night to secure the organization and the silver men won.

At 10.30 this morning Chairman Davis of the state committee called to order and William Kennedy of Naughatuck was elected temporary chairman. He made a speech on the issue. After the committees had reported, the temporary organization was made permanent. Chairman Kennedy then read the resignations of several members of the state committee who could not support the Chicago platform. Each name was greeted with sarcastic applause and a motion was uproariously carried to accept their resignation a vote of thanks being tendered him for resigning.

A communication was read from the populists of the state suggesting a fusion of forces and a committee was appointed to confer with the populist committee.

BIG REPUBLICAN GAIN.

Noted In All the Backwoods Counties In Maine.

Portland, Me., Sept. 16.—The returns from the remote districts are coming and the following counties have been heard from: York, Powers, 9026; Frank, 5472; Knox, Powers, 3504; Frank, 3293; Sagadahoc, Powers, 2751; Frank, 812; Kennebec, Powers, 6696; Frank, 4353; Cumberland, Powers, 10,198; Frank, 5107; Franklin, Powers, 2552; Frank, 794.

The republican plurality in these counties is 21,260; that of 1892 being 6081, the republican gain being 14,179.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The Boston Fruit Co., has received word that its steamer, Ethelred, which was five days overdue, arrived at Hampton Roads at midnight badly damaged after an encounter with a hurricane.

Edward Bell, the American arrested in Glasgow for conspiracy to blow up the Balmoral residence of the Queen, during the Czar's visit, has been given in charge of the Scotland yard detectives and will be taken to London.

Hon. J. B. Sargent of New Haven, has declined the silver nomination for governor but will receive the support of the silver forces, nevertheless.

UNIONS WON.

Season Ended of Urban and Suburban League.

The season of the Urban and Suburban league is ended, and the Unions have won the pennant as the following standing will show:

	Won	Lost	Avg	Postponed
Unions	9	4	.692	3
South Ends	11	6	.647	2
Emeralds	10	7	.588	1
T. K. and T.'s	8	7	.533	3
Florence club	9	8	.528	4
Y. M. C. I.	6	11	.353	1

Hugh Farley will get the suit of clothes offered to the best batter by O'Hearn & Dowd, his average being .453.

Will Seize the Land.

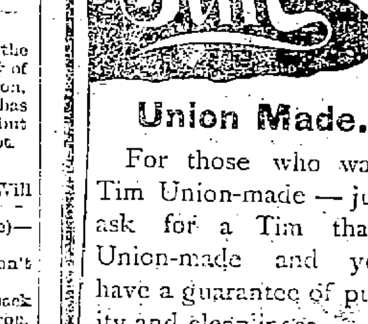
It is said that the lands and buildings committee will seize land for the Varnum school extension by exercising the right of eminent domain.

Dislocated Shoulder.

While practicing football on Dracut oval yesterday, Thos. C. Whitehead fell and dislocated his shoulder.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.



Union Made.

For those who want Tim Union-made — just ask for a Tim that's Union-made and you have a guarantee of purity and cleanliness.

Timothy Gaz & Co., Boston.

BASE BALL IN OFFICIAL LIFE.

The Boston City Council Nine Will Entertain Lowell Nine.

On Wednesday next the Lowell city government base ball team, with rooters, will visit Boston to play the Boston city council team at the South end grounds. The Lowellites will arrive there at noon. Luncheon will be served and then the game will be played. The game will be followed by a banquet, at which Mayor Quincy will preside. In the evening one of the theatres will be visited.

Thousands of men are afraid of the lightning, and yet not one man in ten thousand is ever killed by it. Few men are afraid of consumption, and yet it causes one-sixth of all the deaths in the world. It is more deadly than either wars or pestilences. Any sort of wasting disease may lead to consumption. Any slight disorder of the respiratory organs may easily develop it. Weakness of the body, emaciation, lack of vitality are plain invitations for the germs of consumption. Consumption is not entirely a disease of the lungs. It is a disease of the blood that shows itself most strongly in the lungs. It is not—as it used to be considered—incurable. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has changed all that. It will cure ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of consumption if taken in time. It is the most wonderful blood maker and flesh builder in the world. It cures where doctors have failed. It has brought back to life hundreds of men and women who were considered as good as dead.

Mrs. Nancy R. Tubb, of Amory, Monroe Co., Miss., writes: "About ten years ago I suffered an attack of nervous prostration resulting in other troubles which my family physician pronounced consumption. We doctored with him until we lost all hope. I finally happened to find one of Dr. Pierce's little Memorandum Books, saw his medicine recommended and thought I would try it; sent and got one bottle of each—'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription'—and one bottle of 'Pellets.' As soon as I began to use these medicines my health began to improve, and before I had used one-half dozen bottles I felt almost as strong as I ever was. I am now enjoying good health again. Two years ago I had a little boy who seemed to be subject to phthisic (asthma) and I thought I would try the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and to my surprise it cured him entirely; he has never had another attack."

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props. No. 201 Charles Street.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.50, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 8.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.20 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6.50 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 a. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ¶6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.03, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶5.00, 4.25, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, ‡45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.33, ¶6.52, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.37, 7.33, 7.48, *7.58, *8.57, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ¶3.02, *4.03, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, ¶5.36, 6.21, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.47, 4.28, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m.; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.13 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.13 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a. m.; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 a. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.18, 8.43 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m.; 12.09, 1.40, 5.42, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m.; 1.40 p. m. 5.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m.; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—5.42 a. m.; 12.09, †8.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.51 p. m.; except Saturday and Sunday, 8.43 p. m., except Saturday.
† Daily for Montreal.
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.
Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.
42 CHURCH STREET.

WE DON'T PAY!!!

For our best advertisements they are walking around Lowell on the backs of the business men, professional men, clerks and mechanics who have bought clothes from us. We have a large variety of exclusive styles for your selection.

Louis Alexander,
Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.
Importer and Tailor, No. 63 Central Street.

Hard Luck.

Pat—To think that he's thor wan man on the bill that Oi don't know.—Truth.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE may be robbed of its charms by the blight of a poor complexion

POZZONI'S Complexion Powder

is a refreshing and beautifying preparation which imparts to the complexion the soft glow of the tea rose and removes freckles, pimples and all impurities of the skin. Pozzoni's has won its way into the confidence of ladies all over the land. A thirty years' test has proven its merit. In three shades—Pink or flesh, White and brunette.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

CONSUMPTION

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address.
Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C.,
No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

IT DOESN'T SEEM POSSIBLE

In this enlightened age that people still exist who won't investigate. If instead of

$10

You prefer to pay $14, $15 or $16 for the same quality, it's you're money your spending and no one can prevent you from dealing where you please, we like to place you on the same footing with many of your fotunate neighbors (our regular patrons) and that's why we keep telling you of our offerings, and that few stores show such an abundance of elegant, stylish attire for $14 or $15 as we sell at

$10.00.

The Best Custom Work doesn't excel our finer suits and overcoats. The tone, the style, the fit, the trimmings wouldn't be a whit better if you ordered from tailors who make one suit at a time, and who must necessarily charge you double our prices. $12, $15, $18.

Young men you will find all the late plaids and all the newest weaves in worsted and cheviots.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
49 to 59 Central Street.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for travelling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

WANT COLUMN.

TO LET—A fine clean tenement with or with out stable, 22 Lincoln street.

FURNISHED ROOM—To let at 222 Charles street.

TO RENT—House, newly painted inside and out, nine rooms, stable, two stalls, carriage house, hen house. Beautifully located between Broadway and Pawtucket street on Wilder. Apply to J. A. Green, 85 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms. Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—On Westford street, cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—On line of electric road, small place of 16 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 70 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

YOU CAN DEPEND ON IT.

That is the reason why the Sawyer Carriage Co. work is the best. It's work is done well, not sometimes but always.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Kitson Building. Worthen Street.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S
279 DUTTON STREET.

"Costly Thy Dress as Thy Purse can Buy."

The next thing is to buy where you can get the best value for your money.
TRY
BERTRAND, The Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL,
No. 97 Central Street.
Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

This Umbrella Has Cone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

THE STANDARD FOR QUALITY
COLLINS and FAIRBANKS
HATS
We have the only complete line to be found in Lowell.
ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

SCHOOL SHOES
For Boys and Girls
Shoes that will stand the strain of HARD WEAR
AT EASY PRICES.
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!
Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.
DAVIS & NICKERSON,
Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.
New Goods Arriving Every Week.

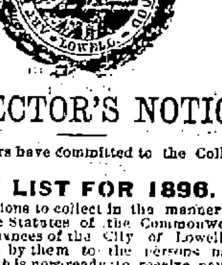
DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD
Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have
PETER WATSON
call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city
Retail stores at
52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co.
Are You Going to Carry a
TORCH
In the Parades, this Campaign?
If not, ILLUMINATE your house and grounds.
Torches, Lanterns, and Candles of all kinds.
63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

TAXES



COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of taxes the

TAX LIST FOR 1896.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth, and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1896, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed on every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the 1st day of May, or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the Tax demanded by this notice, and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1896 IS $15.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock a.m. to 3 p.m.

For the convenience of the Tax paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows:—Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 2 to Oct. 13, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock p. m. Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 16 to Oct. 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

☞ Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1896, and bring it with you.—

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:27; sets, 5:49.
Length of day—12h. 22m.
Moon sets, 12:51 a. m.
Full sea—7:45 a. m.; 8 p. m.
Forecast for New England: Fair; southerly winds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	6 57
6 50	7 45	6 50	7 53
6 50	8 05	6 50	8 26
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*7 18	8 02	*8 30	9 10
*7 27	8 12	9 05	9 10
*7 33	8 50	9 20	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 54
*8 50	9 45	11 20	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 56
9 10	10 40	11 00	11 28
11 00	12 05	*1 15	1 52
§11 42	12 27	2 00	3 01
§12 16	1 05	*2 00	3 43
1 40	2 55	3 30	4 18
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 22
*4 00	4 45	4 15	§5 26
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 41
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
6 38	6 53	6 15	7 31
*6 21	7 10	*7 30	8 10
*7 47	8 20	*8 00	8 40
8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 20

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
§9 16	10 15	5 00	§5 52
§4 27	5 30	7 30	8 16
§5 28	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 30	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 16	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 16
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 03
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 15
12 45	1 50	3 30	4 22
2 30	3 44	3 40	4 56
3 35	4 42	4 25	5 15
4 05	5 23	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 01	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 10	8 03	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 14	11 15	12 13

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 55
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 50	8 40	9 10
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.
§From Middlesex St station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

The Y. M. C. A. held their annual outing at Willow Dale yesterday afternoon with a large attendance and a good time.

Auction sale of jewelry every evening at Green's, 88 Merrimack street. You can big bargains. J. F. Murphy, auctioneer.

The firemen and engineer examiners will be in the state inspector's office in Central block all next week, commencing Monday morning.

Autumn excursions Wed., Sat., and Sunday. Steamer Merrimac. 35 cts. round trip. Electric cars leave at 7 and 7.30 a. m. 3 1-2 hours at the beach.

Flaherty's Methods Vacillating.

The Boston Post says: "Frank Erne of Buffalo and Jack Downey of Brooklyn meet in Buffalo before the Empire A. C. on Sept. 20. They are to box 25 rounds. Negotiations were under way for Martin Flaherty to meet Erne, but were dropped when the club learned of the Lowell man's vacillating methods.

Notice to Cotton Mule Spinners.

There will be a general meeting of the Cotton Mule Spinners next Friday evening at 8 o'clock at their hall on Middle street when the election of officers will take place for the ensuing six months; also the election of three delegates to attend the national convention to be held in Boston the second week in October. Per order of the

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A Distinguished Religious.

Very Rev. Mother Vincent and Sister Barbara, of the order of Dominican Nuns, are visiting at the St. Michael's convent Seventh street. Mother Vincent is highly gratified at the very successful openings in the schools of the order in Centralville, Charlestown and Watertown. The order has recently been presented with a magnificent country residence which will be used as a convent. The Dominican order will observe the 70th anniversary of its organization in this country in April next.

CYCLING NEWS.

Few really long distant trips on tandems have ever been heard of, but the most notable one on record was that taken in June and July by the Hess brothers, of Lebanon, Pa., who covered exactly 3585 miles on their Crescent tandem, riding from Lebanon to San Francisco. Speaking recently of their journey one of the brothers said:

"We believe that this was the first tandem over ridden across the continent. It was ridden by us continuously over mountains, deserts and prairies, and arrived at its destination in first-class condition. This was probably the most severe test ever put upon a machine of its description on this continent. We rode 475 miles over railroad ties, tracks and trestle work, besides on strips of corduroy down the Sierra Nevada range of mountains."

The neglige shirt, the X ray sleeves and the linen uniforms, so popular this year, are disappearing from the roads and thoroughfares popular with cyclists. The most sensible and hygienic sweaters are coming to the front again. It is dangerous to leave the sweater at home on the cool nights which are coming upon us.

BASE BALL.

The Urban and Suburban league season has closed and he who said that base ball is dead in Lowell has sought a quiet retreat away from those whom he told that the game was dead.

The league was run this year as an experiment and it proved to be a most successful one. During the progress of the season the weak points of the league and its management, rules, etc., showed themselves, and the experience gained is such as to assure a strictly first-class base ball league next season.

The managers have seen where they were strong and weak. At the onset next year all strong points will be taken into consideration and the weak ones abandoned. The only real drawback to the league this year was the lack of ironclad rules governing the hiring and dismissal of players. I don't believe in barring out of town players from the league, but I do think from this year's experience that when a club engages a player that player should be a member of the club for the season or until finally released by his manager. There was too much swapping about of players. The 15 cent admission scheme was decidedly popular and brought in more money than the 25 cent plan would have brought.

New Crop Teas.

We have just received several lines of new crop teas, which are very choice. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, No. 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 91 MERK ST.

DYNAMITE SCARE

Causes Much Worry in Old England.

BELL BELIEVED TO BE TYNAN'S MAN.

Doubt as to Extradition of Tynan.

London, Sept. 17.—The consternation and horror of the English people over the revelation of the dynamite conspiracy are more interesting than the latest disclosures of the plot itself. If printers' ink could produce a panic, London would be on the verge of nervous prostration after glancing at the columns of the usually solemn and unemotional public journals of this city. Never before have they so bristled with all the startling devices of sensational journalism. All the newspapers in the country give some indication of the popular sensation which has been created, and which has distracted attention even from the critical horrors of the east, that had raised public sentiment throughout England to a high state of indignation. The sultan, in fact, has to thank Tynan and his fellow conspirators for bringing him some relief in an emergency. The more that is learned about the actions of the four men since their arrival in Europe, the more contemptible they appear. All drank freely, and Tynan was drunk much of the time. It seems absurd that such a monster as he showed himself to be in Boulogne should be able to terrify all England

Lord Salisbury had a long consultation yesterday, at the foreign office, with Robert Anderson, one of the assistant commissioners of the Metropolitan police, with the result that elaborate preparations are being made at Scotland Yard for the safety of the czar and czarina upon their arrival at Leith on Sept. 21, on their way to visit the queen at Balmoral. Orders have been given that no one shall be allowed upon the landing stage where the Russian imperial party will debark except persons attired in court dress. The landing stage will be guarded by hundreds of police, and the route taken by their majesties will be lined with troops.

Edward Bell, who was arrested at Glasgow on Saturday, was again arraigned in court in that city yesterday, and remitted to London, for which place he started last evening in charge of officers from Scotland Yard. Bell declined to say anything before the magistrate here, and would not even speak to the officers who were guarding him. After he was returned to his cell he continued his cool demeanor and maintained his absolute reticence.

No communication of any sort, with regard to Tynan, the alleged Irish dynamiter, has been received at the United States embassy at Paris.

The Graphic says that it has learned that the real name of Edward Bell, the American arrested at Glasgow for complicity in the dynimite conspiracy, is Ivory. The police regard him as a dupe of Tynan and others.

The Times, in the course of a discussion on the extradition of Tynan, says that there is no doubt that the extradition treaty with France would be retrospective, and could be made to cover the Phoenix Park murders, for which there is a fair chance that extradition would be granted. But The Times expresses doubt whether the treaty would cover the case of a culprit in a fresh dynamite conspiracy.

The Chronicle quotes "a well informed Irish correspondent," who declares that Tynan is not the genuine "No. 1," but only a braggart, who posed as such. He has been in London, declares The Chronicle, within a year. Why was he not arrested then? It is quite unlikely that the foreign office will press very hard for his extradition, as the prosecution he would have might lead to very embarrassing disclosures.

The Chronicle's Paris correspondent says: The fact that Tynan fought against Germany, in 1870, is likely to weigh in his favor with the French authorities.

Could Have Been Prevented.

London, Sept. 17.—The Daily News and The Chronicle reproduce extracts from the contribution to The North American Review by Dr. Cyrus Hamlin, who was a missionary of the American board in Turkey from 1837 to 1856, and who founded the Robert college near Constantinople. Dr. Hamlin's contribution was in the form of an open letter to Senator Sherman, and dealt with the question of protection of Americans in Turkey. An editorial in The Daily News says of the letter that it puts the case in a nutshell. If one of all of the powers, says The Daily News, had stood up to Turkey, there would have been no massacres.

Stirring Up Strife.

Rio de Janeiro, Sept. 17.—The Jacobin party is preparing to inaugurate anew the anti-Italian agitation. It is feared that the army will aid the turbulent faction and that grave conflicts will occur. It is rumored that a revolution is being organized by the Jacobins and the monarchist party and that the Italian question will serve as a base for an insurrection against the government. The authorities are aware of the rumors, and are taking measures to prevent the plans of the agitators from coming to a head.

A Central American Alliance.

Panama, Sept. 17.—The delegates appointed by San Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua met at Amapala to ratify the treaty of Amapala, made some months ago by President Gutierrez, Bonilla and Zelaya at that port. The object of the treaty is a union of the three republics into one, to be called Republica Mayor de Central America. Costa Rica and Guatemala refused to enter the union.

Not Yet Settled.

Rome, Sept. 17.—The Italia publishes an interview with the premier, Marquis Di Rudini, in which he denies the statement given out here, and telegraphed all over the world, that Italy's peace negotiations with Abyssinia have been concluded.

American Capital In Peru.

Lima, Sept. 17.—The corporation of the city of Lima has approved a contract with an American electric lighting and tramway company, to which is accorded valuable concessions to the amount of 70,000 sols per annum.

Great Season For Game.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 17.—Advices from the north country are to the effect that bear, deer, moose and partridge are more plenty than for many years. A great influx of sportsmen is looked for.

The Perfect Pill
Perfect in preparation.
Perfect in operation.
Ayer's Cathartic Pills
Perfect post-prandial pill.
Perfect for all purposes.
THE PILL THAT WILL

ANGLO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

Might Be the Means of Peaceably Settling the Turkish Question.

London, Sept. 17.—The St. James Gazette, in an article commenting upon the indifference of the European powers in regard to the Turkish massacres, proposes the formation of an alliance between the United States and Great Britain, in which Italy might possibly join. Alone among the nations of the earth, The Gazette says, the Americans can understand the impulse driving a free people into war in order to rescue the oppressed. If the three powers mentioned should present a joint demand to the government at Constantinople, it is improbable that any serious employment of force would be necessary.

The Chronicle and Daily News publish many columns of dispatches saying that the European nations are rousing themselves against the sultan, though the semi-official journals are callous to the sufferings of the Christians in the Turkish dominions.

The Chronicle this morning welcomes the suggestion of the St. James Gazette, that a new dreibund, including Great Britain, the United States and Italy, would solve the Armenian problem. The Chronicle looks upon this as a proposal having nothing in common with cynical indifferentism and greatly hopes that it will find an echo in the United States. The Chronicle then proceeds to assert that an American admiral was last year ordered to bombard Yildiz palace, if there was any further massacres of Armenians. These orders, says The Chronicle, were subsequently withdrawn when the Venezuelan dispute came to a head; a signal example of the danger of leaving such disputes to simmer till they boil over at the most disastrous moment. The sooner Lord Salisbury and Mr. Olney can agree to the arbitration of the question, the better it will be for the chance of the union which The St. James Gazette so wisely commends.

Lord Hugh Cecil, son of the Marquis of Salisbury, who has been staying with his father at Walmer, has sent a reply to an invitation to attend an indignation meeting on account of the Armenian atrocities, in which he writes: "Every Englishman must share in the general indignation aroused by the atrocities perpetrated under the infamous government of the sultan. It is most earnestly to be wished that the indignation may now cease to be confined to our country. Unhappily, it would seem that we should be dangerously misleading the Armenians if we made them believe that England alone can save them. Lamentable as it is, it appears to be the fact that there is strictly no hope for them till the feeling abroad, at least, approximates the excitement here. I trust that this may soon happen."

Interesting Case Settled.

Boston, Sept. 17.—A decision was handed down in the United States court of appeals here, sustaining the former court decree on appeals in the case of Edward R. DeLong, et al, vs. the United States. The appellants contended that 13 barrels of frozen fish that they had imported were free of duty. The collector of the port of Boston, however, assessed a duty, and DeLong appealed to the appraisers, who sustained the collector. The United States circuit court also decided that the fish was dutiable, and the verdict of the court of appeals makes the fish liable to duty, although it came in ice.

Old Fighters Meet.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 17.—The reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, which is being celebrated here, is an unqualified success. One of the finest parades ever seen in this city was witnessed yesterday. The public buildings, schoolhouses and residences on the line of march were covered with buntings and flags. Many relics of war and pictures of officers were placed in the store windows. After the parade a business meeting was held, and the following officers were elected: President, General William W. Henry, Burlington; recording secretary, General H. C. King, New York; treasurer, General Samuel Truesdale, New York; corresponding secretary, Dr. C. W. Scott, Boston; vice presidents were elected from the various regiments. Last evening public exercises were held at the Opera House, where addresses of welcome were made by Mayor H. S. Peck and Governor U. A. Woodbury, which were responded to in behalf of the society by the newly elected president. The oration of the day was delivered by Mayor Orlando Smith, M. S. V., of Washington. Captain Jack Crawford, the poet scout, read a poem, and several addresses were made by prominent members of the society.

Firemen In Session.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 17.—The 17th annual convention of the Massachusetts State Firemen's association opened here yesterday, 200 delegates being present. Papers were read by C. J. H. Hotman of Quincy and H. A. Glasier of Malden. The report of the committee on aid fund showed that $7465 had been paid during the year. Other papers by chiefs from about the state were also read.

Sues For Broken Heart.

St. Louis, Sept. 17.—Chris Von Der Ahe, president of the St. Louis Browns, is defendant in a suit filed here yesterday by Miss Annie Kaiser, who asks for $10,000 damages for breach of promise. Recently Mr. Von Der Ahe married Miss Della Wells. When this was announced Miss Kaiser stated that Von Der Ahe promised to marry her, but the time had never been set for the wedding.

Knights Templar at New Bedford.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 17.—Grand commandery, Knights Templar, of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, held its 14th annual conclave yesterday with Thomas Dalton commandery of this city. The big parade was held at noon, after which dinner was served in Waverly hall. The prize drill was given last evening in the Guards' armory.

New Job For the Essex.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The cruiser Essex, which has been used for several years past as the training ship for the naval apprentices, is about to be converted into a gunship, to replace the Lancaster, as a training ship for seamen gunners. She is ordered to New York, to be fitted with a spardeck for this purpose.

TEXAS AGROUND

Big Battleship Lies Off Newport, R. I.

SHE RAN ASHORE AMIDSHIP YESTERDAY.

Fears For Her Safety in a Storm.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 17.—The battleship Texas, which left the North Atlantic squadron yesterday afternoon for the purpose of getting a supply of torpedoes here, struck a rock while coming into the harbor at 5:50 o'clock, and is hard and fast. She rests on the ground amidships, and resisted all attempts made by the tug Aquidneck to dislodge her. The position of the vessel is a dangerous one, and should a storm set in, it would go hard with her. The place where the vessel struck is almost directly opposite the torpedo station.

The Texas left the North Atlantic squadron after the Massachusetts had left the harbor and joined the other ships. When she reached the harbor, the tide was running out strongly and was at about half ebb. The first warning the officers had of the danger was a slight shock, just forward of amidships. Captain Glass at once ordered the port anchor out. The hook held firmly, and the ship gradually swung broadside on to the beach. She was firm, and could not be moved so as to make the least headway by means of the anchor. The ebbing tide left her a fixture. Captain Glass and Lieutenant Kelley were both on the bridge, and neither supposed the water at that point to be so shallow.

An examination was made at once, and it was decided to send for a tug. With the tide below half ebb, five fathoms of water were found under the bow, and about the same depth under the stern. As the tide fell the bow began to appear above the water. The stern was on a line with the water. All the naval officials who have seen the vessel admit that her position is a dangerous one.

The tug Aquidneck arrived alongside the Texas within half an hour after she struck, and quickly got a line out. The warship, however, proved too heavy for the tug to handle, and was apparently firmly fixed.

The tug was obliged to give up the attempt to float the monster battleship, but will make another attempt later. Several other tugs, and possibly the giant wrecker Right Arm, will assist her.

The Texas is a second class two-turret battleship, of 6315 tons displacement and 8000 horse power. Her speed is 17 knots an hour. She was built in 1889-90, and cost $2,500,000.

A statement was given out late last night by the commander of the Texas, as follows: "The ship slowed down in 15 fathoms of water and stopped in 11 fathoms. A signal was given to back the port engines, but was mistaken in the engine room, and the engines started ahead. Word was sent down to see if the engines were backing, and the word came back, 'yes.' Word was sent back to back both engines at full speed when the mistake was discovered, but before they could be backed the vessel struck on the beach. The port anchor was dropped in 23 feet of water, the vessel drawing 23.6 feet forward. Divers were sent down, and she was found to be resting easily, no rock being under her. The machinist in the engine room is responsible for the affair. It is thought the vessel is not badly damaged."

Maine to the Front.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 17.—Within the past five years the paper and pulp industry in Maine has increased 100 per cent, and is still growing. Maine now ranks third in the production of these materials. The lumber merchant today cannot purchase logs without paying an exorbitant sum, owing to the heavy demand for paper and pulp. Mills for the latter industry are being erected all over the state, several new ones having been built this season, and many are now in process of construction.

Naval Vessels' Movements.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The Monterey has arrived at San Francisco, the Boston at Che-Foo and the Dolphin at Wood's Holl. Admiral Bunce's squadron has sailed from Fisher's island for Tompkinsville. The ships will spend three days at sea on the way drilling. The Texas has gone to Newport to receive her outfit of torpedoes.

Charged With Murder.

Cleveland, Sept. 17.—James Keenan, a musician, is under arrest at police headquarters, on charges preferred by his common law wife. She alleges that Keenan, two years ago, killed Anna King, 22 years old, who was an inmate of a disreputable house in Buffalo, and then fled from the city. Keenan refuses to talk upon the subject.

Baseball.

At Baltimore—Boston, 8; Baltimore, 6.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 1.
At Washington—Washington, 11; Brooklyn, 2.
At New York—Philadelphia, 6; New York, 2.
At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 11; Pittsburg, 0. Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 0.

Run Down a Schooner.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 17.—Steamer Reading of Philadelphia, which arrived here yesterday, was libelled in the sum of $18,000 by the owners of the schooner James Dyer, which was run down and sunk off Gay Head on Sunday. United States Marshal Campbell placed a keeper on board.

Carriage Company Goes Under.

Amesbury, Mass., Sept. 17.—The Amesbury Carriage company, one of the principal business firms here, assigned yesterday, with liabilities of $60,000. The company, which has salesrooms in Boston, has recently met with heavy losses.

An Old Man's Suicide.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 17.—In East Paris yesterday some boys found the body of Hiram Lake, aged 70, hanging from a tree in the woods, he having committed suicide. He had been missing since Tuesday morning.

Of Interest to Women.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 17.—The 24th congress of the Association for the Advancement of Women opened in this city yesterday. President Julia Ward Howe delivered the opening address. A paper on "housekeeping as a profession," by Mrs. L. F. Kennard of Brookline, Mass., was discussed. Papers on "the bicycle as a factor in modern life," "literature the precursor of reform" and "value of early habit of observation of nature of woman" were also discussed.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Judge R. F. Crowell of Washington died at Westboro, Mass.

Mrs. Mary Maloon committed suicide at Laconia, N. H., by hanging.

French and British residents of Constantinople say they are in danger.

Boston tobacco importers expect no further supplies of tobacco from Cuba.

James M. Ashley, ex-congressman, and territorial governor of Montana, died at Toledo.

Rev. Lewis Noyes, formerly connected with the Little Wanderers' home, Boston, is dead.

A shipment of $2,500,000 in gold from the Bank of France to New York will be made this week.

Arthur Garrett, 24 years old, employed by the Consolidated road, was run over by a freight train at Providence.

Rev. Otis S. Danforth, pastor of the Garden Street Methodist church, Lawrence, Mass., died at Clayton, N. Y.

Special agents of the treasury department are making their annual examination of the custom house accounts.

The Kurtz & Buhrer Foundry company, Chicago, assigned. Assets are placed at $60,000 and liabilities $30,000.

J. M. Hall, well known in railroad circles, accidentally killed himself at Allegheny, Pa., while cleaning his revolver.

The treasury yesterday lost $43,200 in gold coin, and $10,500 in gold bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve $114,123,469.

The bell buoy at Pollock Rip Slue, Vineyard sound, which was reported to have been dragged from the proper position, has been replaced on its station.

Kearney and Haines, the two alleged Irish dynamiters, were interrogated by the chief of police at Rotterdam yesterday. Both prisoners refused to answer any of the questions put to them.

Ethelred Is Safe.

Newport News, Va., Sept. 17.—The British steamer Ethelred, which should have reached Boston six days ago, was towed to the Newport News shipyard yesterday, in a disabled condition, by the tug Little Nell of Norfolk. The Ethelred left Port Antonio, Jamaica, for Boston on Sept. 4, with a cargo of fruit. When off the Georgia coast she encountered a severe gale, and for several days she was at the mercy of the tempest. Her steering gear became out of order and her engines disabled. She was finally picked up by a tramp steamer, which afterward turned out to be a tug. Captain Hopkins, master of the Ethelred, says the gale was one of the most terrific he ever encountered. "I found it necessary to jettison my cargo," he said, "and our delay has caused all of the fruit to spoil. A large portion of the cargo was thrown overboard after the vessel reached here." The Ethelred is of 631 tons burden, and carries a crew of 16. She has been in the fruit carrying trade between Boston and Jamaica for several years.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Member of Republican State Committee Got Discouraged.

Wellesley, Mass., Sept. 17.—Herbert F. Plympton, chairman of the executive committee of the Republican state central committee, committed suicide yesterday afternoon, in his father's house at Wellesley Hills, by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. Mr. Plympton was about 31 years old. He had been actively at work in the interests of the campaign for the past month, and yesterday morning appeared as bright as usual. This was the second year that Mr. Plympton had served the Republican party in an official position, and his ability as a manager was recognized by the leaders of the party. He was agent for an insurance company, and had a large business. He leaves a wife and two children.

FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Great Games and Athletic Events Coming to Lowell.

One week from Saturday the greatest athletic event ever held in Lowell will take place at the Fair grounds when the Burke Athletic club will hold the New England annual amateur championship games under its auspices.

The meeting will open at 2 o'clock and there will be fifteen events all told, as follows: 100 yards run, 220 yards run, 440 yards run, 880 yards run, one mile run, one mile walk, two mile safety bicycle (amateur), pole vault for height, running high jump, running broad jump, throwing 16 pound hammer, throwing 56-pound weight for distance, putting 16-pound shot, 120 yards hurdle (10 flights, 3 feet, 6 inches high), and 220 yards hurdle (10 flights, 2 feet, 6 inches high.)

A gold medal, emblematic of the championship of New England, will be awarded the winner in each event, a silver medal to the second and a bronze medal to the third.

They will be on exhibition in Boston, Worcester and lastly in this city.

The president of the Burke Athletic club has received a letter from B. J. Wefers, in which the latter says he does not think he will be able to attend the meet.

It is quite probable that Tom Burke of Boston, the champion quarter-mile runner of the world, will be present and in the games. Tom is in fine shape, as he showed at his meet in New York when he defeated Wefers in the great quarter-mile, and will form a great attraction. The track will be in fine shape this time and good work may be expected.

THE SILVER LEAGUE

Has Another Wrangle Which Results in Nothing.

The Silver League had a wrangle last night on the endorsement of Harrington for congress.

Mr. J. J. Dolaney brought the question up and Mr. O'Connell seconded it as did several others.

James J. Dacey, William Cogger and Mr. Kinsella who opposed Mr. Harrington in the caucuses, opposed this motion and after a wrangle the meeting adjourned without action.

Mr. O'Connell said he was done with a silver league that would not endorse a silver candidate.

Marriage Intentions.

There was only one intention recorded at the city clerk's office today. It was Joseph C. Woodhend 32, to Hannah McGuinness 26.

Much in Little
Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

IN CENTRALVILLE

Two September Weddings Took Place Yesterday.

CONTRACTING PARTIES ARE VERY WELL KNOWN.

A Beautiful Display of Wedding Presents.

Mr. John H. McGuinness and Miss Sadie Brammer were united in wedlock at St. Michael's parochial residence yesterday afternoon by Rev. John J. Gilday, acting pastor of the church. Mr. James F. McGuinness, brother of the groom, was best man, and the bridesmaid was Miss Annie Brammer a sister of the bride. After the ceremony the bridal party received friends at the home of the bride's parents, 14 Albion street.

The bride was attired in a beautiful gown of white crepe de chene silk with lace and pearl trimmings and carried bride's roses.

The bridesmaid's dress was of pink china silk and lace trimmings. After the reception at the house, Mr. and Mrs. McGuinness left on a bridal trip to New York and Bridgeport, Conn. Upon their return they will reside at 14 Albion street.

The groom is a well known young resident of this city and for years has been identified with the Burke Temperance institute, having served several terms as its president. He and his young bride start out in life under most favorable auspices and attended by the kind wishes of their many acquaintances for a happy and prosperous married life.

The many elegant presents received by the young couple testified to the esteem in which they are held.

Members of the Burke Temperance Institute sent a handsome sideboard and a dining room table. The gift of Mr. and Mrs. James McGuinness was an oak chamber set. Mrs. Brammer gave a set of silver and a commode set. The other presents were: A large mirror from John Ryan and the Misses Ryan of Littleton; hall stand, Messrs. Callahan and Riley; antique oak set from the mother and brother of the groom; marble clock, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Murphy; handsome umbrella stand, Mr. John P. Farley; beautiful gold chair, the McNabb family; mirror from Misses Greenhall, Kerrigan and Hansbury; set of spoons, Miss Margaret Blackburn; set of pictures, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Oldfield; dinner set, Mrs. Wallace and family; lemonade set, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Boyers; dinner set, Mr. and Mrs. John Blackburn; water set, Miss Annie Murphy; clock, Master James Blackburn; salad dish, Mrs. McNeil; butter dish, Mrs. John O'Connell; vase, Mrs. John McNabb; sets of table linen were received from Miss Kate E. Riley of Marblehead and Sarah O'Loughlin; several nice rockers were sent by Mrs. Thomas McNabb and family, James E. Donnelly, Misses Annie and Sarah Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Liston and Mr. and Mrs. John McNabb and Mrs. J. J. Donnelly gave several handsome pictures.

Heaps-Callahan.

Another marriage in which two young residents of Centralville were the contracting parties was solemnized at St. Michael's parochial residence yesterday afternoon. At 4 o'clock Rev. John J. Gilday united in the bonds of matrimony Mr. Henry J. Heaps and Miss Catherine T. Callahan.

Mr. Wm. F. Clark was best man and Miss Jennie Heaps, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid. The groom is a member of the Lowell Military band, and last evening the band serenaded the young couple at their beautiful home, 2 Blinkhorn avenue. He is also one of the G. A. R. quartet and for several years has been connected with the lands and buildings department.

At the reception which Mr. and Mrs. Heaps gave last evening many of their friends called to offer congratulations. All left substantial proof of their regard for the groom and the bride in the shape of some very pretty wedding gifts. Mrs. Margaret Heaps gave a range, and an oak dining room table was received from Bernard Callahan. A mammoth lamp of beautiful design was received from the groom's associates in the Lowell Military band.

There were also dining room chairs from Misses Mary A. and Mary E. Callahan; large lamp, Mr. and Mrs. George McLaughlin; handsome parlor table, Mr. William Clark; shoe box, James P. Larkin; umbrella stand, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Heaps; picture, Miss R. E. Keily; smoking set, Miss O'Toole; pictures, Mr. and Mrs. James Furlong; silver spoons, Mrs. Joseph Clark; bon bon spoons, J. Dexter; berry spoons, Miss B. Maxwell; silver castors, Mrs. Coleman; silver knives and spoons, Mary J. Callahan; table linen Mary Callahan; linen, Lizzie Murphy; table linen, Annie McGann, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Shields, Mr. and Mrs. Peter L. Furlong, Miss Mary Lynch, Miss J. Maguire; rugs, J. J. Gaynor and Mrs. William Plunkett; hand painted plaque, Miss Blanche Dexter; commode set, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pollard; glassware, Annie O'Toole; dinner set, Miss N. A. Maxwell; fruit basket, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Murphy; glass dishes, Miss Kate Riley; statuary, Miss Maggie Kerrigan; picture and easel, Smith family; pictures, Mary A. Shields, Patrick Callahan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Downo, Miss Maggie Riley, Miss Maggie Doherty and Misses McBride, McGinness and Dolan; set of dishes, Miss McGinn; bon bon set,

Dopp-Hardy.

At the home of the bride's parents, No. 59 Cambridge street, Miss Florence M. Hardy and Mr. James W. Dopp were yesterday united in matrimony by Rev. Dr. J. M. Greene. The happy couple left immediately after the ceremony for northern New York, where they will spend their honeymoon as Mr. Dopp's former home. Miss Harriet M. Hartford was bridesmaid and Mr. Amos L. Taylor of Franklin, N. H., was best man.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Pendergast; fruit knives, Miss Kate Shane; fruit basket, M. J., and Miss Burns; barrel of flour, Thos. Maguire.

Conry-Gorham.

The marriage of William E. Conry, the popular manager of the local office of the Postal Telegraph Co., and Miss Agnes Gorham, and estimable young lady of Cambridge, and formerly of Portland, Me., occurred at Fr. Scully's church in the University City on Wednesday last. After the ceremony the happy couple proceeded to the fashionable summer resorts among the New Hampshire hills, where they enjoyed their honeymoon. Mr. and Mrs. Conry have taken up their residence on Tyler street and have the best wishes of their many friends.

Stevenson-Stacey.

The marriage of Harry W. Stevenson and Miss Gertrude A. Stacey occurred last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Stacey, 6 Varnum avenue. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. M. Dick of the First Congregational church and the happy couple were attended by Miss Nellie McDavitt and Mr. John Boyd.

Among those present were Mrs. G. L. Stevenson, mother of the groom, from Clinton, Me.; Miss Harriet Berry of Portland, Me.; Mr. Fred B. Stacey of Columbia hall, Lebanon Springs. A collation was served by the D. L. Page company.

Late in the evening Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson started on a tour which will last two weeks, and will be confined to Maine.

First class job printing at this office.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
Every Jacket, Reefer, Cape, Wrapper, Skirt and Shirt Waist
MUST BE SOLD AT THE
IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE
8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everything regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.
Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3 will go at 98c.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.
Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 69c. and 98c.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain.
A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

REMNANTS
KERSEY
CLOAKING
WE OFFER
AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY
THIS WEEK.

30,000 yards of Remnants of All Wool Kersey in browns, tans, blacks and red. All Wool Cheviot Cloaking in black. All Wool Broadcloths heavy weight in brown, black, red and tans—All 1½ yards wide pure wool and at the bargain

PRICE OF 69c. PER YARD.

Just the goods for Fall Garments, Capes, Overcoats, etc., and worth on the piece from $1.50 to $2.00 per yard, all at the same price of 69c. only.

BARGAIN DEPT.—BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

A Well Established Profitable Business,
ON MERRIMACK STREET FOR SALE AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 66-5.

WRIGHT & REMILLARD
Late employed at Mrs. C. Cote, dressmaker, as first hands, announce to the public that they opened Dressmaking Rooms at No. 326 Suffolk street, Coffey's Block. They promise first class satisfaction to their customers.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 14. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

LOCAL CAMPAIGN

Necessity of Registration by Lowell Democrats.

OVER 2000 ELIGIBLE VOTERS TO BE REGISTERED.

Registration Will Open Monday Evening.

A careful examination of the checklists posted throughout the city and of the precinct books together with a careful canvass of four wards, reveals the fact that there are more than 2000 democrats in Lowell whose names are not on the list.

This is the result in part of the careless registration for the past three or four years. The party has not been anywhere near fully registered since 1892. It will be difficult to get all the names on this year, but if it is to be attempted it must be done right away.

Registration commences next Monday evening at 7 o'clock and continues till 9 o'clock.

Let every democrat examine the list, see if his name is on and if not get it put on at once. If any information or assistance be needed call at democratic headquarters, corner of Merrimack and Shattuck streets, Wentworth block.

Dr. Greene thinks his free illustrated lectures are of more importance to humanity than a republican rally and declines to give up the hall to the young republicans who hold forth tonight. Consequently Associate hall has been engaged and Mr. MacBrayne, who has been training his voice by talking to the waves of Nova Scotia, will find the place too small for his voice.

A young man named Joseph Donovan who isn't the most widely known in Lowell, will address the young republicans as a representative of the Irish-Americans; while Joseph Monnette, his law partner, and who, it is said, has arrived here too recently to have his name on the check list, if he is a citizen, will represent the French. Martin Garo will represent the Armenians and the chairman will represent all other nationalities. If time will permit Henry Cabot Lodge will be presented to say a few words.

"Cogger—Not later than today, Mr. Harrington's manager told me that he did not expect to get elected; he only wanted political prestige for the postmastership."

This from the Mail's report this morning is an unmitigated lie and until Mr. Cogger tells who Harrington's manager is, and who made that statement, it will be regarded as a fabrication of his own.

Would it be permissible to ask who Cogger, Dacey and Kinsella favor for congress.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Sherman, J.

In the case of McNabb vs. Rowland yesterday, the jury after three hours deliberation returned a verdict for the defendant.

The case of Mathes vs. Cheney took up the entire session yesterday.

The case of Mather vs. Cheney went to the jury this forenoon, and the case of Mitchell True against the Traders' National bank, a contest over a note involving $250 was called.

Then the replevin case of Carroll vs. Constable Murray. Manning for the plaintiff and Owens for the defendant, was taken up.

Miss Abbie M. Smith with her milliners, Miss Bennett, Mrs. M. E. Dudley and Miss Kittie McCarthy, are in New York selecting fall styles.

Four coat makers wanted at Cavanaugh & Disault's, corner Central and Middle street.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

TELEPHONE To WILLIAM COGGER, 23 Concord street, for a load of mill kindling or slabs, at $1.00 a load. Telephone No. 433-3.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

IN THE CAMPAIGN

Crane Beats Winslow in the Caucuses.

THE O'SULLIVAN-ATKINSON DEBATE AT BROOKLINE.

Fusion May Carry Illinois for Bryan.

Boston, Sept. 17.—The Republicans held caucuses last night in a large number of the cities and towns of the commonwealth, and while there was no opposition to the nomination of Lieutenant Governor Wolcott for governor, there was a spirited contest for the lieutenant governorship between W. M. Crane of Dalton and S. E. Winslow of Worcester. Returns from a majority of the caucuses held show that Mr. Crane has a long lead over his opponent, and should the cities and towns which hold caucuses tonight give him the same relative support, he will undoubtedly win. Fifteen cities have already returned 215 delegates in Crane's favor, to 79 for Winslow. In Boston, where it was supposed that Winslow was especially strong, Crane has already 100 delegates, while not a ward in those which have been heard from have elected a Winslow supporter. The towns, also have, with few exceptions, elected Crane delegates, and he has made inroads in Winslow's own county, Worcester. There were also a number of warm contests in the congressional districts, but all were overshadowed by the bitter fight in the Tenth district, between Congressman Harrison H. Atwood and Rev. Samuel J. Barrows. This contest for a month past has been of a personal character, and Mr. Atwood's former record, as city architect of Boston, has been severely criticised. The caucuses in the district were the largest ever held, and in a number of wards additional ballot boxes were required. The contest is a very close one and the final result is unsettled. Two to one was the record in the lieutenant governorship fight in favor of W. M. Crane, this morning. There had been received up to 4 o'clock returns from 49 towns, 18 cities and 12 wards of Boston, showing that Mr. Crane had to his credit 557 delegates, while 250 had been chosen favorable to Colonel Samuel E. Winslow. Still later figures show that Congressman Atwood was snowed under. Barrows' delegates were elected in wards 12, 14, 17, 19, 20 and 24. This ensures him the Republican nomination by an overwhelming majority.

Fusion In Illinois.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—The last obstacle to the contemplated fusion on the presidential electors in Illinois between the Silver Democrats and Populists has been removed, and fusion finally effected. At the meeting of the Democratic state central committee yesterday, Chairman Hinrichsen announced that he had received the resignations of three of the Democratic electoral candidates, Thomas Carey, George P. Foster and George M. Lecrone. Lieutenant Governor Gill's resignation for the electoral vote was also received, but this was referred to the executive committee. The resignations of Messrs. Carey, Foster and Lecrone were accepted, and their places on the electoral ticket will be given to Populists—H. S. Taylor, Herman Alachuler and H. E. Taubeneck. On the state ticket, W. F. Beck's resignation, as nominee for auditor, was accepted, and A. L. Maxwell, the Populist nominee, named in his place.

The Atkinson-O'Sullivan Debate.

Brookline, Mass., Sept. 17.—A joint debate took place last night, in the town hall, between Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan of Lawrence and Edward Atkinson of this town, the money question being the subject. There was a large gathering present. Mr. O'Sullivan opened the debate, and consumed 40 minutes in presenting his view on the silver side of the question. Mr. Atkinson's argument occupied the same time, and was not so flowerly or so filled with sarcasm as Mr. Sullivan's. He confined himself closely to statistics and what he called "facts." The last 15 minutes of the debate were spent in replying to one another's questions, much to the delight of the audience.

Everybody Turned Out.

Minneapolis, Sept. 17.—One of the largest political demonstrations ever witnessed in the northwest was that held here last night, upon the occasion of Bourke Cockran's address in this city. The parade which took place before the meeting was three miles long. At Exposition hall, where the meeting took place, not one-third of the people who applied for admission could be seated, although the capacity of the building is about 10,000.

POLICE NOTES.

Thomas H. Shepard, who was arrested in Lawrence for larceny of two watches and a ring from his former boarding house at 20 West Third street, this city, got eight months in the house of correction. Before coming here, however, he got three months from the Lawrence court for stealing $5 in that city.

Morrison Mad.

Lewis Morrison the actor called on Clerk Smith of the police board to complain of "ruffianly" conduct of a hack driver last night.

LATEST

OF THE MILL SITUATION

LOOKING BETTER THROUGHOUT NEW ENGLAND.

Prospect of a General Resumption of Business at an Early Day.

The prospects for the running of the New England mills has become much better. The market has taken on an upward tendency and the Arkwright club will not insist on any general curtailment.

Advices received are to the effect that the mills of Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Maine and Connecticut are starting up again after the summer's long rest. There will be a general resumption of business in the mills now idle in a few weeks.

DEMURRER STANDS.

Court Dismissed Suit Against B. F. Butler Estate.

The full bench of the Supreme court rendered a decision yesterday in the several equity suits brought by Joseph H. Bond of Hempstead, N. Y., Louise D. Houghton, et al. of Newton, John Thompson of Boston, and Herbert M. Knapp of Bridgeport, Ct., against Paul Butler et al., administrators of the estate of Benjamin F. Butler, asking in the aggregate $213,000 damages for alleged false and fraudulent representations made by an agent of Gen. Butler about nine years before they brought their suits, in consequence of which the plaintiffs were induced to part with certain equitable interests in lands in Colorado at less than their value.

The full bench sustains the defendants' demurrers and dismisses the bills.

MIDDLESEX NORTH FAIR

Opened Today at the Fair Grounds Fine Program Offered

This is Fair day if not a fair day.

This noon, the forty-first annual fair of the Middlesex North Agricultural society opened at the Fair grounds and one of the finest programs ever offered is presented.

A feature of the races will be the running horse races and some of the fastest runners in New England are entered. The exhibits are better and more numerous than ever and on the whole this year's fair promises to be the finest of the forty-one.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

The Millionaire.

Dan Sully opens in Music hall next Monday with his great melodrama "The Millionaire." Dan is one of the best Irish comedians on the stage and his new character, "O'Brien the Contractor," is a type that everyone will want to see, as it is characterized one of the best bits of work Mr. Sully has ever done. His company is a fine one and the play is full of thrilling realism. The building of a railroad track on the stage, the strike in the railroad gang, the explosion in Rocky Gorge and other scenes are splendidly done. The play is full of rich humor and is one that is certain of a great success, as it has played to crowded audiences wherever presented. Dan Sully has been seen here before with "Corner Grocery" and his reputation is well known.

James Reilly will open tonight at Music hall as Unser Max in the "German Soldier," a farce comedy of the rollicking kind, full of song, humor, dance and comedy, interspersed with touches of feeling, all carrying on a pretty love story.

WHEELS ON THE BRIDGE.

Can They Be Carried Over by Pedestrians?

A man waited on City Messenger Cahill this morning and asked if the Moody street bridge is open to foot travel. When the City Messenger told him that he thought it is, he asked if bicycles can be taken over the bridge. "I notice that some are allowed to take their "wheels" over the bridge, while others are stopped by the police officer," said the man.

"I think if any one is allowed to go over, all should."

The Messenger told him that the officer had no right to discriminate.

PERSONAL.

Miss Madeline Hoar has returned from Franklin, where she spent her vacation.

Mrs. Edward Crawford and Miss Maud Taylor of Somersworth, N. H., are the guests of their cousins, the Misses Maher of West Third street.

Rev. and Mrs. C. L. Merriam tended a reception to members of the Highland Congregational church at their home, 380 Wilder street, last evening.

Police Court—Hadley, J.

One of the 14 drunks in court, Frederick Foss, was sentenced to the workhouse for six months.

John Brady, the bootblack boxer, was in for alleged larceny of a bootblack's box the property of Andrew McQuade. The case was continued until Friday.

William P. McBride was arrested by Officer Mulry last evening as he was boarding a train at the Northern depot. It is alleged that McBride attempted larceny at the depot and at the time of the arrest a young man present claimed that his mother had been robbed of her railroad ticket and a sum of money, though he couldn't identify the thief. McBride pleaded not guilty and was continued until Sept. 23.

Off For Europe.

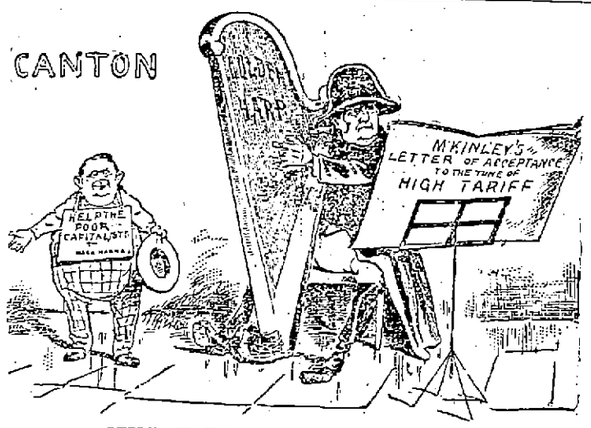
The following named Lowell people are among the passengers to leave Boston Saturday on the Cunard line steamer Bothnia for Europe: Miss Mary Donohue, Miss Lizzo Donohue, Miss Mary Canden, Lawrence Gallagher, Timothy Murry and James Houghton, all booked through Murphy's steamship agency.

That Boiler Investigation.

The committee appointed to investigate the matter of exorbitant charges in making repairs on the boilers at city hall, will meet Saturday night at 7.30. Mr. Qua has summoned the witnesses.

Burned His Hands.

A workman employed in repairing telephone wires at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets yesterday spilled some naptha over his hand while attempting to ignite a naptha lamp. It caught fire and his hand was badly burned.



STILL HARPING ON THE OLD TUNE.

VARNUM DOWNED

Rep. Putnam Gives Him a Severe Defeat.

CARRYING FIVE WARDS TO VARNUM'S ONE.

Murray Crane Defeats Winslow in All Wards.

George E. Putnam won.

The "Boss" resurrected from the ruins of last year's mayoralty fight, made a final struggle and then went down in defeat.

Varnum is dead politically; and in his own bailiwick there is great jubilation. His defeat is but a repetition of last year's experience. He had shouters in plenty, but he was minus voters. There was a time when the voters favored Varnum with political preferment; that was before he became a "boss." Putnam's victory is a popular one and will be particularly pleasing to the old liners. He carried every ward but two and elected his delegates in Chelmsford.

The congressional delegation is for Knox. To the surprise of many, Murray Crane, the A. P. A. candidate for lieutenant governor, carried the city despite the fact that many of the leading republican "pols" were pronounced Winslow men.

In the representative contests the leaders are Pattee of Ward one, Dobbins of Ward three and Rowell of Ward six.

The story of the caucuses follows:

Ward One.

E T Goward was chairman and Edward Barrett secretary. There were several challenged votes which were allowed by vote of the caucus. The polls were closed at 8.30 o'clock, the vote being as follows:

State delegates (Wolcott and Crane), 271; Homer B Nay, George H Tryder, Henry C Dexter, Thomas Collins, Albert Dege, Azro Schoolcraft. There were 42 ballots on the unpledged ticket.

Congressional delegates to fifth district convention, for Congressman William S Knox of Lawrence, 292; Homer B Nay, Clarence W Dana, Thomas Collins, Albert Dege, Azro H. Schoolcraft, George E. Putnam.

Senatorial delegates to seventh Middlesex convention, Putnam delegates, 202; John F Haskell, William Hounsell, Willis E Morse, Alfred R Boutilier, Kenneth J. Mackenzie, Arthur Smith.

Varnum delegates, 177; others not given.

Representative delegates, 26th district, unpledged, 230; John Taylor, Moses Wyman, Frank Scott, W H Sanders, Guy O Hunton, A J Bixby, E E Sherwood, Norman Gulline, Walter A Simpson, Robert S Gardner, W H Hall.

County delegates, all for Read; A B Bosea, William Hounsell, H B Nay, L A Derby, W J Burbeck, Moses Wyman, 250.

Ward Two.

This is the democratic stronghold and "Boss" Varnum carried it by two votes.

Wallace E Farris presided and Joshua Swallow was secretary. The result of the election was as follows:

State delegates, Wolcott and Crane, 47; Winslow, 17. Wallace E Farris and Daniel E Bruce chosen.

Congressional delegates, for Knox, 37; W E Farris, D E Bruce.

Representative delegates, unpledged, 51; James A Lotubard, W B Coulam, W A Pratt, George E Varney, August Sarre.

Councillor, for S H Howe, of Marlboro', 50; G W Margeson, George T. Bowen.

County, for Reed, for commissioner, 50; Allyn G Bowen, George Varney.

Senator, for Daniel H Varnum, 20; Frank E Butler, Daniel E Bruce. Putnam delegates, 27; Stevens, 11; Roper, 6.

Ward Three.

Putnam made no contest here but allowed Roper a clear field, so far as he was concerned, Roper easily won out from Varnum and Stevens. The delegates are:

State, Wolcott and Crane, 308: James W Bennett, Joseph Miller, Alfred P Bateman, George A Roper, George T Woodward, Henry C Fuller, Richard Dobbins, George E. Thomas, Arthur Staples. Unpledged delegates, 36.

Congressional, unanimous for Knox: Joseph Miller, Martin V B Libby, James W Bennett, Geo. A Roper, Arthur Staples, George F Thomas, Henry C Fuller, William Laddel, Fred A Estes.

Senatorial, Roper delegates, 230: William H Wiggin, Martin V B Libby, Alfred P Bateman, Joseph Miller, James A Pevey, Arthur Staples, Herbet F Barnes, Frank H Hallett, George A McIntosh.

Varnum delegates, 96; Stevens, 30. No Putnam ticket in the ward.

County delegates, unpledged, but considered solid for Read: Joseph Miller, William Lidder, George T Woodward, R W Gates, M V B Libby, J C Johnson, G A Roper, Arthur Staples, B H Wiggin.

Councilor, for Elisha Shaw of Chelmsford, 214,: Gardner W King, George A Roper, Arthur Staples, James A Pevey, James W Bennett, Royal W Gates, Christopher Holmes, Wm. A Eastman, George H Taylor.

Howe delegates, 143.

For representative, Richard Dobbins got 201 votes to 160 for David Dickson's delegates.

Ward Four.

There was a rousing time in this ward last night. Unfair tactics were employed and when the ballots were counted it was found that the ballot box had been stuffed. There were 30 more ballots cast than there were names checked on the list. Even Jerome F. Manning could not detect how the extra ballots got into the box. The caucus was a noisy one and many of the voters insisted that they had been cheated and robbed. The "Boss" was beaten and his supporter, Peter Cadlell, who pledged the ward to Varnum, lost the representative contest.

The full list of delegates elected was as follows:

State (Wolcott and Crane)—Chas. H Richardson, William H Walker, Harlan P Goodel, 129 votes to 14 for the unpledged.

County (unpledged)—Charles H Richardson, John McCreery, James Bennett, 116 votes, 2 scattering.

Councillor (Shaw)—Fred A Tuttle, Jefferson A Knowles and Byron W Johnson, 92 votes to 48 for Howe ticket.

Congressional (Knox)—Charles H Richardson, William H Walker and Harlan P Goodell, 133 votes, no opposition.

Senatorial (Putnam) Harry E Murray, John H Howarth and Fred A Tuttle, 112 votes, Varnum 40, Roper 23, Stevens 18.

Representative (unpledged) Charles Runels, Fred A Tuttle, Albert Bastow, William M. Rodger, Robert W. Mountford, James P. Ramsey and Harry E Murray, 198 votes cast, Peter Caddell, 66.

Ward Five.

George W Poore presided and E J Coote was secretary.

State delegates, unpledged, supposed to be for Winslow for lieutenant governor, 41; George W Poore, T G Waller, A G Walsh.

Crane delegates, 24.

Congressional, solid for Knox, G W Poore, A G Walsh, T G Waller.

County, unpledged, 58; G W Poore, James Clark, John Wilkinson.

Councillor, for Elisha Shaw, 35; E T Spaulding, A Leblanc, W H Badley.

Howe delegates, 29.

Senatorial, delegates to Sixth district in favor of A G Walsh, 36; A G Walsh, G W Poore, T G Waller, Henry Gray. No opposition.

Representative delegates to 27th district convention, G W Poore, J L Severance, C W Bowland, A Lawrence, H J Fay, W B Spaulding and C H Walker.

Ward Six.

Putnam defeated Varnum in his own ward, and Major Rowell won from A H Cluer in the representative contest.

During the evening 57 voters were challenged. About 650 votes were cast and Rowell defeated Cluer by only two votes.

These are the delegates for Mr. Putnam who received 329 votes as nominee for state senator of the seventh senatorial district from Ward six.

Frederick T Walsh, James S Thomson, John A Henderson, John S Marion, Joseph Champagne, and John M Kingsbury.

His opponents received the following votes: Varnum 279 and Stevens 32.

The delegates of E T Rowell, are:

Frank H Stearns, Frank Coburn, George E Stanley, William R Myers, Millard F Wood, John B Miller, George C Evans, Hiram E Huse, David W Dewar, Henry Miller, Edwin S Eastman, Joseph A Garmon, Charles H Belanger, Jude C Wadleigh and Harry Swan.

The delegates chosen for the state convention pledged for Wolcott and Crane as governor and lieutenant governor, are:

Frank K Stearns, John W Stewart, Sidney Drewett, Edwin S Eastman, Francis W Qua and Arthur H Cluer.

The delegates to the county convention, are:

John W Stewart, Henry Miller, Arthur H Cluer, Chas G Weilbrenner, Frank K Stearns, G Forrest Martin.

For councillor, Mr. Elisha H Shaw was nominated by 316 votes.

Mr Shaw's opponent, Howe of Marlboro, only carried 105 votes.

Congressional, Daniel H Varnum, Allen T Hodge, Isaac Tinker, James W Gregg, Frank K Stearns, Edwin S Eastman.

Ward Seven.

Walter Coburn presided and F. S. Butterfield was secretary. The delegates elected were as follows:

State, for Wolcott and Crane, 251: George E Ames, Walter Coburn, Oral K Dexter, Frederick Lawton, John Oliver, Camille Roussin, Samuel E Snow.

Winslow vote, 96.

Congressional, for Knox; Walter Coburn, George F Bills, Camille F Roussin, Elwell C Scott, John Oliver, William H I Hayes, Frederick Lawton.

Councillor, for E H Shaw: Herbert Pilling, Thomas Varnum, Damas Laporte, Robert Souton, Geo F Morey, Camille Roussin, Andrew Swapp, Charles M. Erskine.

County, unpledged; Henry L Newhall, Chas A Richardson, Jas P Fowler, Louis P Turcotte, Samuel E Snow, Lincoln R. Welch, J J Colton.

Senatorial, Putnam delegates, 210; Andrew G. Swapp, Samuel E. Snow, Charles E Howe, Paul Vigeant, Clarence G Coburn, James McKinley, Gershom C. Bassett.

Varnum delegates, 86; Stevens, 44; Roper, 25.

Representative delegates to 25th Middlesex convention, for Hayes without opposition.

Ward Eight.

About 600 votes were cast here and Putnam swamped the others. He got 223, Varnum 116, Roper 113, Stevens 68. For councillor, Elisha H Shaw received 362 votes to 61 for S H Howe of Marlborough.

For representative, W A Laug 379, Dr. Sanders 145.

The delegates elected are:

State (Wolcott and Crane)—Abel Wheeler, John C Wilson, George L Hooper, Benjamin Dunklee, Charles E Carter, George L Fowler, Zophar W Sturtevant, Oliver J. Shute, Anthony D Mitten and Arthur H Slater.

County (For Henry J Read) H J Williams, G L Fowler, Benjamin Dunklee, J P Thompson, Caleb Smith, Edwin W Lachance, Oliver J. Shute, E A Foss, Abel Wheeler and H C Taft.

Councillor (For Elisha H. Shaw)—George L Hooper, J P Thompson, G F Sturtevant, W H Dorr, S T Whittier, H J Williams, Albert Pindar, Caleb L Smith, D E Dudley and O M Pratt.

Congressional (For W S Knox)—Willard Everett, George L Fowler, Chas. E Carter, John C Wilson, Solon W Stevens, Abel Wheeler, Benjamin F Dunklee, Fred Harrison, Anthony D Mitten and George L Hooper.

Senatorial (For George E Putnam)—Orrin B Bartlett, Willard Everett, Herbert C. Taft, Emmett R. Galer, Edwin W Lachance, Zophar W. Sturtevant, Wallace G Parkin, Frank W Chandler, George L Hooper and Abel Wheeler.

Ward Nine.

C H Conant presided and Mark A Adams was secretary.

Delegates to the state convention for Wolcott and Crane: Charles A Scott, Alban F Swanton, Silas W Fletcher, J Tyler Stevens, C G A F W E Pihl, William L Dickey.

County delegates, unpledged: Edw. Ellingwood, A G Pollard, Jesse H Shepard, Frank A Carlson, Gunnar L Lindstedt, A G Thompson.

Congressional for Knox: J Tyler Stevens, Frederick P Marble, Carl G A F W E Pihl, William L Dickey, Albert G Thompson, Geo. Emsley.

Councillor for E H Shaw: Larkin T Trull, Thaddis P Hall, Fred J Flemmings, Albert W David, George R Richardson, Samuel Burbank.

Senatorial to sixth district convention, in favor of A G Walsh: A G Pollard, Larkin T Trull, John A Faulkner, Chas. H Conant, E L Dickey, Fred J Flemming.

Representative to 21st district: A M Chadwick, C A Eveleth, G H Stevens, T P Hall, James Markland, H K Gates, T W Howe, H. Kirk White, William English, George Campbell, L T Trull, J C Pihl, N H Mitchell, E J N Teale, Jesse Shepard.

CHELMSFORD REPUBLICANS

Declare for Putnam, Reed and Burns.

There was a bold attempt to defeat Reed for the county commissioner in Chelmsford and it was defeated by only one vote. Col. Ripley made a fight for Varnum but was beaten, Putnam delegates being elected. The congressional delegates are favorable to George J. Burns of Ayer. The representative delegates are:

Representative—Parley P Perham, William H Shedd, Joseph A Parkhurst, Charles F Bartlett, George H Ripley, Alexander H Park.

Town committtee—Charles E Bartlett, William H Hall and Erwin W Sweetser of the Centre; Stewart Mackay, Charles F Scribner and J S Wotton of the Noth Village; William H Shedd of East Chelmsford, Fred L Fletcher and Alfred G. Parkhurst of West Chelmsford, John H. Redman and Edgar B. Lapham of South Chelmsford.

THE SLATE ALL RIGHT.

Billerica Republicans Transact Their Business Quietly.

Billerica's caucus was a very quiet one, the slate arranged at the preliminaries last week being allowed to slip through without opposition.

The delegates elected are:

State—William Maxwell, Sidney A. Bull and Thomas Talbot.

Congressional—Fred H Parker, F S Clark and Franklin Jaquith.

Councillor—Roger Barrington, Joseph Jaquith and George Perry.

County—Josiah Wright, Roger Barrington and Ebenezer Baker.

Senatorial—Jacob Murphy, A W Holden and Dr. C. E. Hosmer.

Representative (For Hosmer)—H A Klog, John Latham, Jr., L W Faulkner, John Brown, Warren Holden and Joseph Ellis.

Town committee—(1897)—J. A. Richardson, C. S. Maxwell, J H Baker, F S Clark, G H Hall, Ernest Robinson, S A Bull, William Stevens, A O Dane, Richard Perry, Fred H. Parker, Thomas Talbot, Josiah Wright, C H Koblrausch, W Holden, Albert Barrington, George P Greenwood and J F Talbot.

Tyngsboro.

The republican caucus was called to order by William E. Barry of the town committee. Jesse B. Butterfield was chosen moderator and Chauncing Whitaker clerk. The following delegates were elected: William E. Barry, state; Geo. B. Perham, congressional; Wallace F. Butterfield, councillor; Daniel A. Lawrence, county; Otis L. Wright and Albert A. Flint, representative.

BOX CALF

SCHOOL SHOES

Our first consideration, whether you buy a high or low priced shoe of us—the Shoe will be good—be fully worth the money.

We have School Shoes for boys and girls made of Box Calf, Titan Calf, and crackproof Calf, and the prices range from $1.50 upwards.

The Wear-Well School Shoes

We have made expressly for our trade. They are the best Shoes we know how to produce, and after our long experience we ought to know what would stand the wear and tear of scholars. We want you to try them, they don't cost any more than others.

MEDIUM PRICED SHOES.

Youth's 11 to 2 at $1.50. Boys' 2½ to 5½ at $2. Child's 5 to 8, $1.25, 8½ to 10½ at $1.50, Misses' 11 to 2 at $2, Girls 2½ to 6 at $2.50. New pairs for any that don't wear well.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.

FEET FITTERS, OPP. CITY HALL.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

N. Y. DEMOCRATS

Delare for Chicago Platform and Ticket.

LIEUT. GOV. SHEEHAN RESIGNS FROM COMMITTEE.

John Boyd Thacher Nominated for Governor.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 17.—The democratic state convention was to have resumed business at 10 o'clock this morning, but at that hour hardly a score of delegates were present. At 11.04 the convention was called to order and Hosen H. Rockwell was elected permanent chairman. He addressed the convention and each mention of Bryan's name was liberally applauded.

The committee on resolutions presented a set of resolutions endorsing the Chicago platform and the nomination of Bryan and Sowall and commending them to the hearty and active support of the New York democracy.

It said of the Chicago platform that never was a platform written that more completely represented the interests of the whole people. The remainder of the platform referred to state issues denouncing the Raines bill among other things.

Purroy objected to the adoption of the platform and called for a roll call. A majority voted in favor of the adoption and it was finally made unanimous.

Thacher of Albany, Sulzer of New York city and Porter of Watertown are the candidates for governor this afternoon.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Sheehan of the democratic national committee who said he would resign from that committee in the event of the endorsement of the Chicago platform by the convention, this morning sent his resignation to Chairman Jones.

Thacher Nominated.

John Boyd Thacher was nominated on the first ballot amid wild enthusiasm.

NAUMKEAG STARTS AGAIN.

Big Salem Mill Will Resume Work on Next Monday.

Salem, Sept. 17.—A portion of the Naumkeag cotton mills will start up on next Monday over 100 people going in at first and others to follow, the directors having so voted this morning. The mills had been idle since June 15.

POST OFFICE CLERKS

Annual Convention at Denver Adjourned Yesterday—A Stormy Session.

Denver, Col., Sept. 17.—After a stormy session the post office clerks' convention adjourned last night to Baltimore in 1897. Benjamin Parker of Washington, D. C., was elected president for the fifth term.

COMPLETE RETURNS

From the Maine Election Received at Last.

Portland, Me., Sept. 17—The complete returns from all points in Maine show the following total republican majority, 48,732; total republican majority in 1892, 22,503; republican gain, 36,229.

Texas Floated Today.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 17—The battleship Texas, which ran ashore in the harbor yesterday, was floated after having been eight hours in the sand. An inspection showed that she was not punctured or badly bruised.

Two Miners Killed.

Webb City, Miss., Sept. 17.—Frank Ward and Scott Jackson, two miners, were killed by falling 150 feet into the shaft of a well.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The captain of the fruit steamer, Ethelred, relates that his steamer encountered great hardships. The crew had to bail her out for 38 hours without ceasing. Only the most skilful handling saved her from total wreck.

Tufts college opened today with an entrance class of 77 some of these being co-eds; a much smaller class than last year.

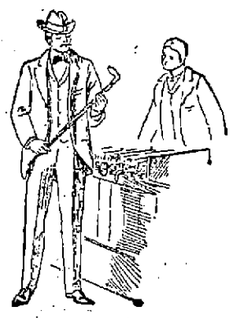
That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



Don't let prejudice against "ready-made" prevent your seeing at least, what painstaking care can accomplish.

The new suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. will reveal possibilities in clothing ready-to-wear, that you've never even imagined.

There's character in the cut, and fashion in the fabric that can be had only in the best tailor shops.

These stunning new cheviots, with those of our own make cost less than ever, $8.00 to $25 a suit.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

LOCAL NOTES.

Beginners' class in dancing at Lester's in Swan building, 28 Central st., tonight.

The Paige street church society last night, by a unanimous vote concurred in the action of the church in calling Rev. A. E. Wilson of Oneonta, N. Y. to the pastorate.

Our line of watches, wedding and stone rings are just what we represent them to be, no less. A full line of silver ware just received for the fall trade. J. D. Grant, practical watchmaker and jeweler, 64 Merrimack street.

The Boston Steam Dye house, established in 1883, has opened an agency in the Runels' building, Merrimack square, under the management of F. B. Leeds. All orders left here for dyeing and cleansing will receive careful attention.

FRIENDS REMEMBERED HIM.

Frederick J. Delaney Presented With a Gold Watch on His Departure for Paris.

The residence of Mr. Thomas Delaney of 791 Broadway was the scene of a brilliant affair last evening, the event being a farewell reception to his son, Mr. Frederick J. Delaney, who is soon to leave for Paris, where he will pursue his studies. About 35 of the friends of the young man were present and the time was pleasantly passed in games and other forms of amusements.

During the evening Mr. Delaney was presented, in behalf of his friends, a beautiful gold watch, the presentation speech being made by Mr. Charles E. Delaney, and there were also remarks by Messrs. Stephen Bergen of Boston and John Meehan of this city. Refreshments were served throughout the evening.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Rev. Fr. Delaney of Portsmouth, Mr. Wm. Morrisey and Messrs. Bergen and Hassam of Boston.

Mr. Delaney, in whose honor the affair was given, is a member of the Boston college class of '96, and will be in Paris about five years, during which time he will study for the priesthood at St. Sulpice seminary.

Mr. Wm. Morrissey, a graduate of the Lowell high school class of 1896, and Mr. John Quinn, a graduate of St. Patrick's Boys' school, have entered Nicolet college, Canada.

Walter Ramsdell, democratic candidate for mayor of Lynn, and James Sullivan, proprietor of the Hotel Wentworth in Lynn, were in town yesterday. They were the guests of Mayor Courtney, John J. Dawson and Dan Pickering of the Citizen.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, corner Middlesex St. and Post Office ave. before 9 p. m., Saturday, October 3d, will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Oct. 1st. Interest added to the deposit or may be withdrawn Jan. 1st and July 1st.

Savings Department open 8 a. m., to 4 p. m., Saturday evenings 7 to 9.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

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FOR PRESIDENT,

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FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR CONGRESSMAN,

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

Murry Crane has won and the A. P. A. claims a victory.

Putnam beat Varnum as the Sun predicted. The best man won.

Is the silver league in favor of the Chicago platform? Being non-partisan it is to be presumed it favors neither party. How many of the members will vote for Bryan?

The public is satisfied that the remonstrants against the proposed purchase of the M. M. A. pictures have the best side of the case. It is no time now to propose such a scheme.

The New York democracy is now in line with the Chicago ticket, but David B. Hill sulks in his tent. The man who considers himself bigger than his party deserves political interment.

The democratic stay-at-homes are this year more dangerous than the republicans who turned out en masse to vote on election day, but the democrats of Maine and Vermont are exceptions to the general rule.

The Morning Citizen wisely advises the republicans not to be too confident over the result in Vermont and Maine. The Citizen shows good judgment in seeing nothing significant in these two elections.

The democrats of Connecticut have endorsed the Chicago platform and ticket, and will undoubtedly make a hard battle in the cause of democracy and free silver. They will probably be assisted by the populists.

The report circulated by a certain Boston paper that Hon. George Fred Williams took a hand in the congressional contest of this district, is without foundation. As well might it be said that the Czar of Russia had a finger in the pie.

It is well to celebrate the centennial of Washington' farewell address, and in no way can it be better observed than by having the address read in the schools. Next to that the use of the address as a campaign document is highly commendable.

Tonight the people of Lowell are to hear Mr. Lodge explain what a calamity free silver will bring upon the country. We advise the democrats who may go to hear Mr. Lodge to look over The Sun's cartoon of yesterday and study the meaning of that "republican scarecrow."

The scribe who wrote up the account of the congressional convention for the Boston Journal is a most ingenious and accomplished liar. In a campaign such as the republican press is now running a man of his capacity for prevarication should draw a high salary. But that is a feature of metropolitan journalism, the very feature which a member of the defunct Boston Standard staff has set out to introduce in this city.

WHAT OF FREE SILVER?

"What are the people likely to gain from free silver?" is a question commonly asked at the present time. There is a great deal to be gained by free silver. All the property in this country has been reduced in value by about 50 per cent. since 1873, and that shrinkage is a total loss to the people. This decline in prices is going steadily on, and with it comes the closing of factories, the depression of business, idleness and distress in every form. It has produced the army of tramps that is abroad in this country from year to year, and it gives the money kings the power to corner the circulating medium and hold it locked up instead of invested in business. Free silver would stop the shrinkage, it would bring higher prices, steadier work, higher wages, more general employment of labor, better business, prosperity and happiness. The republicans say that free silver will bring a 50 cent dollar but there is no reason why the United States cannot maintain the parity between gold and silver as it did from 1816 to 1873 without England's aid. All this time England was on a gold basis and now the republicans say we cannot adopt free coinage unless England consents. England, the nation that is the chief gainer from the gold standard will never be a party to restoring silver. One of the chief objects to be gained by free silver is to redeem the United States from financial subjection to England. That accomplished, the American people will be relieved of an incubus as detrimental to their progress as was the curse of slavery before it was wiped out and they will then be able to march steadily on in the paths of progress.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

VERY SIMPLE QUESTION

FINANCE NOT TOO DEEP FOR THE COMMON PEOPLE.

Candidate Bryan Tells Them They Must Think For Themselves—History Records Not a Single Instance Where the People Have Indorsed the Gold Standard.

The people are thinking as they have seldom thought before upon a great economic question. Some consider the money question too deep for the people, but no question which concerns 70,000,000 of people is too deep for those people to consider.

No class can settle the question for any other class. We have none in this country who either by birth or by law are intrusted with the privilege of thinking for others. Each one must determine where his interests lie and what is best to be done.

I want to assure you that the money question is sufficiently simple to be understood by all. Our opponents declared in favor of international bimetallism. They do not say the gold standard is good. If you find a person opposed to free coinage ask him what he believes in. If he believes in a gold standard, tell him he cannot stand upon the Republican platform because it pledges the Republican party to get rid of it. If it is good, why try to get rid of it?

When will other nations help us? I have asked the question time and again and expect to continue to ask it. If the gold standard is a good thing, why not keep it? I wish our opponents would come out and say they are for the gold standard, because they would have to say that they loved the money owners better than they loved the toiling masses. The man in favor of a gold standard cannot point to a single instance in the history of the world where the people had indorsed the gold standard. It is the money changers' standard, and you take from the gold standard the support of the money owning and changing class and the gold standard will not survive a day in any nation of the world.

The Republican party knows it, and that is why it did not declare for the gold standard, but it made as bad a mistake as that, because it said that while it desired bimetallism, and the American people would be better off under it, the American people were too feeble to have what was good for them, and they must wait until foreign nations took pity on us. But the Republican party refuses to take pity on the American people. They say we must maintain the gold standard until the commercial nations will join in international agreement.

Why wait if we are strong enough to do it ourselves? I assert 70,000,000 of people not only have a right to have a financial system of their own, but are able to have it. I wish our opponents would print upon a card and wear it upon their breast, "I am an American, but I think America has to appeal to foreign nations for legislation for the American people." Some may think this country cannot legislate for itself, but that idea originates among people who know more of Lombard street than of the industrial masses of the United States.

When you discover some way of stopping hunger except by feeding a person, you will find a way of stopping financial depression other than by increasing the volume of money.

[A Voice—What's the matter with the tariff?]

We are going to regulate that by international agreement as we will bimetallism. Then we will call an international conference and adopt a foreign policy, and at last we will annex ourselves to some nation that is big enough to take care of us and relieve us of the trouble.

Why will you let men who are interested peculiarly in having bonds issued by this government, because the bonds are sold to them at enormous profits—why will you let these men decide whether bond issues are a good thing for the American people? Why will you allow the presidents of the trusts and the attorneys for syndicates to decide whether trusts and syndicates are good things for the American people?—William J. Bryan.

Bryan Would Not Vote For Gold.

More than a year ago, when we were engaged in a struggle to bring the Democratic party to an indorsement of free coinage, the question was put to me whether, in case of failure, I would support the Democratic nominee if he was a gold standard man running on a gold standard platform. I never believed that such a condition was probable in the Democratic party, but when those who questioned me were not content with probability, but asked again whether, in the case of that event, I would support the nominee, I said, as you will remember, that under no circumstances would I vote for the man who would in the executive office use his influence to fasten the gold standard upon the people.

During the past 20 years great corporations have been willing to provoke strikes and riots and to invite revolution by reducing the rate of wages to their employees. Now they say that free silver means a reduction of wages of nearly 50 per cent, and yet they are willing to pour millions into the Republican campaign fund to prevent it.

Bryan on the People's Rights.

When men array themselves against society, society has a right to array itself against them. When syndicates try to run this government, the people who are opposed to syndicates have a right to array themselves against them, and no abuse that their agents can heap upon us, no names that they can call us, can drive us from what we conceive to be not only our right, but our duty, to defend our homes and our firesides against their invasion.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla has over and over again proved by its cures, when all other preparations failed, that it is the One True BLOOD Purifier.

HEAVY ROBBERY.

What One Year of the Gold Standard Did For Thirty-one States.

The history of one year of the gold standard is enough to drive the people of the south and west into revolution. The robbery of the people has been most astounding. Let us refer to the facts and figures. The following figures are from the official reports of the auditors and comptrollers of the states and territories named. They show the robbery of the people for one year in 31 states to amount to $800,000,000. Nearly all of this loss falls upon the people of the south and west. The tax returns show an increase of wealth during 1894 in only 12 states, nearly all eastern states, including New York, while the 31 here given had decreased in tax valuation the figures set opposite the states. The states and territories are as follows:

Alabama	$17,000,913
Arizona	1,400,259
Arkansas	1,997,001
California	10,782,030
Colorado	23,917,138
Georgia	21,651,174
Idaho	5,053,000
Illinois	22,531,888
Indiana	26,503,292
Iowa	9,445,053
Kansas	19,120,638
Kentucky	10,578,754
Mississippi	1,501,071
Montana	8,676,052
Nebraska	10,015,635
Nevada	2,514,340
New Hampshire	5,127,553
New Mexico	2,501,029
Oklahoma	160,432
Ohio	19,528,515
Oregon	4,[illegible]
South Dakota	7,955,075
Tennessee	18,960,525
Texas	18,261,650
Utah	17,102,902
Vermont	908,138
Virginia	2,666,194
Washington	57,277,074
West Virginia	2,216,747
Wisconsin	34,030,999
Wyoming	3,158,760

If an army with banners and a large camp following had marched through these states, the destruction of property could not have been greater. Texas shows a loss in one year of $18,961,090, and one far western state, Washington, whose record was such as to make every American proud of her up to the advent of the gold standard, has lost the enormous sum of $57,277,074, nearly $58,000,000, in one year. Wisconsin sustains a loss of $34,000,000. The south suffers a slump of over $90,000,000 in one year.—New Reads.

The New Yellow Fever.

My friends, our opponents tell us that the silver sentiment is a disease. If so, it will run its course like whooping cough or the measles. No, my friends, it is not a disease. The silver sentiment is the outgrowth of a condition, and you cannot destroy the sentiment until you have remedied the condition out of which the sentiment arose. I can retaliate upon our opponents and tell them that this gold standard idea is a disease. It is the new yellow fever. But there is a difference between the new yellow fever and the old. The old killed the people who had the fever; the new is death to the people who do not have the fever.—William Jennings Bryan.

REGARDLESS OF COST.

The Residence Which Wealthy Mr. Barbour Is to Build In Washington.

Mr. A. L. Barbour, the asphalt king, intends to erect a private residence in Washington which shall rival any mansion ever built in New York and on which there shall be absolutely no limit of cost of construction. He intends to erect the most artistic and beautiful private residence in the national capital. And all because he does not care to look into the back yard of some prospective neighbors.

Visitors to Washington are invariably taken out to Fourteenth street and are shown Barbour castle. It is an imposing stone structure, situated on the top of a gentle eminence, surrounded by costly parks and commanding a beautiful view of the city, which seems to lie at its feet. Here Mr. Barbour and his family live when in Washington, which is only rarely, for Mrs. Barbour and her daughters usually spend the winter at their Fifth avenue residence in New York and their summers at their country place on the Hudson or sailing the seas in their yacht. A few years ago Chief Justice Fuller rented the house, paying $80,000 a year.

Barbour castle was the site proposed as the private residence of the president of the United States when a bill was introduced in the last session of congress providing for a domestic residence of the chief executive, where he could live with his family, while the White House was to be turned practically into the president's business office. The bill was introduced in the senate, and when it became known that Barbour castle was to be bought for the purpose opposition arose in the senate, and the bill died in committee.

Senator John Sherman of Ohio owns some property which adjoins the handsome park surrounding Mr. Barbour's home. Mr. Barbour has never been willing to sell any of the land. Recently Mr. Sherman decided to erect a row of houses on the land belonging to him. Most unfortunately the house which Senator Sherman proposes to erect will front away from Mr. Barbour's property. Consequently the present beautiful view which Barbour castle commands from almost every window will soon be shut out by a row of tall houses, and instead of the pretty prospect which now delights the eye there will be nothing to be seen from the windows but the flat roofs of Mr. Sherman's houses and the very prosaic details of domestic life in the back yards of the Sherman row. Mr. Barbour, it is understood, sought to purchase Mr. Sherman's property, and Mr. Sherman offered to purchase Mr. Barbour's property. Neither gentleman would sell.

Mrs. Barbour intends spending her winters hereafter in Washington almost entirely, and as the Barbours are fabulously wealthy Mr. Barbour has instructed a leading firm of architects to prepare plans for a new residence. He owns a large tract of property in the close vicinity of Red Top, President Cleveland's former home. This ground commands, if possible, even a better view of Washington than did Barbour castle, and here a new castle will be built, free from all threats of coming back yards.—Indianapolis Journal.

Broke.

Nodd—Your wife says you didn't reply to all her letters while she was away.

Todd—I couldn't. Business wasn't good enough.—Truth.

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THE MAKING OF A HERO.

How a Private Won Promotion With a Very Hot Ham.

A Polish officer, now dead, who came to the United States soon after the Russians suppressed the Polish insurrection under General Chlopicki, in 1831, used to tell with much zest the story of his promotion from the ranks. He was a private of cavalry when Chlopicki's retreat began. The troops had made a weary night march and were in bivouac for breakfast when scouts brought word that they were almost surrounded by a Russian force. Instantly the Poles hurried to their saddles, mounted and sought a way of escape.

The young cavalryman had been boiling some pieces of ham for himself in a camp kettle. Anxious to "save his bacon," he dumped the half boiled meat into his saddlebags and joined his companions. Two minutes later his horse became restive at a most inopportune moment, for on surmounting a ridge the Poles had found themselves confronted by a Russian force of infantry.

There was but one thing to be done—the Russian line must be broken through at once. It was being rapidly re-enforced. If the Poles should fail to cut their way out at the first charge they must all be captured. On they rushed at the order to charge, and now our young trooper's horse had become fairly frantic and quite uncontrolable. He sprang away far in advance of the charging line. The rider, determining to make the best fight he could, swung his saber, took a stronger grip with his knees, and gazed hard at the face of the Russian he expected to be launched against.

Just then a volley hurtled into the charging line, but the foremost horse and rider escaped unharmed. A few moments and they were upon the enemy. Usually a horse refuses to leap at bayonets, but this one jumped furiously at the kneeling front rank, and such was the momentum and fury of the beast that the Russians just in his front lost nerve, broke and gave him entrance.

Through the gap thus made other Poles sprang a moment later. Striking right and left, they widened the breach, and in ten seconds the Russian infantry was demoralized. The Poles escaped with slight loss, and it was not long before the young leader quieted his steed, dismounted and found a chance to examine his half cooled ham.

A few hours later the Polish general of cavalry rode up to the captain of the troop that had so distinguished itself, complimented him and said, "By the way, captain, who was that splendid young officer that led you all in?"

"He wasn't an officer. That was only one of my boys."

"Not an officer! May the bullets strike me if I don't make him one! Call him out here at once."

The general shook hands with the youth, promoted him to a lieutenancy then and there and gave him a place on his staff.

Some days later, when the captain called at headquarters, he sought out the new lieutenant, whom he found dolefully contemplating his unsaddled horse, which had a huge, raw sore on each side.

"What on earth is the matter with your horse?" asked the captain.

"Oh, nothing much!"

"But what made those terrible sores?"

"The same thing that made me a lieutenant," said the hero. "A big chunk of hot ham in each saddlebag. But, for the love of the saints, don't tell the general or the boys."—Youth's Companion.

Not a Case of Sympathy.

"Do you know that your confounded dog barks all night?"

"Yes, I suppose he does. But don't worry about him. He makes up for it by sleeping all day."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Defined.

"Uncle Simon, what is living it down?"

"Well, it is doing something mean and then hanging round until everybody who knows about it is dead."—Chicago Record.

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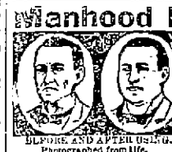

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HELP TO THE BLIND

It is all very well, but the help should have come at and earlier stage. When your eyes trouble you, you have difficulty in reading—the letters all run together and the like—then is the time to seek help—have your eyes examined—a pair of glasses may save your sight if you buy them from

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SUNBEAMS.

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—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Perfectly Safe.

A rural Georgia preacher, finding the weather too warm, pulled off his coat and preached in his shirt sleeves. After the sermon a good brother, thinking an editor who was present would make a sensation of the incident, said to the parson:

"I don't suppose you knew when you pulled off your coat today that one of them newspaper feilers was in meetin?"

"Yes, I did," replied the preacher. "But I had my eye on it all the time!"—Atlanta Constitution.

It Didn't Work.

The beautiful young woman was floundering about in six inches of water.

"Save me!" she cried.

"Alas, I cannot!" shouted back the handsome young man on the shore. "I am already married."

Shuddering, he averted his face that he might not see her as she crawled out of the water and looked around for another victim.—New York Press.

One For the Landlady.

"Madam," sneered the irate boarder, "the food at this house would insult a hog."

"So," complacently replied the mistress, "then I suppose you intend to leave us."—Adams Freeman.

The Last Resort.

She—Alfred, there is nothing in the house to eat.

He—Oh, well, let us have a bread pudding.—Detroit Free Press.

A Zoological Aversion.

It makes me sad ter think about the labor I hev lost.
I'm waitin fur November an wishin fur the frost.
I've got so tired an flurried thet my life is void of charm
Weth a-readin of the papers an a runnin of the farm.

Fust some one yelled "Grasshoppers!" an they came along an lit
An kep' me guessin as ter when their appetites 'od quit,
An then I put a mortgage on the house an farm ter pay
The damage when the army worms came forragin that way.

The bees they went a-swarmin off an settled in the wood,
We pounded on the dishpan, but it didn't do no good.
A gaddfly stung the ole white mare an filled her with disease,
An now there ain't no tellin when she's goin ter run away.

An so they're kep' me dodgin, an I don't git no relief
From the speeches thet I used ter read ter chase away my grief.
But I'm trustin to the winter months an hopin fur the best,
Fur perhaps these gold an silver bugs will freeze up with the rest.

—Washington Star.

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2---EXHIBITIONS DAILY---2

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IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN Arithmetic

It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.

If possible enter on or before Sept. 21st. School now in session. Call and see us. GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

5 O'CLOCK

FUSION IN NEW YORK STATE

Democrats and Populists Unite for Bryan and Sewall.

Silver Men in the Nutmeg State Declare for the Chicago Ticket—Thacher for Governor of New York—Sargent Named in Connecticut.

Buffalo, Sept. 17.—The completion of the first day's session of the Democratic state convention has not disturbed in any great measure the forecast that had been prepared. The conditions, however, are rather interesting, because of the internal fights which, while good natured upon their surface, are not wanting in internal bitterness. The principal strife is to prevent the adoption of the unit rule, and to prevent thereby the nomination of any candidate without a fair, open fight. Particularly are the friends of Mr. Sulzer striving to this end, and in order to combat the general sentiment in favor of the nomination of Mr. Thacher, they gave out a statement claiming that Mr. Sulzer had secured pledges from 160 of the delegates, and that Mr. Thacher, in view of these facts had decided to withdraw. At the Thacher headquarters this latter statement was branded as a falsehood, and in a defiant sort of attitude the Thacher people dared the Sulzer adherents to publish a list of their claims. It is reasonably certain that the ticket will be:

For governor, John Boyd Thacher of Albany; lieutenant governor, ex-Mayor Ryan of Syracuse; judge of the court of appeals, Robert C. Titus of Buffalo; chairman of state committee, Elliott F. Danforth of Chenango; national committeeman, Frank Campbell of Steuben.

This slate has not been decided upon without hourly opposition, and this opposition is so bitter that while the certainty of the ticket is almost established, complications may arise which will change any name upon the ticket, with the possible exception of Judge Titus.

The friends of Mr. Sulzer claim that Mr. Thacher is hourly growing more unpopular with the silver element in the convention, and they argue that the support of Mr. Grady, Senator Hill and a few others may lead to a revulsion of feeling that will succeed in defeating him, and carry Mr. Sulzer in upon a popular wave.

The situation regarding the lieutenant governorship is equally interesting. Those who are in control of the convention have very kindly offered to Kings county the nomination. Kings county accepted the trust, but after offering it to half a dozen prominent citizens, discovered that nobody really wanted it, and after a heated controversy in their own delegation decided that they did not have a candidate. Onondaga county, concluding that the nomination of Thacher was inevitable, decided to put their gubernatorial candidate, Mayor Ryan, in the race for lieutenant governor, and now he is the most formidable candidate.

The committee on resolutions meeting was as lively a one as has occurred at any convention during the year. The suggestions for a platform presented were of a most varied and radical nature. The committee itself is about evenly divided upon the financial question, and while a large majority agree that the Chicago ticket and platform should be endorsed, the strength of the endorsement is a matter of the deepest controversy. But even that has not caused as much friction as has the adoption of some other proposed planks. Those of the committee who are favorable to Mr. Hill are working strenuously to prevent the adoption of a plank favoring an income tax. The labor and socialistic suggestions are also creating a great deal of thought.

The greatest excitement of the day at the convention yesterday was caused by the announcement that there had been a practical fusion of the Populists and Democrats, in which Senator Hill's friends had been actively assisting the Populists. The story came directly from the chairman of the Populist committee of five, Colonel A. Fiske of Denver.

A conference was held with Elliott Danforth, and Mr. Fiske said, after it was over: "It was agreed that the Populists should support the nominees and the platform of this convention, no matter who the nominees were. In return for this support, they will be allowed to name five presidential electors. We told Mr. Danforth that we could swing the electoral vote of this state either way, and are sure that the union with the Democratic party will result in Bryan and Sewall carrying New York state by a large majority."

Mr. Danforth said: "Mr. Fiske did see me, but I gave him no decided answer, as one of his conditions was that Mr. McPartlin must be the nominee for the court of appeals. I agreed to see him again."

To this, Mr. McPartlin said: "We certainly understood Mr. Danforth to say that he would favor such a fusion."

At 5 o'clock, another meeting was held at Mr. Danforth's rooms, and the matter talked over. Mr. Danforth said: "I saw the committee again. They asked me if, as chairman of the state committee, I would favor fusion. I told them that I could not answer that until I was chairman, but I assured them that we would like to make some arrangements with them. I thought that to get some of the electors upon the ticket they should work directly with the districts."

SARGENT FOR GOVERNOR.

Connecticut Democrats Run State Convention on Silver Lines.

New Haven, Sept. 17.—The Democrats of Connecticut, in state convention assembled, yesterday, converted the state organization of the party into a Silver organization, wresting from the gold standard men, with the greatest of ease, the party power; adopted a platform, not only endorsing the cause of free silver, but pledging the support of the electors of the state to the nominees of the Chicago convention; and nominated presidential electors and candidates for the entire state ticket who are unanimously in accord with the principles set forth in the Chicago platform, and in favor of the election of Bryan and Sewall.

A more harmonious assemblage was never seen in the Nutmeg state. From start to finish, the deliberations of the 800 delegates were controlled by that wing of the party which favors the cause of silver. They appointed their own officers, named their own presidential electors and the candidates for the entire state ticket. The preliminary business of the convention was soon dispatched. The presidential electors had all been named in the caucuses of Tuesday night. The delegates acquiesced in the desire of their leaders, and the proposition of the leaders to nominate unanimously their candidates, met with no opposition. Joseph B. Sargent of New Haven, a manufacturer, and twice New Haven's mayor, was nominated by acclamation for governor. The fashion was set by this nomination, and the convention took not a single ballot, all of the remaining candidates being nominated by acclamation. Ex-State Senator S. A. Crandall of Norwich received the nomination for the lieutenant governorship. Then followed the only disagreement of the day, when Homer S. Cummings of Stamford was nominated for state secretary. There was some opposition to a position for him on the ticket, but after 20 minutes' wrangling, he was nominated, with a very few dissenting votes. In less than five minutes, the two remaining positions on the state ticket were filled, and the work of the convention was done. Adrian P. Ross of Thompson was nominated for state treasurer, and Edward M. Ripley of Farmington was nominated for comptroller. The two leading candidates were escorted to the hall, and after making speeches of acceptances, the convention adjourned.

Despite the unanimity with which the Democratic convention was conducted, there is a deep current of opposition to the ticket by the defection of the gold sympathizers, whose leaders held a meeting yesterday afternoon, and discussed plans for a campaign of the National Democratic party, and arranged details for a strong fight. It was decided to call a state convention of the National Democratic party in Hartford, Oct. 8. Presidential electors, state officers, a state central committee and all the work usually transacted by a state central committee will be completed.

AFFAIRS OF MEXICO.

Outlined by President Diaz In His Address to Congress.

City of Mexico, Sept. 17.—The address delivered last evening by President Diaz, on the opening of congress, referring to diplomatic relations with the United States, in part, was as follows:

On May 6 last, a convention was concluded at Washington, whereby the international water boundary commission between Mexico and the United States was empowered to study certain questions bearing on the distribution of the waters of the Bravo, or Grande river. The water boundary commission has settled two grave questions of disputed territory, arising from changes in the bed of the Rio Grande, one relating to the Chamisla tract, claimed by both countries' commissions on behalf of their government, and the other regarding the San Elizaro islet, which was awarded by both commissions to Mexico.

Referring to the attack on the Nogales custom house, the president says Mexico's legation at Washington has been instructed to draw the attention of the department of state to the case, and that as soon as the judicial investigation, now in progress at Sonorro is completed the extradition of the guilty parties will be asked of the United States.

The president then refers to the recent attempt to hold a pan-American conference in the City of Mexico, to consider the Monroe doctrine. Though the congress had dissolved after only a few meetings, and without accomplishing anything, he said that it does not follow that its aims will not be some day attained.

The mining industry in Mexico had made a remarkable progress, as showed not only by the large number of grants, but by the returns of the exports of the precious metals. The most important part of the message relates to the financial situation in Mexico, cash revenue amounting last fiscal year to $50,000,000, the largest annual revenue yet recorded, and the year closed on June 30 with a surplus of $4,500,000. The surplus is now in excess of $6,000,000.

Usual Story From Labrador.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 17.—The failure of the Labrador fisheries is complete. The mail steamer arriving yesterday reports no improvement. This is the worst disaster that can befall the colony, the cod fishery being the industry upon which depends most of the population for support.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

HERE IS THE WAY SHRINKAGE IS PRODUCED.

Wool Fibre Dissolved By Hot Water and Acid—How to Preserve Oilcloth—How Rocking Puts a Child to Sleep—A Cure For Insomnia.

The explanation commonly given of this, which is as follows, is quite inadequate: Wool has a surface covered with sawlike teeth, all pointing, in each hair, in one direction. This is what gives it the important quality of felting—i. e., of being formed into a compact substance by interlocking of thousands and thousands of the teeth. In the best wools these teeth are numbered by thousands to the inch in each hair. They cannot be seen except by the aid of the microscope, but may be felt by drawing a lock of wool through the fingers from tip to root. The resistance is then much greater than when the wool is drawn from root to tip. The shrinking of wool in washing is generally attributed to the interlocking of these teeth. But shrinking is found to take place when wool is wetted, even when there is no pressure which would cause the teeth to catch against each other.

"A woolen fabric exposed to warmth and moisture shrinks in every direction in a manner which interlocking does not explain." A better explanation is suggested by the fact that "the introduction of acid into the water in which the fabric is dipped greatly quickens the process and increases its extent." This fact and the increase of shrinkage caused by the addition of heat makes it appear probable that the wool fiber is partially dissolved, especially that part which contains the original cells still retaining their contents. The walls of these cells bursting through the heat, etc., and their contents being discharged, shrinkage naturally take place.

How to Preserve Oilcloths.

Cut into pieces half an ounce of beeswax, put in a saucer, cover entirely with turpentine and place in the oven until melted. After washing the oilcloth thoroughly with a flannel rub the whole surface lightly with a bit of flannel dipped in the melted wax and turpentine. Then rub with a dry cloth. A polish is produced, and the surface is lightly coated with the wax. When the floor requires to be cleaned, the wax is washed off, together with the dust or dirt that may have gathered, while the oilcloth is preserved.

How Rocking Puts a Child to Sleep.

Rocking, in common with other monotonous movements, such as patting and the movement of walking, seems to cause sleep by the same process as hypnotism. Mesmeric sleep is induced by fixing the subject's attention on a single object, such as the "passes" of the operator, some bright object held near the eyes or a distant light, and some mesmerists produce sleep by stroking the subject's face, the "passes" being frequently repeated so as to cause a similarly monotonous effect, and it is supposed that the concentration and consequent exhaustion of the mind is the cause of the phenomenon. The sleep induced by a lullaby, the sound of running water and even the monotonous tones of a preacher is also probably often hypnotic in character. Only certain so called neurotics are subject to hypnotic influence, but the majority of young children may be included in this class, and there are some children who are not soothed to sleep by rocking.

How to Cure Insomnia.

The utility of heat as a remedy for sleeplessness can scarcely be overestimated, particularly in the form of hot water. Insomnia is frequently overcome by the persistent use of hot footbaths and simple hot water as a drink at bedtime. Sleeplessness is commonly caused by overfulness of the blood vessels of the head. The bathing of the feet draws the blood from the head; the hot drink distributes the gases of the stomach and gives one a sense of general comfort.

How Eyeglasses Are Made.

The pieces of glass which are to be made into lenses for spectacles, for microscopes, small telescopes and the like are first ground into shape roughly by being held against a cast iron tool like a grindstone. This, of course, is curved to give the lens the concavity or convexity desired. From this tool the glass passes to a fine tool, so called, of similar construction, but made of brass and covered with a fine powder of sulphate of iron, calcined and ground. Jewelers call it rouge. Then a third tool, like the second, but covered with cloth which is thoroughly powdered with rouge, is used for polishing. After both sides have been treated thus the lens is cut to the required shape, oval or round, with a diamond glass cutter and steel pinchers, and the edges are ground smooth on metal wheels.

How to Make Pistache Cream.

Pound 2 ounces of blanched pistachio kernels in a mortar and run them through a sieve. Work into them half a pint of double cream; add a few drops of vanilla and an ounce of castor sugar. Melt half an ounce of amber gelatin in a little milk and add. Pour the cream into a wetted mold. Turn out when set.

How to Polish Linen.

Melt together an ounce of white wax and 2 ounces of spermaceti with a large spoonful of salt. Dissolve these ingredients over a slow fire and pour into a wet cup to cool. Make boiled starch in the usual way, cooking it slowly for 20 minutes, and for every tablespoonful of dry starch used add a lump of the above preparation about as large as a cherry. Use no cold starch and do not sprinkle. When the starched pieces are dry, lay them in a wet towel for two hours and bring up the gloss by rubbing evenly with the heel of a polishing iron. The great secret in glazing starched goods is to use the polishing iron properly.

Organization and Wages.

"Organization," says the Indianapolis Sentinel, "is the chief factor in securing high wages. There is not a member of a trades union who would be willing to dissolve the union and trust to the effects of tariff or money systems or anything else to maintain wages."

WILL HUNT BIG GAME

W. K. VANDERBILT AND W. SEWARD WEBB AS NIMRODS.

An Elaborate Hunting Trip In the Wild West—General Miles and Captains Baldwin and Maus to Be In the Party—Each Hunter Heavily Armed.

In a few days the most elaborately equipped hunting party that ever was known in the United States will leave New York for a long tour of the Yellowstone park and the haunts of big game in Montana and Idaho. In the party when it leaves that city will be W. K. Vanderbilt and Dr. W. Seward Webb, who will be the hosts on the trip. With them will be four of their close personal friends. Later on at Omaha, unless the present itinerary is changed, the party will be increased by the presence of General Miles of the regular army and Captains Baldwin and Maus, formerly of his staff and his companions in several western campaigns and outings. Colonel Benton, a relative of Dr. Webb, was also to have joined the party in the west, but his death will cause a vacancy which probably will not be filled by the selection of any one else.

The trip, which will extend over at least one month and is likely to keep the party in the northwest until after snow has fallen, has been most elaborately planned, and every arrangement has been made for the comfort of those who are to take part in it. The resources of the Wagner Palace Car company, of which Dr. Webb is president, have been used to make the trip to the Yellowstone park an enjoyable one. From there on detachments of the regular army will look out for the safety of the distinguished hunters and try to protect them from danger either in the field or from desperadoes. So far as possible the party will make its home in the private car of Dr. Webb. This is at present in Shelburne, Vt., where its owner is stopping.

Already George Barre, who has had charge of the car for years and accompanied it wherever it goes, has been making extensive preparations for stocking the larder. Additional supplies have been ordered to be on hand at Chicago, Omaha, Denver and Cheyenne, at all of which points it is expected the party will stop. With the car side tracked at the nearest available railroad point, the party, under the leadership of trained guides and accompanied by detachments of United States cavalry, will make expeditions into the mountains and the haunts of the big game, the slaughter of which is the avowed object of the trip. Though it is hoped the car will always be available as a base of supplies, Dr. Webb is not at all sure but his guests will have to fall back at times upon game or army rations for their diet.

The route planned will lead in some cases far from railroads or settlements in which supplies other than the coarsest can be secured, and the guests have been warned that they must start prepared to rough it for days at a time.

From Omaha, where Dr. Webb and Mr. Vanderbilt will be joined by the military members of the party, the expedition will go at once to the Yellowstone park, where horses will be secured and the reservation traversed from south to north. It is hoped that in the regions just outside the park some game may be found which is not yet under the protection of the government. Returning to the car, the party will go to either Fort Halleck or Fetterman. Retracing some of the distance, the car will be taken still farther north, and Fort Pembina, on the Red River of the North, will be made a center of operations, Idaho and Montana being visited. Beyond that point the itinerary has not been completed and will depend largely upon the success achieved in the territory visited. Should the members of the party have become surfeited with hunting they will return to this city by easy stages. On the other hand, if their appetite for game has only been whetted, the trip will be indefinitely extended. It is now the opinion of the leaders of the expedition that winter will be here before they return.

In the way of weapons the hunters will be splendidly supplied. Dr. Webb, who has always been an enthusiastic sportsman, has one of the most complete hunting outfits in America, ranging from heavy martini and winchester single fire rifles to light repeaters. His collection of shotguns is as complete. Nearly all his weapons are of special make and are finished in silver, handsomely chased. Mr. Vanderbilt's arsenal is not so large, though it is sufficiently varied to answer almost every purpose. General Miles has a collection of hunting weapons even greater than that of Dr. Webb, and Captains Maus and Baldwin are well supplied. Captain Baldwin, who has recently been stationed in the Indian Territory, is one of the best shots in the army and has a wide reputation at the army posts where he has served as a thorough sportsman.—New York Journal.

NO WOODEN PEGS IN THE MAINE.

Inspection Proves the Cruiser to Have Been Well Constructed.

The second class battleship Maine, which recently underwent repairs at the Norfolk navy yard, has since then been the subject of sensational rumors, which, although they could not be traced to an authoritative source, caused some trouble to the battleship's officers.

The reports were to the effect that at many points in the upper skin of her double bottom wooden pegs had been used in the place of the fine steel bolts which should have held her together. However, not only did a thorough inspection of the ship's double bottom refute the report, but the very theory is scouted by naval officers, because the Maine being a government built vessel it is highly improbable that defective or fraudulent material would be employed in her construction, as it would be to the interest of all concerned to delay rather than hasten her completion.—Washington Post.

She Repairs Bicycles.

The new woman in London has gone into the bicycle repairing business. She has a long list of customers, each of whom she calls upon once a week. With every part of the bicycle she is familiar, having studied it very carefully at a bicycle school. She can tighten up a pedal, repair a broken chain and readjust the saddle with marvelous ease and great rapidity. She can also instruct beginners.

Colored Recruits For Cuba.

Truman Stewart, known the country over as a colonizer, has organized a company of 100 colored men at Muncie, Ind., to go to Cuba and aid the revolutionists in their fight for freedom. He has them clothed and furnished with arms, but he lacks the necessary funds to pay their transportation to Florida, from where the company will be transported to Cuba secretly.

Who does your printing? The Sun job print would do it well and save you money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

RUSH FOR 1896 SILVER DOLLARS.

Treasury Department May Have to Stop Giving Them Out.

The Washington treasury officials are in daily receipt of a large number of requests asking for silver dollars of this year's coinage in exchange for silver certificates or other lawful money. Many of these requests come from persons who seem to doubt the truth of the monthly coinage statement, while others ask for shipments of 1896 dollars with a view to refuting statements that no silver dollars are now being coined.

These requests have been complied with as fast as received, and the treasury officials desire to call public attention to the fact that when silver dollars are ordered in sums of or multiples of $500 they are shipped at the expense of the government, but when smaller sums are ordered the shipments are made at the expense of the person ordering.

There is now in the treasury $10,506,309 in free silver, that is silver which may be obtained in exchange for any lawful money, but the demand is so keen for 1896 dollars that it seems probable that by the beginning of October the department will be compelled to decline to pay out silver dollars except in exchange for silver certificates or treasury notes of 1890. The law requires certain amounts of silver to be held in the treasury to cover outstanding silver certificates and treasury notes, and when the minimum is reached silver payments will be refused even in exchange for gold or in payment of warrants on the treasury.

The number of standard silver dollars coined during last August is shown by the official statement to have been 2,650,000; since Feb. 1 last, 11,212,412, and since November, 1893, 15,169,491.

The coinage value of the stock of bullion now on hand and on which the mints are now at work is $166,745,200, and it is said to be altogether probable that coinage will be continued at least until the stock on hand of standard dollars of 1890 has been increased to about $30,000,000, where it stood when the present administration came into office.

TINY NATION TO VOTE.

Smallest Republic In the World to Hold a Presidential Election.

By a strange coincidence at the very moment when the rulership of the United States for the next four years is being battled for another presidential contest is starting. The smallest republic in the world is looking around for a new chief magistrate, and, though no questions of "standards" or "financial planks" are raised, the fight promises to be just as exciting. Tavolara, the little republic, is outnumbered a million and a half to one by the American commonwealth, its population being but 55 souls, yet its enthusiasm, long bottled up for this occasion, is rising quite as near fever heat. The mightiest and the least of the free governments of the world are passing through the same throes.

In one way the presidential election of Tavolara has even more of interest about it. All of the people within its boundaries are taking part. Woman suffrage is one of the foundation stones of its government, and every petticoated being there has a vote to cast. It would not be out of the question, in fact, for a woman to be elected president, though altogether unlikely. Yet the miniature constitution does not prohibit it, and by the time our next president is determined upon there may be a sister chief executive already settled at Tavolara.

It lies on the northeast coast of Sardinia, an island a dozen miles or so from the mainland, lapped by the blue waters of the classic Tyrhenian sea. On the Italian maps it is shown as Isola di Tavolara, and the only time the outside world ever regards it is when the lookout on some little trading vessel sees at night the gleam of the lighthouse on its eastern end. And this is but seldom, for this corner of the Mediterranean is at all times deserted. Sardinia's days of glory and active commerce are long since past, and whatever trade comes to her now collects at Cagliari and Alghero, on the other side of the island.—New York Journal.

A FLAG OF MAIDENS.

It Took Two Hundred of Them to Form It.

Fifty years ago the American flag was raised over the Port of Monterey, Cal., and it thus became a United States seaport instead of a Mexican town. The town's semicentennial was fittingly celebrated a few days ago, and the place was crowded with visitors.

One of the most beautiful of the ceremonies was the formation of Old Glory by arranging 200 girls in appropriate costumes. The red and white stripes of the living flag were made of gowns of those colors. The blue field was similarly secured, and the white stars were placed on top of immense flat topped hats which the girls wore.

When the 200 girls lifted their voices to sing "The Star Spangled Banner," the applause awoke the echoes of the hills surrounding Monterey and drowned the music for several minutes.

Women In Spain Taking Up Bicycling.

Consular Agent Mertens, at the port of Valencia, Spain, reports to the department of state that the ladies of Spain are taking up bicycling, and he thinks this will help toward removing that barrier which prevents them from going out unless attended by some responsible duenna. American wheels are unknown in Spain, though an inferior French machine called "L'Americaine" and bearing a spread eagle, with the United States' coat of arms, is extensively advertised. There is said to be a good chance for our wheels in Spain, as Germany is barred out by tariff discriminations and the French and English wheels are unsatisfactory.

Greatest Steamship Afloat.

The Hamburg-American Steamship company's new twin screw steamer Pennsylvania has been successfully launched from the Harland & Wolff shipyards at Belfast.

The new vessel is the largest merchant steamer afloat, being of 30,000 tons displacement and 20,000 tons carrying capacity. She is 585 feet long, 62 feet beam and 42 feet deep.

The Pennsylvania is designed to make an average speed of 14 knots an hour and to have a passenger capacity of 200 first cabin, 150 second cabin and 1,000 steerage.

General Harrison Declined.

It came to light at a meeting of the board of trustees of the New university of Indianapolis, held the other afternoon, that the presidency of the university has been offered to ex-President Harrison, but he refused to be prevailed upon to accept.

Her Way.

Lochinvar (from out of the west)—Will you be my wife?

Elaine (just from Vassar college)—Homo, hominis, homini, hominem—

Lochinvar—Er—excuse me, but I don't quite understand.

Elaine (freezingly, as she turns her back upon him)—Indeed, I am sorry for you. I was just declining man. That is all.—Town Topics.

Hard Luck.

Pat—To think that he's thor wan man on the hill that Oi don't know.—Truth.

Thousands of men are afraid of the lightning, and yet not one man in ten thousand is ever killed by it. Few men are afraid of consumption, and yet it causes one-sixth of all the deaths in the world. It is more deadly than either wars or pestilences. Any sort of wasting disease may lead to consumption. Any slight disorder of the respiratory organs may easily develop it. Weakness of the body, emaciation, lack of vitality are plain invitations for the germs of consumption. Consumption is not entirely a disease of the lungs. It is a disease of the blood that shows itself most strongly in the lungs. It is not—as it used to be considered—incurable. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has changed all that. It will cure ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of consumption if taken in time. It is the most wonderful blood maker and flesh builder in the world. It cures where doctors have failed. It has brought back to life hundreds of men and women who were considered as good as dead.

Mrs. Nancy R. Tubb, of Amory, Monroe Co., Miss., writes: "About ten years ago I suffered an attack of nervous prostration resulting in other troubles which my family physician pronounced consumption. We doctored with him until we lost all hope. I finally happened to find one of Dr. Pierce's little Memorandum Books. saw his medicine recommended and thought I would try it; sent and got one bottle of each—'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription'—and one bottle of 'Pellets.' As soon as I began to use these medicines my health began to improve, and before I had used one-half dozen bottles I felt almost as strong as I ever was. I am now enjoying good health again. Two years ago I had a little boy who seemed to be subject to phthisic (asthma) and I thought I would try the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and to my surprise it cured him entirely; he has never had another attack."

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

DR. WALKER DENTIST Exchange

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.
For Salem and Lynn, 6.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.
For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.
For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.
For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.
For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.
For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6.50, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays): SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.
For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 a. m.
For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.
†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1896, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 6.45, 6.30, ¶6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.
Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.48, 6.33, ¶6.52, §7.01, §7.15, §*7.27, 7.33, 7.40, *7.48, *8.57, 9.03, *9.56, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ¶3.03, *4.00, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, ¶5.36, 6.21, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.26, 5.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.
*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.
For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.30 a. m; 4.15 p. m.
For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.33 p. m.
For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 3.02 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.
For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.
For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.
For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a.m.; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.13 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.06 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.
For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.09, 1.40 5.42, †8.13 p. m.
For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m. 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.
For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.09, 18.13 p. m.
For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; 18.43 p. m.
Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke —1.54 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday; 8.43 p. m., except Saturday.
† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

WANT COLUMN.

TO LET—A fine clean tenement with or without stable. 22 Lincoln street.

FURNISHED ROOM—To let at 222 Charles street.

TO RENT—House, newly painted inside and out, nine rooms, stable, two stalls, carriage house, hen house. Beautifully located between Broadway and Pawtucket street on Wilder. Apply to J. A. Green, 88 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms. Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land, Price $1350, G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athen Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—On Westford street, cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pill (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—On line of electric road, small place of 16 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 70 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

YOU CAN DEPEND ON IT.

That is the reason why the Sawyer Carriage Co. work is the best. It's work is done well, not sometimes but always.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Kitson Building, Worthen Street.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S
279 DUTTON STREET.

"Costly Thy Dress as Thy Purse can Buy."

The next thing is to buy where you can get the best value for your money.

TRY

BERTRAND, The Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL,
No. 07 Central Street.
Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

This Umbrella Has Gone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it, and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

THE STANDARD FOR QUALITY
COLLINS and FAIRBANKS
HATS

We have the only complete line to be found in Lowell.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

SCHOOL SHOES
For Boys and Girls

Shoes that will stand the strain of HARD WEAR

AT EASY PRICES.

EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN. Prop.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!

Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON,
Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.
New Goods Arriving Every Week.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Are You Going to Carry a TORCH

In the Parades, this Campaign?

If not, ILLUMINATE your house and grounds.

Torches, Lanterns, and Candles of all kinds.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

TAXES

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of taxes the

TAX LIST FOR 1896.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth, and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1896, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed on every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the 1st day of May, or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the Tax demanded by this notice, and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes. If a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1896 IS $15.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock a.m. to 3 p.m.

For the convenience of the Tax paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 2 to Oct. 13, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock p. m. Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 16 to Oct. 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

☞ Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1896, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:27; sets, 5:49.
Length of day—12h. 22m.
Moon sets, 12.51 a. m.
Full sea—7:45 a. m.; 8 p. m.
Forecast for New England: Fair; southerly winds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	$7 05
6 30	7 45	6 31	7 53
6 50	8 08	6 40	$7 50
$7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*$7 18	8 02	*8 30	$9 10
*$7 27	8 12	*9 00	$9 40
$7 33	8 50	*9 30	$10 05
7 40	8 53	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 53	10 45	11 58
*8 50	9 49	11 30	$12 07
9 00	10 20	12 00	$12 50
9 40	10 40	*1 00	$1 55
11 00	12 00	*1 15	$1 55
$12 42	12 52	2 00	3 04
$12 16	1 07	*3 00	$3 10
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	$5 32
*$4 00	4 45	4 50	$5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 25
*$5 25	6 15	5 45	7 00
6 33	6 53	6 15	7 51
*$6 24	7 10	*7 30	$8 10
*$7 47	8 30	*8 00	$8 40
$8 45	9 40	10 15	11 25
		11 20	12 25

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
$7 18	8 02	7 15	$8 05
$7 27	8 12	9 00	$10 05
8 45	9 50	10 00	$1 55
$9 10	10 10	3 00	$5 50
$4 25	5 32	7 30	$8 10
$6 58	7 00	8 00	$8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 55
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 40
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 05
12 05	1 27	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 50	3 20	4 29
2 30	3 44	3 40	4 56
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 23	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 03	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 41	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 13
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 25
5 30	6 59	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Leo, fire insurance. Donovan b'd.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

The Y. M. C. A. held their annual outing at Willow Dale yesterday afternoon with a large attendance and a good time.

Auction sale of jewelry every evening at Green's, 88 Merrimack street. You can big bargains. J. F. Murphy, auctioneer.

The firemen and engineer examiners will be in the state inspector's office in Central block all next week, commencing Monday morning.

Autumn excursions Wed., Sat., and Sunday. Steamer Merrimac. 35 cts. round trip. Electric cars leave at 7 and 7.30 a. m. 3 1-2 hours at the beach.

Flaherty's Methods Vacillating.

The Boston Post says: "Frank Erne of Buffalo and Jack Downey of Brooklyn meet in Buffalo before the Empire A. C. on Sept. 20. They are to box 25 rounds. Negotiations were under way for Martin Flaherty to meet Erne, but were dropped when the club learned of the Lowell man's vacillating methods.

Notice to Cotton Mule Spinners.

There will be a general meeting of the Cotton Mule Spinners next Friday evening at 8 o'clock at their hall on Middle street when the election of officers will take place for the ensuing six months; also the election of three delegates to attend the national convention to be held in Boston the second week in October. Per order of the

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A Distinguished Religious.

Very Rev. Mother Vincent and Sister Barbara, of the order of Dominican nuns, are visiting at the St. Michael's convent Seventh street. Mother Vincent is highly gratified at the very successful openings in the schools of the order in Centralville, Charlestown and Watertown. The order has recently been presented with a magnificent country residence which will be used as a convent. The Dominican order will observe the 76th anniversary of its organization in this country in April next.

CYCLING NEWS.

Few really long distant trips on tandems have ever been heard of, but the most notable one on record was that taken in June and July by the Hess brothers, of Lebanon, Pa., who covered exactly 3585 miles on their Crescent tandem, riding from Lebanon to San Francisco. Speaking recently of their journey one of the brothers said:

"We believe that this was the first tandem ever ridden across the continent. It was ridden by us continuously over mountains, deserts and prairies, and arrived at its destination in first-class condition. This was probably the most severe test ever put upon a machine of its description on this continent. We rode 475 miles over railroad ties, tracks and trestle work, besides on strips of corduroy down the Sierra Nevada range of mountains."

The neglige shirt, the X ray sleeves and the linen uniforms, so popular this year, are disappearing from the roads and thoroughfares popular with cyclists. The most sensible and hygienic sweaters are coming to the front again. It is dangerous to leave the sweater at home on the cool nights which are coming upon us.

BASE BALL.

The Urban and Suburban league season has closed and he who said that base ball is dead in Lowell has sought a quiet retreat away from those whom he told that the game was dead.

The league was run this year as an experiment and it proved to be a most successful one. During the progress of the season the weak points of the league and its management, rules, etc., showed themselves, and the experience gained is such as to assure a strictly first-class base ball league next season.

The managers have seen where they were strong and weak. At the outset next year all strong points will be taken into consideration and the weak ones abandoned. The only real drawback to the league this year was the lack of ironclad rules governing the hiring and dismissal of players. I don't believe in barring out of town players from the league, but I do think from this year's experience that when a club engages a player that player should be a member of the club for the season or until finally released by his manager. There was too much swapping about of players. The 15 cent admission scheme was decidedly popular and brought in more money than the 25 cent plan would have brought.

Now Crop Teas.

We have just received several lines of new crop teas, which are very choice. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, No. 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

DYNAMITE SCARE

Causes Much Worry in Old England.

BELL BELIEVED TO BE TYNAN'S MAN.

Doubt as to Extradition of Tynan.

London, Sept. 17.—The consternation and horror of the English people over the revelation of the dynamite conspiracy are more interesting than the latest disclosures of the plot itself. If printers' ink could produce a panic, London would be on the verge of nervous prostration after glancing at the columns of the usually solemn and unemotional public journals of this city. Never before have they so bristled with all the startling devices of sensational journalism. All the newspapers in the country give some indication of the popular sensation which has been created, and which has distracted attention even from the critical horrors of the east, that had raised public sentiment throughout England to a high state of indignation. The sultan, in fact, has to thank Tynan and his fellow conspirators for bringing him some relief in an emergency. The more that is learned about the actions of the four men since their arrival in Europe, the more contemptible they appear. All drank freely, and Tynan was drunk much of the time. It seems absurd that such a monster as he showed himself to be in Boulogne should be able to terrify all England.

Lord Salisbury had a long consultation yesterday, at the foreign office, with Robert Anderson, one of the assistant commissioners of the Metropolitan police, with the result that elaborate preparations are being made at Scotland Yard for the safety of the czar and czarina upon their arrival at Leith on Sept. 21, on their way to visit the queen at Balmoral. Orders have been given that no one shall be allowed upon the landing stage where the Russian imperial party will debark except persons attired in court dress. The landing stage will be guarded by hundreds of police, and the route taken by their majesties will be lined with troops.

Edward Bell, who was arrested at Glasgow on Saturday, was again arraigned in court in that city yesterday, and remitted to London, for which place he started last evening in charge of officers from Scotland Yard. Bell declined to say anything before the magistrate here, and would not even speak to the officers who were guarding him. After he was returned to his cell he continued his cool demeanor and maintained his absolute reticence.

No communication of any sort, with regard to Tynan, the alleged Irish dynamiter, has been received at the United States embassy at Paris.

The Graphic says that it has learned that the real name of Edward Bell, the American arrested at Glasgow for complicity in the dynamite conspiracy, is Ivory. The police regard him as a dupe of Tynan and others.

The Times, in the course of a discussion on the extradition of Tynan, says that there is no doubt that the extradition treaty with France would be retrospective, and could be made to cover the Phoenix Park murders, for which there is a fair chance that extradition would be granted. But The Times expresses doubt whether the treaty would cover the case of a culprit in a fresh dynamite conspiracy.

The Chronicle quotes "a well informed Irish correspondent," who declares that Tynan is not the genuine "No. 1," but only a braggart, who posed as such. He has been in London, declares The Chronicle, within a year. Why was he not arrested then? It is quite unlikely that the foreign office will press very hard for his extradition, as the prosecution he would have might lead to very embarrassing disclosures.

The Chronicle's Paris correspondent says: The fact that Tynan fought against Germany, in 1870, is likely to weigh in his favor with the French authorities.

Could Have Been Prevented.

London, Sept. 17.—The Daily News and The Chronicle reproduce extracts from the contribution to The North American Review by Dr. Cyrus Hamlin, who was a missionary of the American board in Turkey from 1837 to 1880, and who founded the Robert college near Constantinople. Dr. Hamlin's contribution was in the form of an open letter to Senator Sherman, and dealt with the question of protection of Americans in Turkey. An editorial in The Daily News says of the letter that it puts the case in a nutshell. If one of all of the powers, says The Daily News, had stood up to Turkey, there would have been no massacres.

Stirring Up Strife.

Rio de Janeiro, Sept. 17.—The Jacobin party is preparing to inaugurate anew the anti-Italian agitation. It is feared that the army will aid the turbulent faction and that grave conflicts will occur. It is rumored that a revolution is being organized by the Jacobins and the monarchist party and that the Italian question will serve as a base for an insurrection against the government. The authorities are aware of the rumors, and are taking measures to prevent the plans of the agitators from coming to a head.

A Central American Alliance.

Panama, Sept. 17.—The delegates appointed by San Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua met at Amapala to ratify the treaty of Amapala, made some months ago by President Gutierrez, Bonilla and Zelaya at that port. The object of the treaty is a union of the three republics into one, to be called Republica Mayor de Central America. Costa Rica and Guatemala refused to enter the union.

Not Yet Settled.

Rome, Sept. 17.—The Italia publishes an interview with the premier, Marquis Di Rudini, in which he denies the statement given out here, and telegraphed all over the world, that Italy's peace negotiations with Abyssinia have been concluded.

American Capital In Peru.

Lima, Sept. 17.—The corporation of the city of Lima has approved a contract with an American electric lighting and tramway company, to which is accorded valuable concessions to the amount of 70,000 sols per annum.

Great Season For Game.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 17.—Advices from the north country are to the effect that bear, deer, moose and partridge are more plenty than for many years. A great influx of sportsmen is looked for.

The Perfect Pill

Perfect in preparation.
Perfect in operation.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Perfect post-prandial pill.
Perfect for all purposes.

THE PILL THAT WILL

ANGLO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

Might Be the Means of Peacably Settling the Turkish Question.

London, Sept. 17.—The St. James Gazette, in an article commenting upon the indifference of the European powers in regard to the Turkish massacres, proposes the formation of an alliance between the United States and Great Britain, in which Italy might possibly join. Alone among the nations of the earth, The Gazette says, the Americans can understand the impulse driving a free people into war in order to rescue the oppressed. If the three powers mentioned should present a joint demand to the government at Constantinople, it is improbable that any serious employment of force would be necessary.

The Chronicle and Daily News publish many columns of dispatches saying that the European nations are rousing themselves against the sultan, though the semi-official journals are callous to the sufferings of the Christians in the Turkish dominions.

The Chronicle this morning welcomes the suggestion of the St. James Gazette, that a new dreibund, including Great Britain, the United States and Italy, would solve the Armenian problem. The Chronicle looks upon this as a proposal having nothing in common with cynical indifferentism and greatly hopes that it will find an echo in the United States. The Chronicle then proceeds to assert that an American admiral was last year ordered to bombard Yildiz palace, if there was any further massacres of Armenians. These orders, says The Chronicle, were subsequently withdrawn when the Venezuelan dispute came to a head; a signal example of the danger of leaving such disputes to simmer till they boil over at the most disastrous moment. The sooner Lord Salisbury and Mr. Olney can agree to the arbitration of the question, the better it will be for the chance of the union which The St. James Gazette so wisely commends.

Lord Hugh Cecil, son of the Marquis of Salisbury, who has been staying with his father at Walmer, has sent a reply to an invitation to attend an indignation meeting on account of the Armenian atrocities, in which he writes: "Every Englishman must share in the general indignation aroused by the atrocities perpetrated under the infamous government of the sultan. It is most earnestly to be wished that the indignation may now cease to be confined to our country. Unhappily, it would seem that we should be dangerously misleading the Armenians if we made them believe that England alone can save them. Lamentable as it is, it appears to be the fact that there is strictly no hope for them till the feeling abroad, at least, approximates the excitement here. I trust that this may soon happen."

Interesting Case Settled.

Boston, Sept. 17.—A decision was handed down in the United States court of appeals here, sustaining the former court decree on appeals in the case of Edward R. DeLong, et al, vs. the United States. The appellants contended that 13 barrels of frozen fish that they had imported were free of duty. The collector of the port of Boston, however, assessed a duty, and DeLong appealed to the appraisers, who sustained the collector. The United States circuit court also decided that the fish was dutiable, and the verdict of the court of appeals makes the fish liable to duty, although it came in ice.

Old Fighters Meet.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 17.—The reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, which is being celebrated here, is an unqualified success. One of the finest parades ever seen in this city was witnessed yesterday. The public buildings, schoolhouses and residences on the line of march were covered with buntings and flags. Many relics of war and pictures of officers were placed in the store windows. After the parade a business meeting was held, and the following officers were elected: President, General William W. Henry, Burlington; recording secretary, General H. C. King, New York; treasurer, General Samuel Truesdale, New York; corresponding secretary, Dr. C. W. Scott, Boston; vice presidents were elected from the various regiments. Last evening public exercises were held at the Opera House, where addresses of welcome were made by Mayor H. S. Peck and Governor U. A. Woodbury, which were responded to in behalf of the society by the newly elected president. The oration of the day was delivered by Mayor Orlando Smith, M. S. V., of Washington. Captain Jack Crawford, the poet scout, read a poem, and several addresses were made by prominent members of the society.

Firemen In Session.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 17.—The 17th annual convention of the Massachusetts State Firemen's association opened here yesterday, 200 delegates being present. Papers were read by C. J. H. Hotman of Quincy and H. A. Glasier of Malden. The report of the committee on aid fund showed that $7466 had been paid during the year. Other papers by chiefs from about the state were also read.

Sues For Broken Heart.

St. Louis, Sept. 17.—Chris Von Der Ahe, president of the St. Louis Browns, is defendant in a suit filed here yesterday by Miss Annie Kaiser, who asks for $10,000 damages for breach of promise. Recently Mr. Von Der Ahe married Miss Della Wells. When this was announced Miss Kaiser stated that Von Der Ahe promised to marry her, but the time had never been set for the wedding.

Knights Templar at New Bedford.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 17.—Grand commandery, Knights Templar, of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, held its 14th annual conclave yesterday, with Thomas Dalton commandery of this city. The big parade was held at noon, after which dinner was served in Waverly hall. The prize drill was given last evening in the Guards' armory.

New Job For the Essex.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The cruiser Essex, which has been used for several years past as the training ship for the naval apprentices, is about to be converted into a gunship, to replace the Lancaster, as a training ship for seamen gunners. She is ordered to New York, to be fitted with a spardeck for this purpose.

TEXAS AGROUND

Big Battleship Lies Off Newport, R. I.

SHE RAN ASHORE AMIDSHIP YESTERDAY.

Fears For Her Safety in a Storm.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 17.—The battleship Texas, which left the North Atlantic squadron yesterday afternoon for the purpose of getting a supply of torpedoes here, struck a rock while coming into the harbor at 5:50 o'clock, and is hard and fast. She rests on the ground amidships, and resisted all attempts made by the tug Aquidneck to dislodge her. The position of the vessel is a dangerous one, and should a storm set in, it would go hard with her. The place where the vessel struck is almost directly opposite the torpedo station.

The Texas left the North Atlantic squadron after the Massachusetts had left the harbor and joined the other ships. When she reached the harbor, the tide was running out strongly and was at about half ebb. The first warning the officers had of the danger was a slight shock, just forward of amidships. Captain Glass at once ordered the port anchor out. The hook held firmly, and the ship gradually swung broadside on to the beach. She was firm, and could not be moved so as to make the least headway by means of the anchor. The ebbing tide left her a fixture. Captain Glass and Lieutenant Kelley were both on the bridge, and neither supposed the water at that point to be so shallow.

An examination was made at once, and it was decided to send for a tug. With the tide below half ebb, five fathoms of water were found under the bow, and about the same depth under the stern. As the tide fell the bow began to appear above the water. The stern was on a line with the water. All the naval officials who have seen the vessel admit that her position is a dangerous one.

The tug Aquidneck arrived alongside the Texas within half an hour after she struck, and quickly got a line out. The warship, however, proved too heavy for the tug to handle, and was apparently firmly fixed.

The tug was obliged to give up the attempt to float the monster battleship, but will make another attempt later. Several other tugs, and possibly the giant wrecker Right Arm, will assist her.

The Texas is a second class two-turret battleship, of 6315 tons displacement and 9000 horse power. Her speed is 17 knots an hour. She was built in 1889-90, and cost $2,500,000.

A statement was given out late last night by the commander of the Texas, as follows: "The ship slowed down in 15 fathoms of water and stopped in 11 fathoms. A signal was given to back the port engines, but was mistaken in the engine room, and the engines started ahead. Word was sent down to see if the engines were backing, and the word came back, 'yes.' Word was sent back to back both engines at full speed when the mistake was discovered, but before they could be backed the vessel struck on the beach. The port anchor was dropped in 23 feet of water, the vessel drawing 23.8 feet forward. Divers were sent down, and she was found to be resting easily, no rock being under her. The machinist in the engine room is responsible for the affair. It is thought the vessel is not badly damaged."

Maine to the Front.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 17.—Within the past five years the paper and pulp industry in Maine has increased 100 per cent, and is still growing. Maine now ranks third in the production of these materials. The lumber merchant today cannot purchase logs without paying an exorbitant sum, owing to the heavy demand for paper and pulp. Mills for the latter industry are being erected all over the state, several new ones having been built this season, and many are now in process of construction.

Naval Vessels' Movements.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The Monterey has arrived at San Francisco, the Boston at Che-Foo and the Dolphin at Wood's Holl. Admiral Bunce's squadron has sailed from Fisher's Island for Tompkinsville. The ships will spend three days at sea on the way drilling. The Texas has gone to Newport to receive her outfit of torpedoes.

Charged With Murder.

Cleveland, Sept. 17.—James Keenan, a musician, is under arrest at police headquarters, on charges preferred by his common law wife. She alleges that Keenan, two years ago, killed Anna King, 22 years old, who was an inmate of a disreputable house in Buffalo, and then fled from the city. Keenan refuses to talk upon the subject.

Baseball.

At Baltimore—Boston, 8; Baltimore, 6.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 1.
At Washington—Washington, 11; Brooklyn, 2.
At New York—Philadelphia, 6; New York, 2.
At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 11; Pittsburg, 0. Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 0.

Run Down a Schooner.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 17.—Steamer Reading of Philadelphia, which arrived here yesterday, was libelled in the sum of $18,000 by the owners of the schooner James Dyer, which was run down and sunk off Gay Head on Sunday. United States Marshal Campbell placed a keeper on board.

Carriage Company Goes Under.

Amesbury, Mass., Sept. 17.—The Amesbury Carriage company, one of the principal business firms here, assigned yesterday, with liabilities of $60,000. The company, which has salesrooms in Boston, has recently met with heavy losses.

An Old Man's Suicide.

Haverhill, Mass., Sept. 17.—In East Paris yesterday some boys found the body of Hiram Lake, aged 70, hanging from a tree in the woods, he having committed suicide. He had been missing since Tuesday morning.

Of Interest to Women.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 17.—The 24th congress of the Association for the Advancement of Women opened in this city yesterday. President Julia Ward Howe delivered the opening address. A paper on "housekeeping as a profession," by Mrs. L. F. Kennard of Brookline, Mass., was discussed. Papers on "the bicycle as a factor in modern life," "literature the precursor of reform" and "value of early habit of observation of nature of women" were also discussed.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Judge R. F. Crowell of Washington died at Westboro, Mass.

Mrs. Mary Maloon committed suicide at Laconia, N. H., by hanging.

French and British residents of Constantinople say they are in danger.

Boston tobacco importers expect no further supplies of tobacco from Cuba.

James M. Ashley, ex-congressman, and territorial governor of Montana, died at Toledo.

Rev. Lewis Noyes, formerly connected with the Little Wanderers' home, Boston, is dead.

A shipment of $2,500,000 in gold from the Bank of France to New York will be made this week.

Arthur Garrett, 24 years old, employed by the Consolidated road, was run over by a freight train at Providence.

Rev. Otis S. Danforth, pastor of the Garden Street Methodist church, Lawrence, Mass., died at Clayton, N. Y.

Special agents of the treasury department are making their annual examination of the custom house accounts.

The Kurtz & Buhrer Foundry company, Chicago, assigned. Assets are placed at $60,000 and liabilities $30,000.

J. M. Hall, well known in railroad circles, accidentally killed himself at Allegheny, Pa., while cleaning his revolver.

The treasury yesterday lost $43,200 in gold coin, and $10,500 in gold bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve $114,133,460.

The bell buoy at Pollock Rip Slue, Vineyard sound, which was reported to have been dragged from the proper position, has been replaced on its station.

Kearney and Haines, the two alleged Irish dynamiters, were interrogated by the chief of police at Rotterdam yesterday. Both prisoners refused to answer any of the questions put to them.

Ethelred Is Safe.

Newport News, Va., Sept. 17.—The British steamer Ethelred, which should have reached Boston six days ago, was towed to the Newport News shipyard yesterday, in a disabled condition, by the tug Little Nell of Norfolk. The Ethelred left Port Antonio, Jamaica, for Boston on Sept. 4, with a cargo of fruit. When off the Georgia coast she encountered a severe gale, and for several days she was at the mercy of the tempest. Her steering gear became out of order and her engines disabled. She was finally picked up by a tramp steamer, which afterward turned out to be a tug. Captain Hopkins, master of the Ethelred, says the gale was one of the most terrific he ever encountered. "I found it nedessary to jettison my cargo," he said, "and our delay has caused all of the fruit to spoil. A large portion of the cargo was thrown overboard after the vessel reached here." The Ethelred is of 681 tons burden, and carries a crew of 16. She has been in the fruit carrying trade between Boston and Jamaica for several years.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Member of Republican State Committee Got Discouraged.

Wellesley, Mass., Sept. 17.—Herbert F. Plympton, chairman of the executive committee of the Republican state central committee, committed suicide yesterday afternoon, in his father's house at Wellesley Hills, by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. Mr. Plympton was about 31 years old. He had been actively at work in the interests of the campaign for the past month, and yesterday morning appeared as bright as usual. This was the second year that Mr. Plympton had served the Republican party in an official position, and his ability as a manager was recognized by the leaders of the party. He was agent for an insurance company, and had a large business. He leaves a wife and two children.

FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Great Games and Athletic Events Coming to Lowell.

One week from Saturday the greatest athletic event ever held in Lowell will take place at the Fair grounds when the Burke Athletic club will hold the New England annual amateur championship games under its auspices.

The meeting will open at 2 o'clock and there will be fifteen events all told, as follows: 100 yards run, 220 yards run, 440 yards run, 880 yards run, one mile run, one mile walk, two mile safety bicycle (amateur), pole vault for height, running high jump, running broad jump, throwing 16 pound hammer, throwing 56-pound weight for distance, putting 16-pound shot, 120 yards hurdle (10 flights, 3 feet, 6 inches high), and 220 yards hurdle (10 flights, 2 feet, 6 inches high.)

A gold medal, emblematic of the championship of New England, will be awarded the winner in each event, a silver medal to the second and a bronze medal to the third.

They will be on exhibition in Boston, Worcester and lastly in this city.

The president of the Burke Athletic club has received a letter from B. J. Wefers, in which the latter says he does not think he will be able to attend the meet.

It is quite probable that Tom Burke of Boston, the champion quarter-mile runner of the world, will be present and in the games. Tom is in fine shape, as he showed at his meet in New York when he defeated Wefers in the great quarter-mile, and will form a great attraction. The track will be in fine shape this time and good work may be expected.

THE SILVER LEAGUE

Has Another Wrangle Which Results in Nothing.

The Silver League had a wrangle last night on the endorsement of Harrington for congress.

Mr. J. J. Delaney brought the question up and Mr. O'Connell seconded it as did several others.

James J. Dacey, William Cogger and Mr. Kinsella who opposed Mr. Harrington in the caucuses, opposed this motion and after a wrangle the meeting adjourned without action.

Mr. O'Connell said he was done with a silver league that would not endorse a silver candidate.

Marriage Intentions.

There was only one intention recorded at the city clerk's office today. It was Joseph C. Woodhend 32, to Hannah McGuinness 28.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

IN CENTRALVILLE

Two September Weddings Took Place Yesterday.

CONTRACTING PARTIES ARE VERY WELL KNOWN.

A Beautiful Display of Wedding Presents.

Mr. John H. McGuinness and Miss Sadie Brammer were united in wedlock at St. Michael's parochial residence yesterday afternoon by Rev. John J. Gilday, acting pastor of the church. Mr. James F. McGuinness, brother of the groom, was best man, and the bridesmaid was Miss Annie Brammer a sister of the bride. After the ceremony the bridal party received friends at the home of the bride's parents, 14 Albion street.

The bride was attired in a beautiful gown of white crepe de chene silk with lace and pearl trimmings and carried bride's roses.

The bridesmaid's dress was of pink china silk and lace trimmings. After the reception at the house, Mr. and Mrs. McGuinness left on a bridal trip to New York and Bridgeport, Conn. Upon their return they will reside at 14 Albion street.

The groom is a well known young resident of this city and for years has been identified with the Burke Temperance institute, having served several terms as its president. He and his young bride start out in life under most favorable auspices and attended by the kind wishes of their many acquaintances for a happy and prosperous married life.

The many elegant presents received by the young couple testified to the esteem in which they are held.

Members of the Burke Temperance Institute sent a handsome sideboard and a dining room table. The gift of Mr. and Mrs. James McGuinness was an oak chamber set. Mrs. Brammer gave a set of silver and a commode set. The other presents were: A large mirror from John Ryan and the Misses Ryan of Littleton; hall stand, Messrs. Callahan and Riley; antique oak set from the mother and brother of the groom; marble clock, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Murphy; handsome umbrella stand, Mr. John P. Farley; beautiful gold chair, the McNabb family; mirror from Misses Greenhall, Kerrigan and Hansbury; set of spoons, Miss Margaret Blackburn; set of pictures, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Oldfield; dinner set, Mrs. Wallace and family; lemonade set, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Boyers; dinner set, Mr. and Mrs. John Blackburn; water set, Miss Annie Murphy; clock, Master James Blackburn; salad dish, Mrs. McNeil; butter dish, Mrs. John O'Connell; rugs, Mrs. John McNabb; sets of table linen were received from Miss Kate E. Riley of Marblehead and Sarah O'Loughlin; several nice rockers were sent by Mrs. Thomas McNabb and family, James E. Donnelly, Misses Annie and Sarah Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Liston and Mr. and Mrs. John McNabb and Mrs. J. J. Donnelly gave several handsome pictures.

Heaps-Callahan.

Another marriage in which two young residents of Centralville were the contracting parties was solemnized at St. Michael's parochial residence yesterday afternoon. At 4 o'clock Rev. John J. Gilday united in the bonds of matrimony Mr. Henry J. Heaps and Miss Catherine T. Callahan.

Mr. Wm. F. Clark was best man and Miss Jennie Heaps, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid. The groom is a member of the Lowell Military band, and last evening the band serenaded the young couple at their beautiful home, 2 Blinkhorn avenue. He is also one of the G. A. R. quartet and for several years has been connected with the lands and buildings department.

At the reception which Mr. and Mrs. Heaps gave last evening many of their friends called to offer congratulations. All left substantial proof of their regard for the groom and the bride in the shape of some very pretty wedding gifts. Mrs. Margaret Heaps gave a range, and an oak dining room table was received from Bernard Callahan. A mammoth lamp of beautiful design was received from the groom's associates in the Lowell Military band.

There were also dining room chairs from Misses Mary A. and Mary E. Callahan; large lamp, Mr. and Mrs. George McLaughlin; handsome parlor table, Mr. William Clark; shoe box, James P. Larkin; umbrella stand, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Heaps; picture, Miss R. E. Kelly; smoking set, Miss O'Toole; pictures, Mr. and Mrs. James Furlong; silver spoons, Mrs. Joseph Clark; bon bon spoons, J. Dexter; berry spoons, Miss B. Maxwell; silver castors, Mrs. Coleman; silver knives and spoons, Mary J. Callahan; table linen Mary Callahan; linen, Lizzie Murphy; table linen, Annie McGann, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Shields, Mr. and Mrs. Peter L. Furlong, Miss Mary Lynch, Miss J. Maguire; rugs, J. J. Gaynor and Mrs. William Plunkett; hand painted plaque, Miss Blanche Dexter; commode set, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pollard; glassware, Annie O'Toole; dinner set, Miss N. A. Maxwell; fruit basket, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Murphy; glass dishes, Miss Kate Riley; statuary, Miss Maggie Kerrigan; picture and easel, Smith family; pictures, Mary A. Shields, Patrick Callahan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Devno, Miss Maggie Riley, Miss Maggie Doherty and Misses McBride, McGinness and Dolan; set of dishes, Miss McGann; bon bon set,

Dopp-Hardy.

At the home of the bride's parents, No. 59 Cambridge street, Miss Florence M. Hardy and Mr. James W. Dopp were yesterday united in matrimony by Rev. Dr. J. M. Greene. The happy couple left immediately after the ceremony for northern New York, where they will spend their honeymoon at Mr. Dopp's former home. Miss Harriet M. Hartford was bridesmaid and Mr. Amos L. Taylor of Franklin, N. H., was best man.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Pendergast; fruit knives, Miss Kate Shano; fruit basket, M. J., and Miss Burns; barrel of flour, Thos. Maguire.

Conry-Gorham.

The marriage of William E. Conry, the popular manager of the local office of the Postal Telegraph Co., and Miss Agnes Gorham, and estimable young lady of Cambridge, and formerly of Portland, Me., occurred at Fr. Scully's church in the University City on Wednesday last. After the ceremony the happy couple proceeded to the fashionable summer resorts among the New Hampshire hills, where they enjoyed their honeymoon. Mr. and Mrs. Conry have taken up their residence on Tyler street and have the best wishes of their many friends.

Stevenson-Stacey.

The marriage of Harry W. Stevenson and Miss Gertrude A. Stacey occurred last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Stacey, 6 Varnum avenue. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. M. Dick of the First Congregational church and the happy couple were attended by Miss Nellie McDavitt and Mr. John Boyd.

Among those present were Mrs. G. L. Stevenson, mother of the groom, from Clinton, Me.; Miss Harriet Berry of Portland, Me.; Mr. Fred B. Stacey of Columbia hall, Lebanon Springs. A collation was served by the D. L. Page company.

Late in the evening Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson started on a tour which will last two weeks, and will be confined to Maine.

First class job printing at this office.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

Every Jacket, Reefer, Cape, Wrapper, Skirt and Shirt Waist

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE

8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everything regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.

Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3 will go at 98c.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.

Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 69c. and 98c.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain.
A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

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AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

THIS WEEK.

30,000 yards of Remnants of All Wool Kersey in browns, tans, blacks and red. All Wool Cheviot Cloaking in black. All Wool Broadcloths heavy weight in brown, black, red and tans—All 1½ yards wide pure wool and at the bargain

PRICE OF 69c. PER YARD.

Just the goods for Fall Garments, Capes, Overcoats, etc., and worth on the piece from $1.50 to $2.00 per yard, all at the same price of 69c. only.

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Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 66-5.

WRIGHT & REMILLARD

Late employed at Mrs. C. Cote, dressmaker, as first hands, announce to the public that they opened Dressmaking Rooms at No. 336 Suffolk street, Coffey's Block. They promise first class satisfaction to their customers.
Lizzie Wright. Corinne Remillard.